

# THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 109.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1900.

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The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, and then occurred a discussion respecting the seats for the new Helana building. The firm from whom they were bought had not filled the order correctly, and as there were a few rear seats needed to complete the fitting up of some of the departments, the clerk will have the matter straightened out at once.

The following bills were O. K'd. by those members interested and on motion ordered paid:

Eagle Hardware, supplies.....	\$69 42
Western Union, telegraphing..	86
J. H. Simms, printing.....	19 50
Watson & Sloan, hardware....	1 40
Diamond Hardware .....	6 65
Ohio Valley Gas Co.....	6 40
American Book Co., books....	12 60
J. L. Engle .....	12 00
F. S. Albright .....	8 70

The clerk reported that four bids had been received from local dealers for supplying coal to the outlying buildings. Robert Moore's bid of 10½ cents per bushel was the lowest, and the contract was awarded to him.

In case of a shortage of gas or for other reasons, coal would be needed at any of the city buildings Mr. Moore will supply it at 2 cents less than the market price.

Work on the Helana building is almost completed, only a few finishing touches remain to be attended to by the contractors, and it was decided at last night's meeting that the new school should be opened on Monday morning, October 29.

Member Smith devoted a great deal of time to the construction of this building, and the result has been that the city has in the Helana school one of the most modern and best equipped buildings to be found anywhere.

## FOUND IT HERE.

A New Waterford Horseman Located  
His Horse And Buggy In  
This City.

On Friday morning of last week a stranger called at the Mitchell House, New Waterford, secured a horse and buggy, representing that he wished to drive a short distance south of town and that he would be back Saturday evening. Saturday evening came, but no return of rig or tidings. By Sunday morning it began to look as though something was wrong, and at once the telephone was put to use in

view of finding the horse and buggy. Late Sunday night it was located at a livery barn in this city.

Chief Thompson was notified, with instructions to secure the missing property and arrest the man if found. But the fellow must have got wind that he was being looked after, hence steered clear of any possibility of being taken in. Monday morning Mr. Mitchell, accompanied by Gene May, came to this city, found and satisfactorily identified the property and took it back home.

## OFF THE TRACK.

A STREET CAR LEFT THE TRACK  
NEAR THE BALL GROUND.

It Was Stopped Within Four Feet of  
the Bank, But the Passengers  
Were Frightened.

Street car No. 12, in charge of Motorman Gus Brandenburg, jumped the track yesterday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock near the West End ball park. Brandenburg was on his way to Wellsville, and according to people who saw the accident, was not running any faster than usual. A piece of barrel head was laying on the track, and when the car struck it, left the rails and ran the car's length before it could be brought to a standstill.

The car was within about four feet of going over the embankment into the ball park.

Passengers to the number of 10 were on the car, and although none were injured, they were badly frightened and well shaken up.

The accident caused a transfer for one hour. The motorman was in no way responsible for the accident.

## LOST FOUR.

The Population of the City Went the  
Wrong Way Yesterday.

The following movings were yesterday shipped from the freight depot: James Saxton, to Salineville; Mrs. H. Davis, to Sharpsburg; Mrs. Charles Frey, to Homestead. The household goods of Rev. B. M. Carson were today shipped to Urbana, O.

## Tearing Down the Building.

Work has been started tearing down the building on the Anderson property on Market street. The property was recently purchased by the Bell Telephone company.

## They Had a Fight.

A fight between a colored and a white man on Second street last night resulted in the colored man being badly done up. No arrests were made.

## Feather Factory.

W. E. Patton arrived in the city last night and will soon open a feather and hair mattress factory on Second street.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mrs. Robert Cox, of Steubenville, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and is the guest of her son, Geo. S. Cox, Robinson street.

—Mrs. Thomas Shaw returned to her home in New Brighton yesterday afternoon after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Moon, May street.

—H. Stack, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. Livingstone, left yesterday afternoon for a visit at Cleveland.

—Miss Josephine Rinehart, the music teacher, who has been spending several weeks' vacation at Uniontown and Waynesburg, Pa., has returned to her home with Rev. Gladden.

## GOVERNOR GEO. K. NASH

And Ex-Attorney General J. K.  
Richardson at Wellsville  
Saturday Night.

## REPUBLICANS WIDE AWAKE

Rough Riders and Marching Clubs  
From All Adjacent Towns  
to Be Present.

## EAST LIVERPOOL IS ON DECK

Wellsville Republicans met last night and organized with a large membership of enthusiastic workers. Governor Nash is to speak in our sister town on Saturday night next, October 20. Other prominent speakers will be in attendance. No trouble or expense will be spared in making the affair a complete success. The right kind of hustlers have charge of the matter.

Special trains have been provided for, and delegations are expected from Beaver, Rochester, Monaca, Freedom, New Brighton and all intermediate points, while Steubenville, Toronto and other points down the river will add their quota.

Salineville, on the main line, will also be well represented.

From the interior towns will come bands of Rough Riders. Arrangements will be made for brass bands, and patriotic selections will awake the echoes as Old Glory shall be proudly flung to the breeze.

A delegation will wait upon the Republican committee of East Liverpool on next Thursday night, and a special invitation will be extended to our residents and citizens to assist in the Wellsville jubilee.

Every Republican who can possibly do so should take in this meeting and give Governor Nash a royal send off. Don't forget to take your Democrat neighbor with you, as there are plenty of Democrats in this neck of woods who will not vote for William Jennings Bryan and his very dangerous silver policy.

Ex-Attorney General Richardson is an eloquent platform orator, and you will find it a genuine pleasure to listen to him.

Our local Republican executive committee should see to it that every effort shall be made to assist our Wellsville brethren in their reception of Governor Nash and Mr. Richardson. The time has arrived for a long pull and a strong pull and a pull altogether.

After the meeting the railroad men were requested to remain and a sound money league was organized by the employes of the Pennsylvania company.

## HE WAS FINED.

John Blackmore Exhibited a Revolver  
and Began Firing Promiscuously.

John Blackmore was fined \$1 and costs in the court of Squire McLane this morning on a charge preferred by Constable Miller.

On Oct. 8 Blackmore exhibited a revolver in Summit Lane and began firing promiscuously. This is what caused his arrest.



# OUR "DEAR BOY" LETTERS--NO 10

His Father Gives "Dear Boy Some Pointers In the Political Game.

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The Old Gentleman Has a Little Story to Tell About Raising Corn

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My Dear Boy—I want you to do a little work in politics before election. I want you not only to vote right, but to get two or three others to vote right. I know that your friend Morgan says that politicians are all corrupt, and that, if a man wants to turn out a grand rascal, all he has to do is to mix into politics. But, my boy, there are two kinds of political workers. A little true story will show you what I mean:

In 1848, Martin Van Buren failed to get the Democratic nomination for the presidency. He and his friends bolted the ticket and he accepted the nomination of the Free Soil party. His brilliant son, John Van Buren, went up into Massachusetts to make some Free Soil speeches for his father. Now with Prince John, as he was called, politics was a game. He had no real, fixed, political principles. And it was a revelation to him when he got into Massachusetts and found men like Garrison, Higginson, John Brown and others, of pure character and lofty ideals, whose very lives were laid on the altar in the cause of freedom. When he came back from his trip he met a friend in New York and the following conversation took place:

"Hello, John; where have you been?"

"Up in Massachusetts making Free Soil speeches for father."

"Did you find many Free Soilers up there?"

"Yes, and, d—n it, they believe it, too."

My boy, this nation's safety depends largely upon the political work of men who work because in their very heart of hearts they believe that their political principles are founded in truth and righteousness. That is the kind of worker I want you to be. Don't get down to anything mean or tricky, but work because you believe that the Republican position is right, and that the election of McKinley and Roosevelt will be for the good of the nation and the good of the world.

Now I will tell you what I want you to do. I want you first to go down and see Barney Crogan. They have been stuffing him with the statement that the Republican party is the rich man's party and that the Democratic party is the poor man's party. He sees the rich men and great corporations growing richer and they have told him that whenever a rich man grows richer it is at some poor man's expense. They have told him that the Republican policy makes "the rich richer and the poor poorer."

I want you to go down and tell him that when a farmer raises a thousand bushels of corn, the farmer is richer and no man is the poorer, but some poor man will get the job of cutting that corn and be the better off. Tell him that when a man digs a thousand dollars' worth of gold out of the ground he is richer, but nobody is poorer. Show him that there is such a thing as a natural increase of the world's wealth which benefits all. Tell him that in this country, whenever the rich are doing the best the poor are doing the best; that when coal opera-

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YOUR FATHER.

"Mr. Bryan says the Republican party 'puts the dollar before the man,' and we take him to mean what he says. The Republican administration in the last four years has put more dollars before the man than he has ever saw before, and the best part of it is that when we put that dollar before the man there is 100 cents in the dollar. One-fifth of the world's gold today is in the United States."—Binger Hermann.

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One of the most important features connected with neuropathy is the fact that it effects permanent cures. There are many citizens now residing in East Liverpool who years ago were patients of Dr. Larkins, and who will gladly testify that they were cured through the instrumentality of neuropathy, and that the cure was a lasting one. And this is true respecting almost all kinds of diseases. A number of tumors have been removed by the skillful hands of our townsman, without the use of knife or medicine, and the delighted patients, many of whom now reside in this city, will testify that the tumors never returned. The tumors are acted upon and commence to disappear as soon as pressure is made upon the tissues governing their growth.

Dr. Larkins has an extensive practice in East Liverpool and the surrounding country. Such is the power and efficacy of neuropathy, that he does not find it necessary to administer medicine of any kind in one case out of every ten under his care.

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Then, pointing to a column which contained a very eulogistic biographical notice of himself, he exclaimed, "Kindly read that," and when Gambetta, who read English with the utmost facility, had, in compliance with the request, cast his eye over the page in question, General Read rose from his chair, and with a bow to Gambetta pointed to himself, exclaiming in tones of pardonable pride, "C'est moi."

Then, and not until then, did he extend his hand to the great tribune, who, having meanwhile risen from his chair, expressed his pleasure at making the acquaintance of so distinguished an officer, who had rendered such valuable services to the United States.

Gambetta informed me that in the whole of his long experience of public life he had never known a man to introduce himself in so delightfully original a manner.—Critic.

### Leisure Class.

Lord Sayvan-De Livrus—Ah, but your leisure class in this country have no titles.

Miss Sharpe—Nonsense! What's the matter with "hobo," "Weary Willie," "Dusty Roads," and so on?—Philadelphia Press.

## TWELFTH ANNUAL PITTSBURGH EXPOSITION

Opens Sept. 5, Closes Oct. 20.

MUSIC BY THE  
World's Greatest Bands.

THE FAMOUS BANDA ROSSA,  
Italy's Greatest Musical Organization.  
Sept. 5th to 15th.

Emil Paur, with the New York  
Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra,  
Sept. 17th to 22d.

SOUSA BAND  
DIRECT FROM PARIS.  
Sept. 24th to 29th, and Oct. 15th to 20th.

Damrosch's New York  
Symphony Orchestra,  
Walter Damrosch, Conductor.  
50 pieces. Oct. 1st to 13th.

NEW ATTRACTIONS.  
JIM KEY, THE MARVELLOUS  
EDUCATED HORSE.

THE MEXICAN VILLAGE.  
A DAY IN THE ALPS.  
THE CRYSTAL MAZE.

Philadelphia Commercial Museum,  
Special Exhibit of the products of  
the entire World.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.  
One Fare for the Round Trip on  
all Railroads.

## Rupture or Hernia Cured

No operations or injections, no pain or discomfort in any way, no steel springs or iron frames, no wooden, ivory or hard rubber balls, cups, punches or plugs used. Not the least distress or annoyance.

Our Outfit for the CURE OF RUPTURE OR HERNIA is made of fine soft materials, such as felt, velvet, chamolais skins and elastic webs. It fits like a glove and can harm you no more. IT HOLDS your intestines back in their natural position and the wound WILL HEAL like any other wound when it has a chance. THE ONLY WAY TO CURE is to hold the intestines in or back all the time, until the wound becomes grown together. Your Rupture CAN NOT BE CURED in any other way. We have had 25 years constant and hard experience in treating RUPTURES and this OUTFIT is the RESULT. Men, women and children made COMFORTABLE by using this OUTFIT.

Prices reasonable and in accordance with the case. IF INTERESTED, please write for particulars, which we will mail you FREE.

Address,  
Mohawk Remedy Co.  
Rome, N. Y.

### MOHAWK CATARRH CURE.

Cheapest and Best.  
Cures Catarrh in from 3 to 10 days.  
Cures Cold in the Head, 5 to 15 minutes.  
Cures Headache, 1 to 5 minutes.  
Securely packed with full instruction. By mail, POSTAGE PAID, 25c.

Try it and you will be more than pleased with the investment. Your money sent back if you are dissatisfied. "Stamps taken."  
Mohawk Remedy Co.,  
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## He Loves Me—?

The dainty flower oracle may tell her true or false, but some day the prince will come and she'll dream the dear dream of home life and motherhood. In that dream she will see herself always happy, always with a smile for the husband and a kiss for the baby. What a pity to wake from such a dream,—to almost loathe her husband and hate her child, because cruel pain has blighted her body and warped her mind. How many a woman has had this sad awakening from her dreams of home and love! There's help and healing for every woman who suffers from womanly diseases, caused by girlish ignorance, wifely neglect or the strain of maternity. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It heals diseases of the delicate organs,



practically does away with the pains of maternity and gives the nursing mother vigor and vitality.

"Two years ago," writes Mrs. Kattie Auliker, of 754 Pat Street, Alliance, Ohio, "I used two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and in April a nice baby was born, before the doctor came. I was not very sick. Baby is now fourteen months old and weighs 30 pounds. Before commencing Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I had to vomit every day but after I got the medicine, from the first spoonful that I took, I stopped vomiting. It is a God-send for women."

When a laxative is needed, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets with "Favorite Prescription."

## These Cold Nights

You will sleep the sleep of the just and not wear that weary look in the morning if you take to bed with you one of our all rubber

## Hot Water Bottles

If you have a stiff neck, or pain in the back or side, lie on the bottle—if it bursts we will give you a new one. Goodyear Rubber company made them and we know they are right and well worth more than we ask for them. See one that we sell for \$1 00 at

## Bert Ansley's PHARMACY,

## Livery and Sales Stables

The finest rigs and best roadsters to be had in East Liverpool. Try our rubber tire rigs.

## H. S. Rinehart,

Cor. Seventh and Jackson Streets,

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## RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the  
Celebrated Air Cushion  
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Lord Sayvan-De Livrus—Ah, but your leisure class in this country have no titles.

Miss Sharpe—Nonsense! What's the matter with "hobo," "Weary Willie," "Dusty Roads," and so on?—Philadelphia Press.

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NEW ATTRACTIONS. JIM KEY, THE MARVELLOUS EDUCATED HORSE.

THE MEXICAN VILLAGE.

A DAY IN THE ALPS. THE CRYSTAL MAZE.

Philadelphia Commercial Museum, Special Exhibit of the products of the entire World.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS. One Fare for the Round Trip on all Railroads.

## Rupture or Hernia Cured

No operations or injections, no pain or discomfort in any way, no steel springs or iron frames, no wooden, ivory or hard rubber balls, cups, punches or plugs used. Not the least of sickness or annoyance.

Our Outfit for the CURE OF RUPTURE OR HERNIA is made of the soft materials, such as felt, velvet, chamolins skins and elastic webs. It fits like a glove and can harm you no more. IT HOLDS your intestines back in their natural position and the wound WILL HEAL like any other wound when it has a chance. THE ONLY WAY to CURE is to hold the intestines in or back all the time, until the wound becomes grown together. Your Rupture CAN NOT BE CURED in any other way. We have had 25 years constant and hard experience in treating RUPTURES and this OUTFIT is the RESULT. Men, women and children made COMFORTABLE by using this OUTFIT.

Prices reasonable and in accordance with the case. IF INTERESTED, please write for particulars, which we will mail you FREE. Address,

Mohawk Remedy Co. Rome, N. Y.

## MOHAWK CATARRH CURE.

Cheapest and Best. Cures Catarrh in from 3 to 10 days. Cures Cold in the Head, 5 to 15 minutes. Cures Headache, 1 to 5 minutes. Securely packed with full instruction. By mail, POSTAGE PAID, 25c.

Try it and you will be more than pleased with the investment. Your money sent back if you are dissatisfied. "Stamps taken." Mohawk Remedy Co. Rome, N. Y.

## He Loves Me—?

The dainty flower oracle may tell her true or false, but some day the prince will come and she'll dream the dear dream of home life and motherhood. In that dream she will see herself always happy, always with a smile for the husband and a kiss for the baby. What a pity to wake from such a dream,—to almost loathe her husband and hate her child, because cruel pain has blighted her body and warped her mind. How many a woman has had this sad awakening from her dreams of home and love! There's help and healing for every woman who suffers from womanly diseases, caused by girlish ignorance, wifely neglect or the strain of maternity. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It heals diseases of the delicate organs,



practically does away with the pains of maternity and gives the nursing mother vigor and vitality.

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When a laxative is needed, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets with "Favorite Prescription."

## These Cold Nights

You will sleep the sleep of the just and not wear that weary look in the morning if you take to bed with you one of our all rubber

## Hot Water Bottles

If you have a stiff neck, or pain in the back or side, lie on the bottle—if it bursts we will give you a new one. Goodyear Rubber company made them and we know they are right and well worth more than we ask for them. See one that we sell for \$1 00 at

## Bert Ansley's PHARMACY,

## Livery and Sales Stables

The finest rigs and best roadsters to be had in East Liverpool. Try our rubber tire rigs.

## H. S. Rinehart,

Cor. Seventh and Jackson Streets.

East Liverpool, O.

## RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.



# OUR "DEAR BOY" LETTERS--NO 10

His Father Gives "Dear Boy Some  
Pointers In the Political  
Game.

## THE FARMER AND HIS CORN

The Old Gentleman Has a Little  
Story to Tell About Rais-  
ing Corn

## AND SOMETHING ABOUT GOLD

My Dear Boy—I want you to do a little work in politics before election. I want you not only to vote right, but to get two or three others to vote right. I know that your friend Morgan says that politicians are all corrupt, and that, if a man wants to turn out a grand rascal, all he has to do is to mix into politics. But, my boy, there are two kinds of political workers. A little true story will show you what I mean:

In 1848, Martin Van Buren failed to get the Democratic nomination for the presidency. He and his friends bolted the ticket and he accepted the nomination of the Free Soil party. His brilliant son, John Van Buren, went up into Massachusetts to make some Free Soil speeches for his father. Now with Prince John, as he was called, politics was a game. He had no real, fixed, political principles. And it was a revelation to him when he got into Massachusetts and found men like Garrison, Higginson, John Brown and others, of pure character and lofty ideals, whose very lives were laid on the altar in the cause of freedom. When he came back from his trip he met a friend in New York and the following conversation took place:

"Hello, John; where have you been?"

"Up in Massachusetts making Free Soil speeches for father."

"Did you find many Free Soilers up there?"

"Yes, and, d—n it, they believe it, too."

"My boy, this nation's safety depends largely upon the political work of men who work because in their very heart of hearts they believe that their political principles are founded in truth and righteousness. That is the kind of worker I want you to be. Don't get down to anything mean or tricky, but work because you believe that the Republican position is right, and that the election of McKinley and Roosevelt will be for the good of the nation and the good of the world."

Now I will tell you what I want you to do. I want you first to go down and see Barney Crogan. They have been stuffing him with the statement that the Republican party is the rich man's party and that the Democratic party is the poor man's party. He sees the rich men and great corporations growing richer and they have told him that whenever a rich man grows richer it is at some poor man's expense. They have told him that the Republican policy makes "the rich richer and the poor poorer."

I want you to go down and tell him that when a farmer raises a thousand bushels of corn, the farmer is richer and no man is the poorer, but some poor man will get the job of cutting that corn and be the better off. Tell him that when a man digs a thousand dollars' worth of gold out of the ground he is richer, but nobody is poorer. Show him that there is such a thing as a natural increase of the world's wealth which benefits all. Tell him that in this country, whenever the rich are doing the best the poor are doing the best; that when coal opera-

tors make money mines have more work and better pay; that when railroads and manufacturers are making money labor is most abundant and receives its highest reward. Tell him that the Republican party is the party of the whole people, rich and poor alike. Tell him that we do not believe in arraying one class against another, but that all classes should work together for the common weal. And then, point him to the results of McKinley's administration as proof of what you say. And keep poking the truth at him until he sees it and promises to vote for McKinley.

Then go and see Will Barton. A Democrat neighbor is trying to get him to trade on a part of the ticket. Tell Will that this is not the year for a Republican to monkey with his ticket. He will get it tangled up and twisted until his ballot will not be counted if he is not careful. There is too much at stake this year. Tell him to let his Democratic friend vote as he will, but that this is the year for straight Republican votes. Do this, my boy, and then vote right yourself, and when the news of victory comes you can cheer with a vim and rejoice that you have a share in the glory.

YOUR FATHER.

"Mr. Bryan says the Republican party 'puts the dollar before the man,' and we take him to mean what he says. The Republican administration in the last four years has put more dollars before the man than he has ever saw before, and the best part of it is that when we put that dollar before the man there is 100 cents in the dollar. One-fifth of the world's gold today is in the United States."—Binger Hermann.

## NOT ALL PLEASURE.

Fred Headley Met With an Accident  
While in Pittsburg Last  
Saturday.

Fred Headley met with a painful accident while in Pittsburg on Saturday last.

He was riding on a street car and standing on the platform, when the car struck a curve and he was caught between the car and a wagon standing between the curb and the car track. His right leg was caught and crushed from the hip to the ankle.

He will be unable to work for several weeks.

## OVERLOADED WAGONS.

They Do Their Share Toward Keeping  
the City Streets from Being  
Kept Clean.

The practice of overloading wagons helps to keep the city streets dirty. Yesterday a wagon loaded with paste board boxes went out West Market and in less than a block three boxes fell on the street.

Wagons hauling waste paper are overloaded, and in the wake of almost every one of them is strewn paper. There ought to be some way to stop it.

## PIPE ORGAN.

The Interior of the One at the First  
Presbyterian Church Will be  
Rebuilt.

The pipe organ at the First Presbyterian church will be extensively repaired. The organ has not been working right for some time, and the interior of it will be thoroughly overhauled and rebuilt at once.

The work will be done by J. A. Dahlstedt, of Pittsburg, one of the best pipe organ workmen in the country.

Excursion to Columbus via Pennsylv-  
ania Lines.

Tuesday, October 16, and Wednesday, October 17, for meeting of Grand Commandery, Knights Templar of Ohio, excursion tickets will be sold to Columbus via Pennsylvania lines, good returning until Friday, October 19.

## THE NEW SYSTEM.

YOU CAN BE CURED AND NOT USE  
MEDICINE.

This Will be Very Welcome Tidings  
to the Afflicted in This  
Section.

Doubters may assert that this news is too good to be true. But when indisputable evidence demonstrates the fact that this is a plain statement of truth, all doubt will cease and men, women and children of East Liverpool and the surrounding country will have cause for rejoicing.

Very many now delighted and cheerful patients of Dr. Larkins will testify that he cures pain and suffering almost instantly without the use of medicine.

One gentleman, suffering excruciating pain from an attack of cramps in the bowels, visited Dr. Larkins. The patient had been in this condition for several days. The physician placed his left hand over the splanchnic nerve in the back, and gave firm pressure upon that point for the period of about three minutes, at the expiration of which time the patient ceased to suffer and the pain did not return.

One of the most important features connected with neuropathy is the fact that it effects permanent cures. There are many citizens now residing in East Liverpool who years ago were patients of Dr. Larkins, and who will gladly testify that they were cured through the instrumentality of neuropathy, and that the cure was a lasting one. And this is true respecting almost all kinds of diseases. A number of tumors have been removed by the skillful hands of our townsman, without the use of knife or medicine, and the delighted patients, many of whom now reside in this city, will testify that the tumors never returned. The tumors are acted upon and commence to disappear as soon as pressure is made upon the tissues governing their growth.

Dr. Larkins has an extensive practice in East Liverpool and the surrounding country. Such is the power and efficacy of neuropathy, that he does not find it necessary to administer medicine of any kind in one case out of every ten under his care.

Dr. Larkins' office is located on the second floor of the First National bank building, Washington street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

## ONE ARREST.

Henry DeTemple Used Profane Language And Chief Thompson Run Him In.

Henry DeTemple was brought to the mayor's office this morning and when he left he was just \$9 60 out, but then he had the experience of facing Bellaire, and five years he separated fane language.

Sunday evening DeTemple stood in front of the Standard livery on Seventh street and was very disorderly, while the language he used is not found in any dictionary.

Chief Thompson told DeTemple that he was wanted, and in order that he might find the place, the chief went with him to city hall, where Mayor Davidson dealt with him as stated above.

## Water Consumer's Notice.

All Water Rents are due and payable semi-annually, April and October of each year, at the Water Works office, 144 Fourth street. October rent is due. Ten per cent saved if paid during October.

J. W. GIPNER,  
Secretary.

Excursion to Louisville, Ky., via Penn-  
sylvania Lines.

October 15th to 19th, inclusive, for the Horse Show, excursion tickets will be sold to Louisville, Ky., via Pennsylvania lines, good returning until Saturday, Oct. 20.

## A Unique Introduction.

One day when calling upon Gambetta I found him vastly amused over a visit which he had received a few minutes previously from the late General Meredith Read, who for a number of years was United States envoy at Athens.

Then general, who until that time had been a perfect stranger to the great French statesman, had entered the latter's presence, carrying in his hand a volume entitled "Men of the Time," or some work of the kind. This he opened, without saying a word, and laid on Gambetta's desk before attempting to greet him or to explain the purpose of his call.

Then, pointing to a column which contained a very eulogistic biographical notice of himself, he exclaimed, "Kindly read that," and when Gambetta, who read English with the utmost facility, had, in compliance with the request, cast his eye over the page in question, General Read rose from his chair, and with a bow to Gambetta pointed to himself, exclaiming in tones of pardonable pride, "C'est moi."

Then, and not until then, did he extend his hand to the great tribune, who, having meanwhile risen from his chair, expressed his pleasure at making the acquaintance of so distinguished an officer, who had rendered such valuable services to the United States.

Gambetta informed me that in the whole of his long experience of public life he had never known a man to introduce himself in so delightfully original a manner.—Critic.

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Rubber Stamps.



## BILL BRYAN ATTACKS LABOR'S

Wages, and the Democratic Platform Threatens Wages In All American

### HOME PROTECTED INDUSTRIES

An Intimation That Bryan Is Following the Example of Satan Himself

### IN HIS USE OF QUOTATIONS

Calamity Howler Bryan, manipulator of exploded bogies, entitled "imperialism," "militarism," and, later on, "trusts," believes that the workingmen of the nation can be fooled by pretty rounded sentences and assumptions of piety on his part. Read how he tried to dodge the pernicious free trade doctrine of 1894. Then read very carefully, toilers of Columbiana county, and especially of East Liverpool, how this foe of labor and good wages would take off every dollar of protective tariff if he were made president, and if he could possibly do so:

When Bryan gets an idea on the brain there is no stopping him. Starting out as a rank free trader in 1894, when told his policy would destroy the American rate of wages, he replied by flaunting over the head of his printed speech the proverb:

"Better is little righteousness than great revenues without right."

Surely workingmen must think of the devil quoting scripture when told they must come down in their wages and accept poverty in the name of right.

With equal fanaticism Bryan says now, the first thing he would like to do as president would be "to take every dollar off protective tariff on the product of mills in trusts."

Here is the open threat to sweep away all protection from nine-tenths of the protected manufacturers of the country, for all that number are large corporations.

The Bryan cut would be destructive to wages in the steel, iron, glass, tin plate, oil, paint, lumber, sugar, paper and other leading industries.

Bryan's threat is backed by the Democratic platform in all its ruinous radicalism. It pledges that "our tariff laws be amended by placing the products of trusts on the free list."

There is a recipe for hard times. No discrimination between corporations, but absolute stripping of protection from all, even where a combination has reduced prices to the consumer.

The man who burned his barn to get rid of the rats was not half so reckless as is Bryan, who would endanger the wages of millions of employees in order to be revenged on a few thousand employers for opposing his ambition to be president.

Beware of Bryan. His destruction of American wages and industry would be worse than the wreckage caused by the proverbial bull in the china shop.

### THE POPULAR VOTE

There Are Peculiar Ways And Means of Counting And Considering This Vote.

News Review readers, when your Democratic neighbor talks about the popular vote, quote the following to him and see him beat a retreat:

"I hear some Democrats talking about the great popular vote which Bryan is going to get. Although McKinley had nearly 600,000 more votes than Bryan last year, there are some

who think that Bryan may capture the popular vote this year. This is because possibly there will be reduced majorities for McKinley in great states like New York and Pennsylvania, and some others where the majority is sure, but where the apathy of the campaign will not get out the full vote. This popular vote matter considered from a Democratic standpoint is rather peculiar. It might be well to remember that in 11 states the Republican vote is not allowed to be cast, and is not counted. For instance, they have already chalked up 250,000 in Texas, 100,000 in Georgia, 80,000 in Mississippi, and so on through the list of states where the colored man is not allowed to vote unless he votes the Democratic ticket. In cases of this kind it is pretty easy to work up a large popular vote for the Democratic candidate. WALLACE SEELEY."

### UNNATURALIZED.

One Poll Taken Had a Prominent Citizen Placed in This Column.

During the last state campaign in this city polls were taken of the city. One man hired a party to do the work for him, and when it was completed he began looking over the books. He found several mistakes, but to cap the climax he discovered the name of a prominent man who had been born and raised in this city, listed as "unnaturalized."

It is needless to say that poll was taken over.

### CIGARETTE CRUSADE

In Columbiana They Suspend School Boys Who Use the Deadly Things.

Superintendent Trescott, of the Columbiana schools, with the consent of the board of education in that place, has made a ruling that boys must not smoke cigarettes on their way to or from school, under penalty of suspension. Four boys have already been suspended and more suspensions will probably follow.

This is a good way to break up the practice and is meeting with the hearty approbation of the citizens of Columbiana.

### Y. M. C. A. Delegates Entertained.

Philadelphia, Oct. 16.—The 1,200 delegates to the railroad department of the Y. M. C. A. conference, the sessions of which closed Sunday, were the guests of the Pennsylvania railway on an excursion to Atlantic City.

### Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 16. — Lower cables, bearish news and statistics gave a weak wheat market Monday, December closing 1 1/4c under Saturday. Corn closed 1/4c lower and oats unchanged. Provisions at the close were practically unchanged.

### Brooklyn Won First Game.

Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—The first game for the world's championship and Chronicle-Telegraph trophy, Monday, resulted: Pittsburg, 2; Brooklyn, 5. Batteries, Waddell and Zimmer; McGinnity and McGuire. Umpires, Hurst and Swarwood.

### NOT THE ONLY ONE.

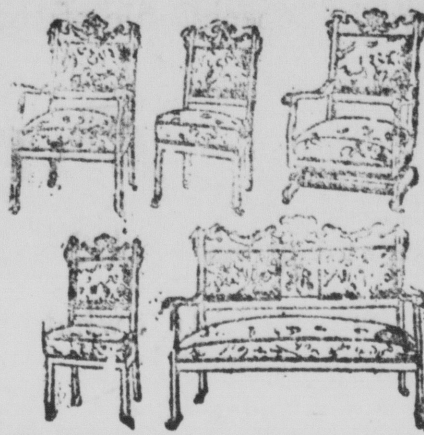
There Are Hundreds of East Liverpool People Similarly Situated.

Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of East Liverpool residents? After you have read the following quietly answer the question:

Mr. Geo. Mount, of 165 Fourth street, teamster and dealer in coal, says: "For three years I had attacks of kidney complaint, some of them laying me up for two or three weeks at a time. The symptoms were pain in the back, particularly severe when stooping or moving around. Physicians called it lumbago, and advised by friends to use Doan's Kidney Pills I procured two boxes at the W. & W. pharmacy. They cured me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents, Foster-Milburn & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.



The best way to fit up

## A PARLOR

is to have a Suit for a nucleus and fill out with odd pieces.

We're showing a nice suit in our large window.

**THE S. G. HARD CO.**  
THE BIG STORE  
CASH OR CREDIT

### TAYLOR IS ACCUSED.

Arthur Goebel Said Youtsey Told Him the Governor.

### FINALLY DECIDED GOEBEL'S DOOM.

He Let the Howards and Combs Into Room, From Which Shooting Occurred, and Gave Them Cartridges—Sick Man's Bed Drawn to Court Room Door.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 16.—The trial of Henry E. Youtsey, charged with being a principal in the killing of Governor Goebel, was resumed, although Youtsey was reported in the same condition as last week. His room door was opened and his bed pulled up in plain view and hearing of the jury, and while the witnesses were being examined Youtsey could be heard calling his wife's name in a hollow moaning voice and could be seen to be sitting on his bed.

The feature of the day was the testimony of Arthur Goebel, brother of the dead governor. He told of going to the jail the day Youtsey was arrested, and then said:

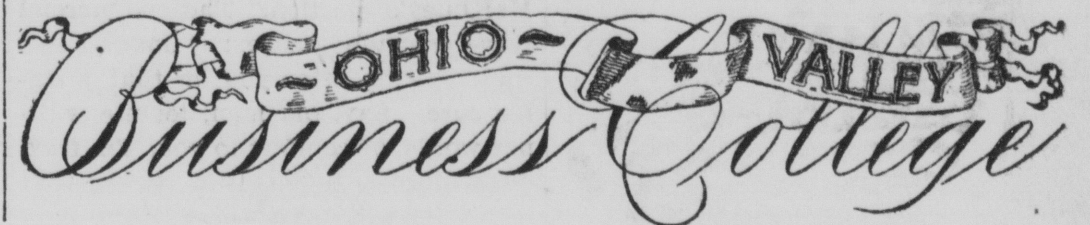
"I put my left hand on Mr. Youtsey's right shoulder and said, 'Mr. Youtsey, Colonel Campbell has just returned and told me what you have said to him, and I have come over to have you tell me what you have told him, to tell me whether it is true, and to ask you a few other questions.' Mr. Youtsey said, 'Yes, Mr. Goebel, what I have told Colonel Campbell is true.'"

"I then said to Youtsey, 'Now, I would like to have you tell me about getting the key on Monday morning from Powers, and about Dick Combs, and about going to see Taylor and also about going to see Taylor on Tuesday morning and where you got the cartridges.' Youtsey proceeded and said, 'Just as I told Colonel Campbell. I had a talk with Dick Combs on Monday morning, and he told me that he was ready to do the shooting, and I went to Caleb Powers for the key to his office, and he told me to go to John Powers. I went to John Powers, and John Powers gave me the key. I went to Governor Taylor and told him that Dick Combs was ready to do the shooting. Governor Taylor said, 'You ought not to come to see me about this. I have been expecting this to be done for some time, but I object to having a negro to do it. It is too dangerous a piece of work. Combs may be a spy and he may betray us.' Youtsey hesitated and I said, 'Very well, what did you do next?'"

"Youtsey said, 'I left Governor Taylor and on Tuesday morning I went back to him and said, 'The man to do the shooting is now here.'"

"I interrupted Youtsey and said, 'You have told Colonel Campbell the name of that man and that is one reason why I came over here to see you. Now if you know that much you can also give me the name of the man, and Mr. Youtsey said, 'Well, I told him Jim Howard was here; that I thought he got here Monday night.'"

"I asked, 'What else did Taylor say?' Youtsey said, 'Governor Taylor walked up and down the floor and said, 'Youtsey, what do you think? If Goebel is killed, do you think I could hold my office?' He discussed that matter, talking to me back and forth, and I said to him I thought if Goebel was put out of the way that the contest would be settled, and that he could hold his office.' Finally I said to him, as Governor Taylor hesitated still, 'It is up to you to decide now finally whether it is to be done or not,' and after some more hesitation, Youtsey stated that Taylor said finally, 'Well, tell them to go ahead. If it is necessary I can pardon him and he will be safe enough.' Youtsey then stopped and I asked, 'What did you do



Has an excellent corps of teachers, each a specialist in his line. Individual instruction in all branches. ACTUAL BUSINESS Bookkeeping, Banking, Corporation, etc.; Shorthand, Typewriting, (Touch System) Penmanship and Common Branches. Enter at the opening of the term, Sept. 4, 1900.

J. H. WEAVER, M. S.,  
President.

F. T. WEAVER, B. C. S.,  
Secretary and Business Manager.

### WANTED.

WANTED—An unfurnished room, centrally located. Address "W. H.," post-office.

WANTED—First-class plumbers. Geo. Sands, Builders Exchange, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; no washing; good wages. Mrs. E. H. Sebring, 276 Sixth street.

AGENTS WANTED—For "Galveston: The Horrors of a Stricken City," by Murat Halstead—a fearful tale of a beautiful city swept into the sea. Demand enormous. Splendid book. Only \$1.50. Agents selling from 10 to 100 daily, and clearing from \$6 to \$75 daily. A bonanza for agents. Only endorsed book. Freight paid. Credit given. Outfits free. Send six two-cent stamps for postage. Big commissions. Send for outfit and territory today. The Dominion Company, Department, A, Chicago.

### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Four-room house with basement, situated on Calcutta road, near residence of J. T. Smith. Inquire at Anderson's dairy or P. O. box 371.

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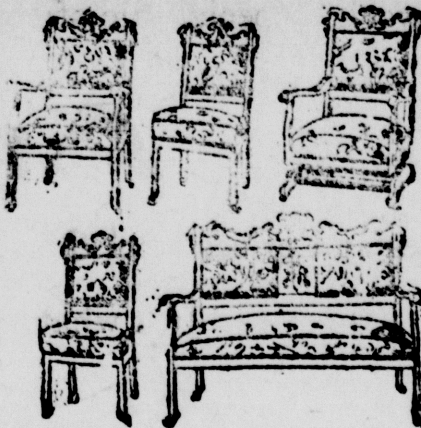
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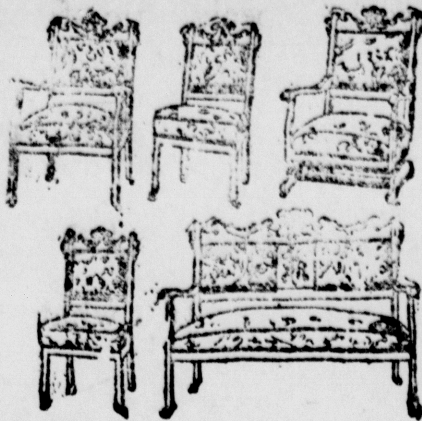
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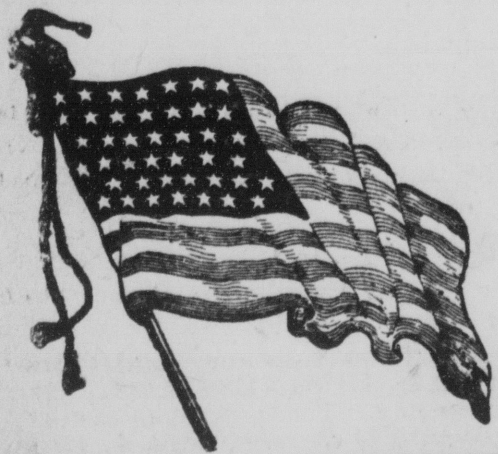
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For President.

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For Vice President.

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### STATE.

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Supreme Judge,  
**JOHN A. SHAUCK,**  
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**JOS. E. BLACKBURN,**  
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of Knox.

Public Works Board,  
**CHAS. A. GODDARD,**  
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### COUNTY.

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Coroner,

**JOHN L. STRAUGHN.**  
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**W. K. GEORGE.**  
Infirmary Director,  
**T. O. KELLY.**

## BRYAN ON GOLD STANDARD.

"If there is any one who believes the gold standard is a good thing, or that it must be maintained, I warn him not to cast his vote for me, because I promise him it will not be maintained in this country longer than I am able to get rid of it."

This language was used by Hon. William Jennings Bryan in a speech at Knoxville, Tenn., on September 16, 1896.

### OLD GLORY.

McKinley is a flag flyer. Bryan is a flag furler. Take your choice.

### LABOR STRIKES.

Marcus A. Hanna endeavors to have them settled by arbitration. The Democracy encourages strikes.

### TOO TOUGH.

There are some good Democrats on earth, especially in Ohio. The Democratic committee at Zanesville cancelled an engagement with Anarchist Altgeld.

### BRYAN AS A FILIPINO.

William Jennings Bryan is absolutely and heartily despised by our gallant officers and men doing hard and stern duty under Old Glory in the Phil-

ippines. William Jennings Bryan is admired by Aguinaldo and his bushwhackers and bolo assassins. A nice figure as a presidential aspirant is Calamity Howler Bill.

### BIG DOLLARS.

Bryan, the Calamity Howler, crying out that the Republican leaders are now endeavoring to buy the coming election. Laughable, isn't it, when it is estimated that the Democracy of New York city will spend at least two million dollars in that city in the endeavor to buy the state of New York for Billy Silver Jennings Bryan.

### HE TRAVELS.

He wanted to place an order with a well known firm in East Liverpool. The local business man said: "You can place that order immediately after McKinley's election." The commercial traveler made answer: "Good. I like that. I'll be after you on that promise sure. Say, old man, let me whisper words of comfort to you. I'm traveling all over the states. Bryan isn't in it. He will get a worse lickin' than he did in 1896." And we believe that the traveler has the matter down pat.

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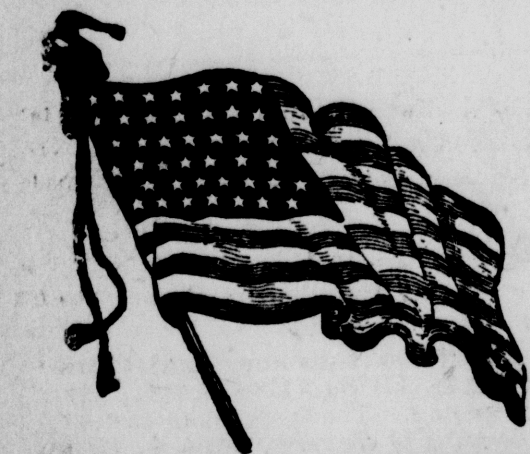
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# SUBURBAN NEWS.

## EAST END.

### ONE SCHOOL BOY

Who Annoyed Other Pupils on Their Way to and from School Will Call on Mayor Davidson.

A small boy named Pinkerton has been annoying children on their way to and from school. He chases the little girls and makes himself offensive to the boys. Complaint has been filed with the mayor by Mr. Salyers and Officer Hamilton will attend to the case.

The Pinkerton boy does not attend school regularly and the East End authorities think the truant officer should also take a hand in the case.

### TIRED OF WAITING.

East End Residents Think That Station Should be Completed Soon.

The East End residents are growing very tired waiting for that new station and are now of the opinion that it will never be built.

The residents have used the store room of Ed McKinnon as a waiting room for more than 10 years, but now he has a sign up: "This is no depot."

The residents want that station and want it badly and propose to use every influence at their command to have it completed. Several years ago the company agreed to build and Frank Chambers secured two pieces of land for them, but they took neither.

### FOR FIGHTING.

Two East End Young Men Donated \$6 60 Each to the City Coffers.

The sequel to that East End quarrel Saturday night appeared last evening when Officer Hamilton arrested Jim Kelly, Reed McClure and Claude Hendricks. The trio were taken before Mayor Davidson and McClure and Kelly pleaded guilty to a charge of fighting and were assessed \$6 60 each.

Hendricks proved that he was simply acting as a peacemaker and he was discharged without a fine.

Potters' sponges. E. E. Pharmacy.

### Home from Kentucky.

Jeff Burchett returned yesterday from Kentucky, where he has been on business. Mrs. Burchett will remain in Kentucky for several weeks.

### Not So Well Today.

The little Lawson child that was struck by a street car Saturday is not so well today, although her condition is not considered serious.

### Made a Purchase.

M. O. Harrison has purchased the five and ten cent store on Mulberry street.

U-need-a chest protector these cold nights and mornings. We have 'em for 50c and 75c. E. E. Pharmacy.

### Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Alabaugh and daughter, Miss Alice, have returned from a trip to Pittsburgh.

### The Too Liberal Use of Salt.

Salt draws the juices from beef in cooking, toughens the fiber, makes it very indigestible and less nutritious. On cucumbers it draws out the water, toughens the fiber and renders them very indigestible. Salt acts in exactly the same way on fish as on meat. There are two ways of considering these changes. I would hardly say that salt destroys the food value, although it robs the flesh of part of its food value by making it less digestible. —Mrs. S. T. Rorer in Ladies' Home Journal.

## SOUTH SIDE.

### ROMEO FREER.

The Talented And Eloquent Orator Will Address the Chester Citizens.

The Hon. Romeo Freer will speak at Rosk Springs park on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Mr. Freer is as popular with the West Virginia Republicans as Nathan Goff, and is the ideal of the party. He is a member of congress from the third West Virginia district, is an ex-judge and is at present a candidate for attorney general of the state.

### MANAGER TAYLOR

Says the Machinery at the Taylor, Lee & Smith Pottery is Perfectly Satisfactory.

Will L. Taylor, manager of the Taylor, Lee & Smith pottery, states that the machinery at the pottery is working perfectly satisfactory, and while changes have been made in the slip house, it was not due to the fault of the machinery.

### Saved a Whipping.

Two small boys indulged in a fight at the Chester school yesterday, and were promised a whipping this morning. The mother of one of the boys took her son out of school and the other was chastised.

### Population Increasing.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Garren, Chester, a son.

### Southside Notes.

Mrs. Nancy Pugh, an aged lady of Gas Valley, returned home yesterday after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Rose.

A heater will shortly be placed in the new Methodist Episcopal church. George Arner is in Pittsburg today on business.

### TURN ON YOUR BACK.

When Exhausted Swimming, Face Upward and You Will Drift Ashore.

A guest at my summer place a few miles from Pablo while bathing was carried out to sea, and when almost out of sight and all hope had fled, to our surprise, we suddenly saw his body impelled forcibly toward us. Then we saw it recede a few feet, and then again, as it were, shoot 20 feet toward the shore. This continued until my son and myself, at last able to reach him, bore him insensible to the beach.

After recovery his story was that after losing all hope, guided by some mysterious impulse, he had turned upon his back, when he felt himself carried rapidly forward. He had then turned over upon his face to get his bearings, when he was carried out farther from the land, and on again placing himself upon his back the surface waves brought him rapidly to the shore, a rescued man.

It is an error that the drowning man is attacked by cramp except in very cold weather. He drowns from heart failure, induced by the violent exertion and the upward pressure of the water upon the abdomen diminishing the space and impeding the action of the heart. By turning over on the back this pressure is removed, the back being almost entirely a strong wall of bone and muscle; also when on the back the entire body is nearer the surface, and the surface waves tend toward the shore, the undercurrent out to sea, even the legs when upon the back being less exposed to the current that tends toward the sea. By floating gently upon the back the heart, relieved of its pressure, becomes calm and quiet, and the swimmer can regain his strength and float for hours. The bather whose heart is weak should always present, when standing erect, the right side of the body to the waves and thus avoid the Sullivanlike blows of the incoming waves upon a crippled heart. In every bathhouse should be posted the injunction, "In case of exhaustion or accident turn upon the back." —Jacksonville Metropolis.

## CHINESE MECHANICAL SKILL

A Wonderful Example of Imitative Excellence.

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A Wonderful Example of Imitative Excellence.

Whatever may be his lack of moral perception and originality of idea, the heathen Chinese certainly excels in imitative power, and is often very much alive to the excellence of mechanical devices that he never saw before. In The American Machinist Oberlin Smith affords an illustration of this fact.

Some years ago Mr. Smith sent Henry A. Janvier to China to assist in the erection and operation of coining plants for brass and silver currency. One of the tools which Mr. Janvier took with him was a micrometer caliper, made by a well known firm in the United States, and capable of detecting differences of a thousandth of an inch in the thickness of a piece of metal. The superintendent of one of the shops which Mr. Janvier established was named Wai, and he proved a very intelligent fellow. During an interval of about six weeks he borrowed the caliper almost daily, and was rather tardy in returning it.

Finally he exhibited to the American a reproduction of the instrument which was perfect except in one respect. Certain tables of figures stamped into the steel by the Yankee maker of the original were omitted from the copy, and in their place were several Chinese characters. The imitation had been made with the rudest of tools, but was a marvel of accuracy. Mr. Wai proposed an exchange to Mr. Janvier, and the latter agreed to the proposition. —New York Tribune.

### "Ze Flavour De'cat."

At one of his famous little dinners a prominent professional man of Washington was greatly pleased with the salad, as were also his guests. Evidently it was partly meat and partly vegetable, but the flavor was new, distinct and undeterminable. This was so faint that one guest declared "It's not a taste at all, only a smell."

At length some one suggested that the chef be asked for the recipe, upon which the host remarked:

"My man greatly dislikes being asked for recipes. On this occasion, however, his vanity may overcome him if we tell how greatly we have enjoyed the dinner, and the salad in particular. At any rate, we'll see."

The Frenchman soon appeared, and was visibly affected, not to say elated, by the compliments.

"Eet gif me gret plaisir," he said, "to tell how I mak ze sal-lad. Eet ver' seemle. I haf ze laitue 'range ready; an I haf ze meat chop ver' fine an dry; ze celeri I haf chop ver' fine; an I haf ze pomme de terre, ze patate, an stan a leetle an dry; zen I mix zem up. Zen I mak' ze dresseeng mayonnaise; madame, she know, I haf all ver' col' ready as ze feesh ees serf. Zen as ze sal-lad ees to serf, I tak' une tete d'ail, pardonnez moi, one leetle cloaf of ze garleek an neeble him in ze mouth, so, an breathe gentle, ver' gentle, on ze sal-lad. Zat gif eet ze daveur de'cat." —What to Eat.

### Absorbs All Knowledge.

Farming has this peculiarity, that it can absorb and supply all knowledge. Not one of the sciences but is related, or may be related, to agriculture. Botany, rightly understood, is the art of growing better potatoes, beans and corn. Entomology is that economic science that discusses what bugs are of use to man and what are injurious. Geology is an analysis of the soils and rocks that underlie the soils for the purpose of making them more available for human warfare. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### Didn't Need Credit.

"You've sent your boy to college, I hear," remarked the neighbor. "Well, I hope he will acquit himself with credit."

"He won't need to, begosh!" said Mr. Gaswell, somewhat irritated. "I'm able to supply him with the cash right straight along." —Chicago Tribune.

Not very many of the people from this city who attended the Alvin theater, Pittsburg, on Saturday night realized that the building in which the theater is located was on fire during the greater part of the performance.

LOST OR STOLEN—A lemon and white Pointer dog of medium size. A suitable reward will be given by returning same to I. N. Crable, 273 East Market street.

## ELIJAH W. HILL,

### Real Estate Dealer,

Second Floor Grand Building, Corner Sixth and Washington, EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

DO YOU WISH TO BUY OR SELL REAL ESTATE? If so, consult us.

We have the facilities for accommodating you. Having made real estate dealing a specialty for some time, we have become established in the business. Every day brings us new business and nearly every day sees a deal consummated. Our volume of business grows out of the reasonableness of our charges. We never speculate on other peoples' property. The price set by the owner is the price the purchaser pays. We do not conduct our business on the "get rich quick" plan. Our patrons appreciate this and show it by sending us other patrons. Owners of property who desire to sell the same will do well to place it on our sale list. Those intending to purchase property will do well to consult us before buying.

In all of our business we take care of the interests of both owner and purchaser. We are neither for the one or the other. Justice between both parties is what we seek.

Owners who want a quick sale and will offer a genuine bargain can be accommodated at all times by us. Purchasers, who want a bargain, can take advantage of these offers if they will let us know that they are in the market for such.

Those who have but little money, say from \$50 to \$100, can buy a home from us at any time, the balance being paid on installments at the rate of \$1 monthly to the \$100 of indebtedness, which pays both interest and principal, with privilege of paying faster. The large assortment of properties we have constantly on sale enables us to usually suit you.

DO YOU WISH FIRE INSURANCE? This is another branch of our business. We represent ten different companies, all of high standard. We insure dwellings, barns, mercantile buildings, factories, merchandise, household goods, etc. We write at regular rates. We think it unfair to give what is known as "cut rates." As a basis for dwelling rates, we would say that a frame, slate roof building which stands unexposed by other buildings for the space of 25 feet on all sides, will cost you 35 cents per \$100 insurance for one year; 70 cents per \$100 for three years; or, \$1 per \$100 for five years. This applies to household goods as well. Household goods are just as valuable, proportionately to you as the house is to its owner, and we often wonder why so many owners of household goods let themselves be exposed to loss, and often lose them when insurance rates are so reasonable.

BONDS, STOCKS AND INVESTMENTS we also handle. We can sell you local stocks, bonds and investments, and also corporation, bank and railroad stocks and bonds. Not much business in this line has developed here yet, but by your co-operation with us, either as a buyer or seller, will be all that is necessary to develop such.

HOUSE RENTING as a business is what East Liverpool has needed for some time. In our renting department, you find such and every day is adding to its utility. If you have any properties to rent place them with us and see if it does not profit you.

All kinds of notarial work executed, such as acknowledgements, writing of wills, deeds, mortgages, contracts and agreements. We also procure marriage licenses.

Loaning of money on real estate is another feature of our business. We negotiate loans for a reasonable charge, the rate of interest depending on the class of security and amount wanted. Those who have money to put out should avail themselves of our facilities for doing this kind of business. No charges to the lender.

To the public we extend free of charge our services in the way of supplying information of a general nature concerning our city and vicinity. We try to have at all times just what you want to know.

We open this week a free bureau for the accommodation of those who are seeking houses to rent and landlords who are seeking tenants. We are constantly besieged with applications for houses for rent. To this end we invite all owners of rentable houses in the city or vicinity to let us know when they want or will want a tenant. If they will do so we will refer inquirers to them, making no charge whatever, either to applicant or owner. Landlords by doing this need never have a house empty for more than a day.

In the above we have endeavored to give you the general nature of the business in which we engage. We ask but a continuance of the patronage of the past, and, as then, we will endeavor to render you honest, accurate and valuable service.

## Want Anything?

in mill or mining supplies? Get our prices— Then we'll get your order— Why? Well, simply that's the way of things— Been so for years. It will pay you to get our prices. No matter how much or how little you require.

FRIGK & LINDSAY CO.  
202, 204 Wood Street,  
Pittsburg, Pa.

ALL THE NEWS in the  
NEWS REVIEW.

**PILES** Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props. Cleveland, Ohio. For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

## MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "Life Savers" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1 per box by mail. Sold by druggists. MOTT CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

**BONDS! BONDS!** First-class coupon Bonds are better for investment than Real Estate Mortgages. They are safe, convenient and pay good interest. I offer at the present time Macbeth-Evans Glass Company \$5 Bonds, Tri-State Gas Company \$5 Bonds, National Glass Company \$5 Bonds and Cleveland Water Company \$5 Bonds at prices netting the investor from \$5 to \$6. Write for particulars. ROBERT C. HALL, Member Pittsburg Stock Exchange, 231 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. Long Distance Telephone, 314.



# ROOSEVELT IN OHIO.

He Will Proceed on His Tour Today.

MANY KENTUCKIANS HEARD HIM.

Large Crowd Was Present at the Meeting in Covington—Rumored Threatened Interference Did Not Occur—Spoke Also in Other Blue Grass State Places.

Covington, Ky., Oct. 16.—Addressing one of the largest crowds that has ever assembled in this city to listen to a candidate for public office, Governor Theodore Roosevelt closed his campaign in Kentucky, and today will proceed on his tour of Ohio. Long before the governor's arrival here Court House square, in which the speaker's stand had been erected and decorated, was congested with men and women anxious to hear him. The governor was given the most respectful attention during his speech, and he was interrupted frequently with applause or by persons who made friendly comments upon the various salient points of his address. Before reaching Covington Colonel Roosevelt spoke at Lexington, where Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge and Judge Durham, both ex-Confederate officers, put the crowd in the best of humor in jointly introducing the governor. Then at Winchester and next at Mt. Sterling other large crowds greeted the arrival of the train, providing parades. Morehead, Ashland, Greenup, South Portsmouth, Vanceburg and Maysville, in successive order, paid tribute to the governor's popularity in Kentucky, and the crowd which gathered at the depot here betrayed no diminution of desire to see him.

Roosevelt Was Not Afraid.

Early in the day Leslie Combs, chairman of the Republican state committee, had received dispatches from Covington, informing him that leaders here were apprehensive that an organized effort would be made to break up last night's meeting. Mr. Combs hurriedly transmitted his information to the governor, whereat the latter smiled broadly and assured the chairman that there could be no possible danger of serious interruption of his tour in Kentucky. To insure absolute tranquility and to provide against any display of hostility, Chief of Police Pugh and the sheriff of this county doubled their forces. All such precautions, however, proved to be unnecessary.

The governor's speech was brief, and at its conclusion the audience was addressed by Colonel Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, who made an appeal for the exercise of the rights of civil liberty and the preservation of the sanctity of the ballot box.

After the speaking Governor Roosevelt was escorted by the First Voters' club, of Cincinnati, to the Grand hotel, in that city, where an informal reception was held, and where he will remain until this morning, when he will enter upon his itinerary in Ohio.

In his speech Governor Roosevelt said:

"I address you not as Republicans only, for I appeal to every Democrat who values the principles of Jefferson and of Andrew Jackson, just as I appeal to every Republican who is loyal to the principles of Lincoln to stand with us in a contest which is for the fundamental rights of American citizenship and for the interests and greatness of the country.

"I wish to appeal to you men of Kentucky in the name of civil liberty. I regard the currency as an important issue; I regard our prosperity as an important issue; but more important than anything else is the right of every man to cast his vote as he chooses and to have it counted as cast. We can afford to differ on questions of policy, but we cannot afford to differ on the fundamental rights of American citizenship. In the state of Kentucky every man is in honor bound to stand up and see that there is no condoning of the offenses of those who violate the will of the people. There should be favoritism for none and discrimination against none. I wish on this point to appeal not only to Republicans, not only to gold Democrats, not only to those silver Democrats who from high and conscientious motives are with us in this contest, but I want to appeal to the misguided men who have upheld the other side in the wrong that they have done, men who are misled by the shibboleth of a party name, who are told, as I heard a Democratic candidate for congress say the other day, 'I am for the Democracy; I will do anything that is right and I will do anything that is wrong to help the party.'"

Democrats Now Explaining.

"We have reached a stage in the campaign when our opponents are en-

gaged in busily explaining either their actions or their words. Mr. Jones, the chairman of the Bryanite Democracy, has just been explaining that he is not connected with trusts, because the cotton bale trust is not a trust. Of course, using the word in its technical sense, here is no trust in the country. The sugar trust and the Standard Oil trust are not technically trusts at all, but simply great corporations. So the cotton bale trust is in the same sense of the word not a trust, but a corporation. But of course also this is all mere quibbling. Using the word in the popular sense, as we generally do use it, all these corporations are trusts. It is sheer hypocrisy to speak of the steel trust, the sugar trust and the Standard Oil trust, and then to deny that the cotton bale trust, the ice trust and the whisky trust combine in the same category.

"On Saturday last, in Ohio, Mr. Bryan tried to defend himself for what he had said about our army, answering my criticisms. He first of all stated that I had changed my position since my Detroit speech, which is simply not so. I stand precisely where I stood then, and Mr. Bryan either knows this or ought to know it. Our regular army is infinitesimal in size compared with the population, and even Mr. Bryan ought not to be afraid of the 86-100 of a regular soldier for every thousand of our people. In the next place, Mr. Bryan sought refuge

in saying that the army bill had been amended. It is of course idle to quibble about amendments. The present law is what he was speaking of and what I was speaking of. At present we have an army of 100,000 men, 65,000 of whom are regulars, and it was concerning this army that Mr. Bryan spoke when he stated that the object of getting it was to terrorize the laboring men when they make just demands, by placing it in forts in great cities. It is impossible to stigmatize too strongly such a statement. It does not contain a scintilla of truth; it has not a particle of foundation; it can only appeal to the thoroughly base and unworthy passions. The bill was voted for by the great majority of the patriotic Democrats of both houses. Does Mr. Bryan mean to imply that these Democrats, in so voting, headed by Senator Cockrell, were actuated by the purpose to put the army in forts near great cities in order to terrorize workingmen? What he says applies as much to the Democrats who voted for the bill as to the Republicans.

## CROWDS HEARD BRYAN.

Large Meetings Held at Cleveland, Youngstown and New Philadelphia.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 16.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, the Democratic presidential candidate, addressed two large audiences in this city, one at the Central armory and the other from the balcony of the Hollenden hotel. He was greeted upon his entrance into the city by the blowing of a whistle, and was met at the depot by a number of marching clubs and brass bands, which formed his escort to the Hollenden, where he took dinner. The streets of the city were brilliantly lighted, and they were lined with people.

He Invaded the President's Country.

Before reaching Cleveland, Mr. Bryan invaded the heart of President McKinley's and Senator Hanna's country. Leaving Akron, his first stop was at Canton, the president's place of residence, and later he made a brief speech at Niles, the president's native city. The stops at Canton and Niles were incidental, and the crowds were small at both places.

The only important meetings outside of those at Cleveland were those at New Philadelphia and Youngstown. At New Philadelphia there was a large attendance, and the meeting was an enthusiastic one. There were two meetings at Youngstown, one in the public square and the other at the opera house.

A stop of 15 minutes was made at Niles, the birthplace of President McKinley. Mr. Bryan did not leave the train at that point, but reviewed the in the issues of this campaign. You manner to a comparatively small number of people who had congregated at the railroad station. Before entering upon his speech proper he referred to the fact that the place was intimately associated with the career of his distinguished rival for presidential honors, saying:

"I understand that this is the birthplace of the president of the United States. You have the honor now of being the birthplace of the president whether he holds one term or two. He cannot be born again and give you another chance. You have had all you can have out of it. You are interested in the issues of this campaign. You are citizens, and must share with other citizens in the determination of the questions which are now before the country. The parties stand for different policies. The parties nominate

their candidates and adopt their platform, but, after all, the question is left in the hands of the citizen. No candidate has any claim upon a voter unless the voter believes that that candidate is the best person to work out his ideas of government and to protect his interests, for everyone is apt to look at public questions from his own standpoint. We reason from ourselves out. It is much easier to believe that a thing good for us is good for others than to believe that a thing good for others must necessarily be good for us."

Big Meetings at Youngstown.

Mr. Bryan spoke twice at Youngstown, first in the public square and then in the opera house. His experience at the open-air meeting strikingly illustrated the futility of getting together excessively large crowds for a political meeting. In the one important respect of attracting many people to see the national candidate, the meeting was an unsurpassed triumph; in the other respect of giving the people an opportunity to hear him it was a failure, and the success in the one way was the cause of the failure in the other.

People had been coming into the city from Ohio and Pennsylvania towns so that when Mr. Bryan arrived all the principal streets were crowded and the square around the speaker's stand was densely packed, possibly 400 feet on each side, with people struggling to get near the platform, to secure a glimpse of the lion of the occasion. There was no effort to create trouble, but the natural hum of the thousands of voices and the struggle for place was such as to almost destroy the effect of the speech. The stand, provided with accommodations to seat 60 persons, held 400 standing. The arms of newspaper men on the stand were pinioned so close that they could not raise them to write, and those who were 20 feet away could not hear the speech. Mr. Bryan himself had scarcely more room than was necessary for him to stand erect, and a squad of policemen was necessary to preserve this space for him. Those who were able to hear received the speech with frequent bursts of applause, and this was often taken up by others far away from the range of the speaker's voice, so that it may be said that the meeting was enthusiastic, even though most of those present failed to hear what was said.

After the outdoor meeting at Youngstown closed Mr. Bryan was escorted to the opera house, where he spoke to as many people, most of them ladies, as could find accommodation inside of that building. Both speeches were general reviews of the political situation. In the opera house speech he spoke of the importance of the campaign, saying that the contest was not more his than it was that of other people who were concerned about the welfare of the nation at large. He referred to the presence of so many ladies, and addressing himself to them, said:

Mr. Bryan left later for New York. His special car, the Rambler, was attached to a regular train on the Lake Shore road, due to arrive in New York at 2:35 this afternoon. The train will make only the regular stops on the way, and it is not Mr. Bryan's present purpose to make any speeches en route.

LANE'S SLAYER ARRAIGNED.

Rosslyn Ferrell Ignores His Many Confessions and Pleads Not Guilty.

Columbus, O., Oct. 16.—The trial of Rosslyn H. Ferrell for the murder of Express Messenger Charles Lane, began at Marysville. Ferrell ignored his many confessions and pleaded not guilty.

Among the witnesses are Ferrell's mother, who lives at Steubenville; Miss Lillian Costlow, to whom Ferrell was engaged to be married, and Mrs. Lane, widow of the murdered man.

Judge Melhorn, of Kenton, is presiding at the trial, owing to the illness of Judge Daniel Dow, of Bellefontaine. Ferrell was brought into the courtroom by the sheriff and two guards. He has gained flesh during his stay in jail. His bearing showed nervousness.

TOOK CHARGE OF P. & W.

B. & O. Assumed Control—Cowen Succeeds King.

Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—The executive officers of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad assumed formal control of the Pittsburg and Western railway system at the first annual meeting that has been convened in two years. President John K. Cowen, of the Baltimore and Ohio, was chosen president and appointed receiver, and the absolute absorption of the important property, free from the receivership, now only awaits the completion of the reorganization committee of the Baltimore and Ohio.

President Thomas M. King, one of the most prominent railroad officials and financiers of the country, retired as receiver.

## SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to go and How to get There.

The seashore, mountain and lake resorts constitute the most attractive pleasure grounds for the summer idler. They are within easy reach via Pennsylvania lines, and agents of that railway system will furnish full information about rates, train service and through car comforts to any of the summer havens. They will assist in arranging details for vacation trips and give valuable information free of charge. Apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines passenger and ticket agents and be relieved of all bother in shaping preliminaries for your summer outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ash-tabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa gaments at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents in territory mentioned.

\$1 55 Round Trip from East Liverpool Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg account the exposition will be sold via Pennsylvania lines on Thursday of each week until October 18, inclusive. The round trip from East Liverpool will be \$1 55, which covers the cost of a ticket entitling the holder to an opportunity to enjoy the exposition.

The high grade musical attractions include Emil Paur and the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra September 17 to 22; Sousa and his famous band, direct from Paris, September 24 to 29, and a second series of concerts by that superb organization October 15 to 20; Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra October 1 to 13th.

For further information apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, Pennsylvania lines.

The News Review for all the news

## CLOSED TO MAKE REPAIRS.

President Gary Explains Shutting Down of Mill, at Lorain, O.

New York, Oct. 16.—President Gary, of the Federal Steel company, said that the closing of the company's mill at Lorain, O., is for the purpose of making much needed repairs. In regard to the proposed Union Steel company, which is said to be in process of formation, Mr. Gary said that he knew nothing.

Judge Gary was also quoted as professing utter ignorance of the Pittsburgh report to the effect that a rebate is being paid to railroad companies on all rails bought at \$26 per ton.

FATAL TO THE TRUSTS.

Senator Hanna Declared the Sherman Act So to Be.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 16.—"There are no monopolies in this country except those which are protected by a patent right given by the government. The Sherman act, passed by a Republican congress, wiped out all the trusts that can be reached under the constitution."

Thus Senator M. A. Hanna, at Waukesha, spoke of trusts. Trust features of the Standard Oil company, the American Sugar Refining company, the Iron Pine company and the Trans-Missouri Traffic association, he said, had been wiped out by the Sherman act.

Venezuela Will Not Make Exhibit.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 16. — (Via Haitian cable.) — The Venezuelan government announces that Venezuela will not make an exhibit at the pan-American exposition to be held in Buffalo in 1901.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Division Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	335 309	361 303	339 301	
	AM	AM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	10:30	10:10	10:10	10:10
East Liverpool	6:20	8:10	8:10	2:12
Warren	6:25	8:16	8:16	2:17
Ashtabula	6:30	8:21	8:21	2:22
Steubenville	6:40	8:31	8:31	2:32
Youngstown	6:42	8:34	8:34	2:35
Warren	6:53	8:41	8:41	2:40
Ashtabula	7:03	8:53	8:53	2:49
East Liverpool	7:18	9:10	9:10	2:52
Pittsburgh	7:25	9:10	9:10	2:52
Steubenville	7:30			3:10
Youngstown	7:35			3:15
Warren	7:42			3:22
Ashtabula	7:44			3:24
Steubenville	8:03			3:42
Youngstown	8:08			3:47
Warren	8:12			3:51
Ashtabula	8:18			3:57
East Liverpool	8:30			4:09
Pittsburgh	8:35			4:14
Steubenville	8:42			4:21
Youngstown	8:48			4:27
Warren	8:53			4:32
Ashtabula	8:58			4:37
East Liverpool	9:10			4:49
Pittsburgh	9:15			4:54
Steubenville	9:22			5:01
Youngstown	9:28			5:07
Warren	9:33			5:12
Ashtabula	9:38			5:17
East Liverpool	9:50			5:29
Pittsburgh	9:55			5:34
Steubenville	10:02			5:41
Youngstown	10:08			5:47
Warren	10:13			5:52
Ashtabula	10:18			5:57
East Liverpool	10:30			6:09
Pittsburgh	10:35			6:14
Steubenville	10:42			6:21
Youngstown	10:48			6:27
Warren	10:53			6:32
Ashtabula	10:58			6:37
East Liverpool	11:10			6:49
Pittsburgh	11:15			6:54

Eastward.	340 336	360 316	344 302	
	AM	AM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	14:40	19:00	11:05	14:45
East Liverpool	4:48	9:09	1:15	4:53
Warren	4:55	9:16	1:22	5:00
Ashtabula	5:05			5:10
Steubenville	5:09	9:28	1:38	5:14
Youngstown	5:14	9:33	1:43	5:19
Warren	5:21	9:40	1:50	5:26
Ashtabula	5:31	9:48	1:58	5:34
Steubenville	5:41	9:56	2:08	5:44
Youngstown	5:46	10:01	2:13	5:49
Warren	5:53	10:08	2:20	5:56
Ashtabula	6:03	10:18	2:30	6:06
Steubenville	6:08	10:23	2:35	6:11
Youngstown	6:13	10:28	2:40	6:16
Warren	6:23	10:38	2:50	6:26
Ashtabula	6:30	10:44	2:56	6:33
Steubenville	6:35	10:49	3:01	6:38
Youngstown	6:42			6:45
Warren	6:48			6:51
Ashtabula	6:53			6:56
Steubenville	7:03			7:06
Youngstown	7:08			7:11
Warren	7:13			7:16
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Ashtabula	10:05			10:08
Steubenville	10:10			10:13
Youngstown	10:15			10:18
Warren	10:20			10:23
Ashtabula	10:25			10:28
Steubenville	10:30			10:33
Youngstown	10:35			10:38
Warren	10:40			10:43
Ashtabula	10:45			10:48
Steubenville	10:50			10:53
Youngstown	10:55			10:58
Warren	11:00			11:03
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Judge Melhorn, of Kenton, is presiding at the trial, owing to the illness of Judge Duncan Dow, of Bellefontaine. Ferrell was brought into the courtroom by the sheriff and two guards. He has gained flesh during his stay in jail. His bearing showed nervousness.

#### TOOK CHARGE OF P. & W.

B. & O. Assumed Control—Cowan Succeeds King.

Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—The executive officers of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad assumed formal control of the Pittsburg and Western railway system at the first annual meeting that has been convened in two years. President John K. Cowan, of Baltimore and Ohio, was chosen president and appointed receiver, and the absolute absorption of the important property, free from the receivership, now only awaits the completion of the reorganization committee of the Baltimore and Ohio.

President Thomas M. King, one of the most prominent railroad officials and financiers of the country, retired as receiver.

### SUMMER OUTINGS.

#### Where to go and How to get There.

The seashore, mountain and lake resorts constitute the most attractive pleasure grounds for the summer idler. They are within easy reach via Pennsylvania lines, and agents of that railway system will furnish full information about rates, train service and through car comforts to any of the summer havens. They will assist in arranging details for vacation trips and give valuable information free of charge. Apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines passenger and ticket agents and be relieved of all bother in shaping preliminaries for your summer outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

#### Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ashland, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa gaments at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents in territory mentioned.

#### \$1 55 Round Trip from East Liverpool Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg account the exposition will be sold via Pennsylvania lines on Thursday of each week until October 18, inclusive. The round trip from East Liverpool will be \$1 55, which covers the cost of a ticket entitling the holder to an opportunity to enjoy the exposition.

The high grade musical attractions include Emil Paur and the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra September 17 to 22; Sousa and his famous band, direct from Paris, September 24 to 29, and a second series of concerts by that superb organization October 15 to 20; Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra October 1 to 13th.

For further information apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, Pennsylvania lines.

The News Review for all the news.

### CLOSED TO MAKE REPAIRS.

President Gary Explains Shutting Down of Mill, at Lorain, O.

New York, Oct. 16.—President Gary, of the Federal Steel company, said that the closing of the company's mill at Lorain, O., is for the purpose of making much needed repairs. In regard to the proposed Union Steel company, which is said to be in process of formation, Mr. Gary said that he knew nothing.

Judge Gary was also quoted as professing utter ignorance of the Pittsburgh report to the effect that a rebate is being paid to railroad companies on all rails bought at \$26 per ton.

#### FATAL TO THE TRUSTS.

Senator Hanna Declared the Sherman Act So to Be.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 16.—"There are no monopolies in this country except those which are protected by a patent right given by the government. The Sherman act, passed by a Republican congress, wiped out all the trusts that can be reached under the constitution."

Thus Senator M. A. Hanna, at Waukesha, spoke of trusts. Trust features of the Standard Oil company, the American Sugar Refining company, the Iron Pipe company and the Trans-Missouri Traffic association, he said, had been wiped out by the Sherman act.

#### Venezuela Will Not Make Exhibit.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 16. — (Via Haitian cable.) — The Venezuelan government announces that Venezuela will not make an exhibit at the pan-American exposition to be held in Buffalo in 1901.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Dn Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	335	309	361	303	339	30
	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Cincinnati.....lv.	5:30	7:10	8:10	11:30	14:40	15:10
Cincinnati.....ar.	6:20	8:00	8:10	2:12	5:20	11:10
Cincinnati.....lv.	6:25	8:05	8:16	2:17	5:25	11:15
Cincinnati.....ar.	6:35	8:15	8:21	2:22	5:35	11:25
Cincinnati.....lv.	6:40	8:20	8:31	2:27	5:40	11:30
Cincinnati.....ar.	6:42	8:24	8:34	2:30	5:42	11:32
Cincinnati.....lv.	6:53	8:41	8:41	2:40	5:53	11:42
Cincinnati.....ar.	7:03	8:53	8:53	2:49	6:03	11:52
Cincinnati.....lv.	7:18	9:10	9:10	3:02	6:23	12:07
Cincinnati.....ar.	7:25			3:10		12:14
Cincinnati.....lv.	7:30					12:19
Cincinnati.....ar.	7:35					12:24
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Judge Melhorn, of Kenton, is presiding at the trial, owing to the illness of Judge Duncan Dow, of Bellefontaine. Ferrell was brought into the courtroom by the sheriff and two guards. He has gained flesh during his stay in jail. His bearing showed nervousness.

TOOK CHARGE OF P. & W.

B. & O. Assumed Control—Cowan Succeeds King.

Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—The executive officers of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad assumed formal control of the Pittsburg and Western railway system at the first annual meeting that has been convened in two years. President John K. Cowan, of Baltimore and Ohio, was chosen president and appointed receiver, and the absolute absorption of the important property, free from the receivership, now only awaits the completion of the reorganization committee of the Baltimore and Ohio.

President Thomas M. King, one of the most prominent railroad officials and financiers of the country, retired as receiver.

## SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to go and How to get There.

The seashore, mountain and lake resorts constitute the most attractive pleasure grounds for the summer idler. They are within easy reach via Pennsylvania lines, and agents of that railway system will furnish full information about rates, train service and through car comforts to any of the summer havens. They will assist in arranging details for vacation trips and give valuable information free of charge. Apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines passenger and ticket agents and be relieved of all bother in shaping preliminaries for your summer outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ash-tabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa gagements at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines; ticket agents in territory mentioned.

\$1 55 Round Trip from East Liverpool Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg account the exposition will be sold via Pennsylvania lines on Thursday of each week until October 18, inclusive. The round trip from East Liverpool will be \$1 55, which covers the cost of a ticket entitling the holder to an opportunity to enjoy the exposition.

The high grade musical attractions include Emil Paur and the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra September 17 to 22; Sousa and his famous band, direct from Paris, September 24 to 29, and a second series of concerts by that superb organization October 15 to 20; Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra October 1 to 13th.

For further information apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, Pennsylvania lines.

The News Review for all the news.

## CLOSED TO MAKE REPAIRS.

President Gary Explains Shutting Down of Mill at Lorain, O.

New York, Oct. 16.—President Gary, of the Federal Steel company, said that the closing of the company's mill at Lorain, O., is for the purpose of making much needed repairs. In regard to the proposed Union Steel company, which is said to be in process of formation, Mr. Gary said that he knew nothing.

Judge Gary was also quoted as professing utter ignorance of the Pittsburgh report to the effect that a rebate is being paid to railroad companies on all rails bought at \$26 per ton.

## FATAL TO THE TRUSTS.

Senator Hanna Declared the Sherman Act So to Be.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 16.—"There are no monopolies in this country except those which are protected by a patent right given by the government. The Sherman act, passed by a Republican congress, wiped out all the trusts that can be reached under the constitution."

Thus Senator M. A. Hanna, at Waukesha, spoke of trusts. Trust features of the Standard Oil company, the American Sugar Refining company, the Iron Pine company and the Trans-Missouri Traffic association, he said, had been wiped out by the Sherman act.

Venezuela Will Not Make Exhibit.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 16. — (Via Haitian cable.) — The Venezuelan government announces that Venezuela will not make an exhibit at the pan-American exposition to be held in Buffalo in 1901.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Dn Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:09	3:01	3:03	3:30	3:01
					PM	PM
Pittsburgh, Pa. ar.	15:30	17:10	17:10	17:10	14:40	14:06
East Liverpool, O. ar.	6:20	8:10	8:10	8:10	2:12	5:20
Warren, Pa. ar.	6:25	8:16	8:16	8:16	2:17	5:25
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	6:30	8:21	8:21	8:21	2:22	5:30
Ashtabula, O. ar.	6:40	8:31	8:31	8:31	2:32	5:40
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	6:42	8:34	8:34	8:34	2:34	5:42
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	6:53	8:41	8:41	8:41	2:40	5:53
East Liverpool, O. ar.	7:03	8:53	8:53	8:53	2:49	6:03
Cleveland, O. ar.	7:18	9:10	9:10	9:10	3:02	6:18
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	7:25				3:10	6:25
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	7:30					6:30
Warren, Pa. ar.	7:35					6:35
Ashtabula, O. ar.	7:42					6:42
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	7:44					6:44
East Liverpool, O. ar.	7:48					6:48
Warren, Pa. ar.	7:50					6:50
Ashtabula, O. ar.	7:52					6:52
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	7:53					6:53
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	7:55					6:55
East Liverpool, O. ar.	7:58					6:58
Cleveland, O. ar.	8:00					7:00
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	8:02					7:02
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	8:05					7:05
Warren, Pa. ar.	8:08					7:08
Ashtabula, O. ar.	8:10					7:10
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	8:12					7:12
East Liverpool, O. ar.	8:15					7:15
Warren, Pa. ar.	8:18					7:18
Ashtabula, O. ar.	8:20					7:20
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	8:22					7:22
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	8:25					7:25
East Liverpool, O. ar.	8:28					7:28
Cleveland, O. ar.	8:30					7:30
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	8:32					7:32
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	8:35					7:35
Warren, Pa. ar.	8:38					7:38
Ashtabula, O. ar.	8:40					7:40
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	8:42					7:42
East Liverpool, O. ar.	8:45					7:45
Warren, Pa. ar.	8:48					7:48
Ashtabula, O. ar.	8:50					7:50
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	8:52					7:52
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	8:55					7:55
East Liverpool, O. ar.	8:58					7:58
Cleveland, O. ar.	9:00					8:00
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	9:02					8:02
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	9:05					8:05
Warren, Pa. ar.	9:08					8:08
Ashtabula, O. ar.	9:10					8:10
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	9:12					8:12
East Liverpool, O. ar.	9:15					8:15
Warren, Pa. ar.	9:18					8:18
Ashtabula, O. ar.	9:20					8:20
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	9:22					8:22
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	9:25					8:25
East Liverpool, O. ar.	9:28					8:28
Cleveland, O. ar.	9:30					8:30
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	9:32					8:32
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	9:35					8:35
Warren, Pa. ar.	9:38					8:38
Ashtabula, O. ar.	9:40					8:40
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	9:42					8:42
East Liverpool, O. ar.	9:45					8:45
Warren, Pa. ar.	9:48					8:48
Ashtabula, O. ar.	9:50					8:50
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	9:52					8:52
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	9:55					8:55
East Liverpool, O. ar.	9:58					8:58
Cleveland, O. ar.	10:00					9:00
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	10:02					9:02
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	10:05					9:05
Warren, Pa. ar.	10:08					9:08
Ashtabula, O. ar.	10:10					9:10
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Youngstown, Pa. ar.	10:35					9:35
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Ashtabula, O. ar.	10:50					9:50
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	10:52					9:52
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	10:55					9:55
East Liverpool, O. ar.	10:58					9:58
Cleveland, O. ar.	11:00					10:00
Steubenville, Pa. ar.	11:02					10:02
Youngstown, Pa. ar.	11:05					10:05
Warren, Pa. ar.	11:08					10:08
Ashtabula, O. ar.	11:10					10:10
St. Clairsville, O. ar.	11:12					10:12
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Warren, Pa. ar.	11:18					10:18
Ashtabula, O. ar.	11:20					10:20
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Cleveland, O. ar.	11:30					10:30
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Warren, Pa. ar.	12:08					11:08



## "PARAMOUNT" ISSUES.

Your Vote Is For Hard Times  
or For Prosperity.

### CHAPTER OF POLITICAL HISTORY.

The Leading Question In This Campaign  
Is the Prosperity of the Individual and  
of the Nation — Votes For Bryan Are  
Votes For Business Disaster.

Self-preservation may be, as Bryan has lately called it, the lowest motive in the present campaign, but mankind has commonly considered it "the first law of nature." Certainly, it is the "immediate" issue before the voters on November 6. Four years ago Bryan made no appeal except to this very element in every man's breast of wanting to better his condition, and told glowing tales of the great things that free silver would do for every one, as his one argument for votes for himself. If that argument to the full stomach, as he now contemptuously calls it, was good then in his behalf, why does it not apply equally at this time when the facts happen to be against him?

Every prediction of evil that he made if McKinley should be elected and the Republicans succeeded, was one as to physical conditions. Now that all Bryan's predictions have been falsified by actual results of prosperity that he can not deny, and so acknowledges by his studied silence on the subject, why is it the lowest motive to appeal today to the same emotions that Mr. Bryan himself invoked? Why is it not entirely legitimate and in fact the just due of every man whose interests are imperilled, to warn him of his danger, to invite him by all that is dear to him to take care of himself and of his own?

After all is said and done, after every "paramount issue" invented for the purpose of the present campaign, and every side-line is considered and talked about, every man at the last comes down in making up his mind about his vote, to the thing that will concern his own interests most directly. He would be untrue to himself and false to the trust imposed upon him if he should do otherwise. There is more than mere selfishness in this. In the welfare and prosperity of its people rests the welfare and prosperity of the republic, and unless they are happy and contented there can be no safety for the system of government that depends entirely upon its citizenship and their condition for its existence.

This is, then, not the lowest motive, as Mr. Bryan says, but in some respects among the highest that can be brought before the American people in the solemn hour of a presidential election that may decide great policies not for four years alone, but for generations to come. It is not merely Mr. McKinley or Mr. Bryan and the personal fortune of either of them, but matters that will concern Americans yet unborn that are involved in the pending election. No citizen of this republic can neglect the welfare of our own citizenship in his vote and political action, without sharing in their suffering and without thrusting the evils thus brought about upon those that may come after for time beyond measure.

It is a solemn responsibility; it means more than can be stated in these words; and for that reason every voter should carefully consider, irrespective of all party affiliations, just what he shall do in this decisive crisis. It is no threat of capital, no idle dream of political schemers, but a plain business proposition, born in the very circumstances of the case, imbedded in the very human nature of our people, that Mr. Bryan's election, upon the Kansas City platform, reiterating and reaffirming, in even stronger terms, the Chicago platform threats against the industrial and commercial interests of the country, will precipitate a panic, as sure as the sun rises upon the day of the announcement of his election.

Eight years ago, this warning was given from fear of the free trade threats of the Democracy in their campaign of that year. The people were persuaded that it made no dif-

ference which party was in power; that the one party was just about the same as another; and this foolish falsehood was dinned into them so persistently that it became a common saying, even among those who had education enough to know better.

Then the people were persuaded that we ought to have a change, just for the sake of a change, just to get new people into power. They tried the change, and all the warnings of the dangers of free trade were of no avail, and the prosperity under President Harrison was thrown down. The very day after that election the trouble began. Who can have failed to remember in his own sad experience how great that trouble was, how persistent its pressure, how widespread its disaster?

Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor, and a Democrat, was not talking politics, but common sense, when he said: "That terrible period for the wage earners of the country, which began in 1893, and which left behind it such a record of horror, hunger and misery, practically ended with the dawn of the year 1897."

Those troubles, which began with Cleveland's election, for fear of Democratic free trade, and were aggravated by the Democratic persistence in pushing the Wilson free trade bill upon the country in the very midst of the panic of 1893, Mr. Gompers says were ended when 1897 came in,—that is to say, when William McKinley came in to be the president. Now, we have not only the threat of free trade, for Bryan was in the very congress and on the very committee responsible for that Wilson law, with all its evils and its added disaster to the industries of the country, and holds still to that same dangerous doctrine; but we also have in full vigor the danger of free silver just as strong, just as imminent, as it was when the people voted against it four years ago.

The same man, supported by the same aggregation of parties, upon the same platform fully reaffirmed, with double emphasis as to silver, can not but bring identically the same results that were then feared by the people and averted by their wisdom. For Democratic distress and adversity, we now have Republican prosperity and thrift. For Republican policies of protection fully fixed in the statutes, and honest money enacted into law, and doing just the things that were promised for them, we are asked to substitute free silver, free trade and their general disturbance to our entire industrial system.

That is the "immediate," irrepressible, insistent issue that must be met on the 6th of November. Bryan's election means, at the very least, the continued, persistent, unceasing agitation of every issue involved in his Chicago and Kansas City platforms. It can not be otherwise, without impugning the good faith of himself and his party. They believe these things, we have a right to presume, or they would not ask the people to approve them, and if the people approve them, the Democratic and Populist and Silver parties would be false to themselves and the people if they failed to strive to undo all the things in the statutes that they oppose and to substitute therefor the policies that they profess to support.

That very agitation must inevitably disturb every business condition. Every industry must suffer; every man earning wages must feel it; every producer must pay his part of the penalty. Thus it is just as certain as the daylight, whether any one wants it or not, whether any one means it or not, that Bryan's election involves agitation, disturbance, apprehension, panic—in a word, just the same sort of hard times that came with the last Democratic election. Will your vote be for hard times and Bryan, or against hard times and for McKinley?

### SUGAR SCHEDULE STEAL.

The \$40,000,000 that the Democratic Wilson tariff voted into the pocket of the sugar trust, carried with it a full dose of Bryan free trade that closed the factories and mills of the country, threw hundreds of thousands of laboring men out of employment and inaugurated the souphouse in all our large cities for the starving poor. That is Democratic trust fighting for you. Is it not true, then, that a vote for Bryan is a vote for hard times?

## BRYAN AND TRUSTS.

Demagogic Attitude of the Democratic Candidate.

### REAL DISCUSSION OF THE FACTS.

Col. Markbreit, of the Cincinnati Volksblatt, Discusses the Question From a Honest Standpoint — Facts Worth Considering.

Cincinnati Volksblatt:—In his letter of acceptance, Bryan makes the trusts the main point of attack. He expects that the position taken by him will bring him many votes. We find consequently that he is very liberal in his promises to effect a dissolution of all trusts. The fact of the matter is that he promises every imaginable means of ending the existence of trusts. But, as always, he makes very ambiguous promises, and leaves for himself a loophole to escape the enforcement of a law which he promises the public to enforce. He says that he will recommend all laws which are necessary for effecting the dissolution of every private monopoly, doing business outside of or beyond the state limits. The trick is in using the words "private monopoly."

Bryan is a lawyer and he knows very well that the trusts do not correspond to the legal status of a private monopoly. A private monopoly is an exclusive concession for the manufacture of a certain product. Only the possessor of a certain patent has such a monopoly, but a manufacturing corporation never. The laws governing the organization of corporations are of a general nature. Under the conditions prescribed by law, innumerable corporations can be organized. There may be a thousand or even ten thousand corporations organized for producing sugar, and as a matter of fact there are several dozen such corporations in the United States. There may be a thousand or ten thousand corporations organized for manufacturing steel or iron products, or in fact any other product.

No state grants a monopoly, in the legal sense of the word. Only congress grants a certain kind of monopoly, and with the permission of the constitution, viz: patents to inventors and copyrights to authors. If Bryan, therefore, says that he will destroy all private monopolies, he is simply trying to fool the people; for we have no private monopolies in this country.

Perhaps some will excuse Bryan's position by explaining that he does not take the term "monopoly" in its legal aspect, but rather in the commonly accepted aspect of trusts. Well, let that be granted. How will he fight them? He explains that he will appoint an attorney-general who will enforce all laws now in force with regard to trusts; and he also indorses the plank in the Democratic platform, that all corporations should be forced to furnish a statement of their business. However, to attain this end, it is not at all necessary to elect Bryan Presidents Cleveland and McKinley appointed very able attorney-generals, and instituted a number of suits against trusts. They had the satisfaction of knowing that the courts ordered the dissolution of a number of trusts they attacked.

We call attention, for example, to the Addyston iron pipe trust and the railroad trust. If, in spite of this, great corporations still exist, then this is due to the decision of the courts that, under the constitution, a manufacturing concern cannot be prevented from sending its products beyond the borders of its home state. The very able attorney general whom Bryan expects to appoint can therefore do no more than the former attorney generals did, unless the constitution is changed.

But as far as this change is concerned, McKinley and Bryan both propose the same remedy, viz: the publication of a business statement of these corporations. The Democratic platform goes even beyond this. It demands the abolition of the protective tariff on all trust products. Whether or not this would be an effective remedy, we will not discuss, but simply call attention to the fact that Bryan

mentions every possible law for destroying trusts, but does not declare that he will insist upon the passage of such a tariff law.

Our readers can see from the above that Bryan's howl against trusts is simply a case of grand-stand play. He howls, he rages, he foams, but a close examination will show that his remedies against trusts are only such as have already been tried, or such as are recommended also by the Republican party.

Through his proposed remedies against trusts, Bryan simply shows himself a demagogue without conscience, who will promise anything for the sake of getting office.

### POSTAL PROSPERITY.

For the First Time the Postoffice Department Pays Its Way.

For the first time since 1883, when 2-cent postage was adopted, the government postoffice is paying its own way. The receipts for the quarter ending Sept. 30 exceeded the expenditures by several thousand dollars.

For the first time in the history of the nation the postal receipts exceed \$100,000,000 a year. For the fiscal year ending June 30 they were \$102,300,000, an increase of \$20,000,000 over the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896.

Postal receipts always fluctuate with business conditions; declining in "hard times" and increasing in "good times." This record is another unimpeachable evidence of the era of prosperity on which we have entered. Let us not break this self-sustaining record by voting for a "change."

"What I denounce is a protective tariff. It is a false economy and the most vicious political principle that has ever cursed this country."

—William Jennings Bryan in a speech in the house of representatives, 1894, advocating the passage of the Wilson free trade tariff law.

### THE AFRICAN VOTERS.

One of the sporadic Afro-Americans supporting the Democracy, that disfranchises his people in every state that it can, in appealing to George W. Jones of Littlefield, Ill., to vote for Bryan, assured him that the Afro-American would be "properly cared for" by the Democratic party. To this Mr. Jones very happily replied: "Well, they seem to be 'properly cared for' in North Carolina and some of the other southern states by illegally depriving them of the right to vote," and that "the Afro-American would be cared for in the same manner in Illinois if the Democratic party had the power, as it now has the will to do so."

### WORK FOR VICTORY.

Success in this campaign will depend, as it did in 1896, upon the individual worker—the man in the ordinary walks of business and industrial life. He is the great majority. He it was who gave McKinley the 7,104,779 votes that elected him four years ago. He must do it again this year. His activity, his enthusiasm and his ballot, will decide this contest on Nov. 6. The lesson is plain. Be active, be vigilant, in the cause of peace, prosperity and progress, from now until the polls close.

### THE NEGRO VOTERS.

Bryan at St. Paul said the negroes had long ago paid their debt to the Republican party. Supposing that to be so, what then is their debt to the Democratic party, and under what obligations are they to the Democracy for their systematic disfranchisement in every state where the Democratic power is sufficient to keep the black man from the polls, by threat, or force, or the form of law?

"McKinley a king? McKinley an enemy of free institutions? The republic in danger in his hands? How roarily ridiculous this wholesale nonsense will appear to everybody in a very short time!"—Washington Star (Independent).

Colonel Roosevelt was assaulted by a mob of Bryan hoodlums for the fourth time, at Fort Wayne. "Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

## The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.  
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.  
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.  
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

DAVID BOYCE. W. L. THOMPSON.  
J. M. KELLY. O. C. VODREY.  
B. O. SIMMS. JNO. C. THOMPSON.  
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000  
Surplus, - - - 80,000

### General Banking Business

Invite Business and  
Personal Account

### Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

### BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

7-room dwelling on Ridgeway ave., lot 31 by 130, with summer kitchen, in perfect condition. Price \$5,700.

11-room business building on East Market street, with all modern improvements, one square from Diamond. Call at office for price.

8-room double dwelling on Second street, a splendid investment. Price \$2,800.

A modern dwelling on Sixth street, lot 30 by 130. This is one of the most desirable dwellings on Sixth street, and any one that is desirous of owning a home without having the trouble of building should look at this. Price \$5,500.

### Geo. H. Owen & Co.

General Insurance and  
Real Estate Agents.  
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,  
Both Phones 49.



Time-table effective May 28, 1900. Trains  
daily except Sunday. Central time.

No.	6.....	10.....	12.....	1.....	3.....	5.....
Lv. Lisbon.	2 35 p. m.	6 20 a. m.	12 00 a. m.	2 35 p. m.	6 20 a. m.	12 00 a. m.
Ar. N. Gallies.	3 40 p. m.	7 25 a. m.	2 20 p. m.	3 40 p. m.	7 25 a. m.	2 20 p. m.

No.	9.....	11.....	1.....	3.....	5.....	7.....
Lv. N. Gallies.	8 25 a. m.	11 10 a. m.	1 00 p. m.	3 40 p. m.	6 20 a. m.	11 15 a. m.
Ar. Lisbon.	9 30 a. m.	12 15 p. m.	2 00 p. m.	3 40 p. m.	6 20 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

### CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALLIE.

Connections at New Gallie with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,  
General Passenger Agent.

## 5<sup>c</sup> ICE CREAM —SODA

East Liverpool Visitors  
Always Welcome.

### A FULL LINE OF CIGARS.

### T. A. McINTOSH.

PHARMACIST  
Ninth Street, Wellsville, Ohio.

### S. J. MARTIN,

### RESTAURANT,

175 BROADWAY.

CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

### The Sanitary Reduction Co.

James Murphy, Manager, dispose of all refuse by incineration according to Board of Health regulations.

Bell 'phone 373.

ALL the latest and best local and telegraph news  
be can found in this paper.



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Self-preservation may be, as Bryan has lately called it, the lowest motive in the present campaign, but mankind has commonly considered it "the first law of nature." Certainly, it is the "immediate" issue before the voters on November 6. Four years ago Bryan made no appeal except to this very element in every man's breast of wanting to better his condition, and told glowing tales of the great things that free silver would do for every one, as his one argument for votes for himself. If that argument to the full stomach, as he now contemptuously calls it, was good then in his behalf, why does it not apply equally at this time when the facts happen to be against him?

Every prediction of evil that he made if McKinley should be elected and the Republicans succeeded, was one as to physical conditions. Now that all Bryan's predictions have been falsified by actual results of prosperity that he can not deny, and so acknowledge by his studied silence on the subject, why is it the lowest motive to appeal today to the same emotions that Mr. Bryan himself invoked? Why is it not entirely legitimate and in fact the just due of every man whose interests are imperilled, to warn him of his danger, to invite him by all that is dear to him to take care of himself and of his own?

After all is said and done, after every "paramount issue" invented for the purpose of the present campaign, and every side-line is considered and talked about, every man at the last comes down in making up his mind about his vote, to the thing that will concern his own interests most directly. He would be untrue to himself and false to the trust imposed upon him if he should do otherwise. There is more than mere selfishness in this. In the welfare and prosperity of its people rests the welfare and prosperity of the republic, and unless they are happy and contented there can be no safety for the system of government that depends entirely upon its citizenship and their condition for its existence.

This is, then, not the lowest motive, as Mr. Bryan says, but in some respects among the highest that can be brought before the American people in the solemn hour of a presidential election that may decide great policies not for four years alone, but for generations to come. It is not merely Mr. McKinley or Mr. Bryan and the personal fortune of either of them, but matters that will concern Americans yet unborn that are involved in the pending election. No citizen of this republic can neglect the welfare of our own citizenship in his vote and political action, without sharing in their suffering and without thrusting the evils thus brought about upon those that may come after for time beyond measure.

It is a solemn responsibility; it means more than can be stated in these words; and for that reason every voter should carefully consider, irrespective of all party affiliations, just what he shall do in this decisive crisis. It is no threat of capital, no idle dream of political schemers, but a plain business proposition, born in the very circumstances of the case, imbedded in the very human nature of our people, that Mr. Bryan's election, upon the Kansas City platform, reiterating and reaffirming, in even stronger terms, the Chicago platform threats against the industrial and commercial interests of the country, will precipitate a panic, as sure as the sun rises upon the day of the announcement of his election.

Eight years ago, this warning was given from fear of the free trade threats of the Democracy in their campaign of that year. The people were persuaded that it made no dif-

ference which party was in power; that the one party was just about the same as another; and this foolish falsehood was dinned into them so persistently that it became a common saying, even among those who had education enough to know better.

Then the people were persuaded that we ought to have a change, just for the sake of a change, just to get new people into power. They tried the change, and all the warnings of the dangers of free trade were of no avail, and the prosperity under President Harrison was thrown down. The very day after that election the trouble began. Who can have failed to remember in his own sad experience how great that trouble was, how persistent its pressure, how widespread its disaster.

Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor, and a Democrat, was not talking politics, but common sense, when he said: "That terrible period for the wage earners of the country, which began in 1893, and which left behind it such a record of horror, hunger and misery, practically ended with the dawn of the year 1897."

Those troubles, which began with Cleveland's election, for fear of Democratic free trade, and were aggravated by the Democratic persistence in pushing the Wilson free trade bill upon the country in the very midst of the panic of 1893, Mr. Gompers says were ended when 1897 came in,—that is to say, when William McKinley came in to be the president. Now, we have not only the threat of free trade, for Bryan was in the very congress and on the very committee responsible for that Wilson law, with all its evils and its added disaster to the industries of the country, and holds still to that same dangerous doctrine; but we also have in full vigor the danger of free silver just as strong, just as imminent, as it was when the people voted against it four years ago.

The same man, supported by the same aggregation of parties, upon the same platform fully reaffirmed, with double emphasis as to silver, can not but bring identically the same results that were then feared by the people and averted by their wisdom. For Democratic distress and adversity, we now have Republican prosperity and thrift. For Republican policies of protection fully fixed in the statutes, and honest money enacted into law, and doing just the things that were promised for them, we are asked to substitute free silver, free trade and their general disturbance to our entire industrial system.

That is the "immediate," irrepressible, insistent issue that must be met on the 6th of November. Bryan's election means, at the very least, the continued, persistent, unceasing agitation of every issue involved in his Chicago and Kansas City platforms. It can not be otherwise, without impugning the good faith of himself and his party. They believe these things, we have a right to presume, or they would not ask the people to approve them, and if the people approve them, the Democratic and Populist and Silver parties would be false to themselves and the people if they failed to strive to undo all the things in the statutes that they oppose and to substitute therefor the policies that they profess to support.

That very agitation must inevitably disturb every business condition. Every industry must suffer; every man earning wages must feel it; every producer must pay his part of the penalty. Thus it is just as certain as the daylight, whether any one wants it or not, whether any one means it or not, that Bryan's election involves agitation, disturbance, apprehension, panic—in a word, just the same sort of hard times that came with the last Democratic election. Will your vote be for hard times and Bryan, or against hard times and for McKinley?

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Bryan is a lawyer and he knows very well that the trusts do not correspond to the legal status of a private monopoly. A private monopoly is an exclusive concession for the manufacture of a certain product. Only the possessor of a certain patent has such a monopoly, but a manufacturing corporation never. The laws governing the organization of corporations are of a general nature. Under the conditions prescribed by law, innumerable corporations can be organized. There may be a thousand or even ten thousand corporations organized for producing sugar, and as a matter of fact there are several dozen such corporations in the United States. There may be a thousand or ten thousand corporations organized for manufacturing steel or iron products, or in fact any other product.

No state grants a monopoly, in the legal sense of the word. Only congress grants a certain kind of monopoly, and with the permission of the constitution, viz: patents to inventors and copyrights to authors. If Bryan, therefore, says that he will destroy all private monopolies, he is simply trying to fool the people; for we have no private monopolies in this country.

Perhaps some will excuse Bryan's position by explaining that he does not take the term "monopoly" in its legal aspect, but rather in the commonly accepted aspect of trusts. Well, let that be granted. How will he fight them? He explains that he will appoint an attorney-general who will enforce all laws now in force with regard to trusts; and he also indorses the plank in the Democratic platform, that all corporations should be forced to furnish a statement of their business. However, to attain this end, it is not at all necessary to elect Bryan. Presidents Cleveland and McKinley appointed very able attorney-generals, and instituted a number of suits against trusts. They had the satisfaction of knowing that the courts ordered the dissolution of a number of trusts they attacked.

We call attention, for example, to the Addyston iron pipe trust and the railroad trust. If, in spite of this, great corporations still exist, then this is due to the decision of the courts that, under the constitution, a manufacturing concern cannot be prevented from sending its products beyond the borders of its home state. The very able attorney general whom Bryan expects to appoint can therefore do no more than the former attorney generals did, unless the constitution is changed.

But as far as this change is concerned, McKinley and Bryan both propose the same remedy, viz: the publication of a business statement of these corporations. The Democratic platform goes even beyond this. It demands the abolition of the protective tariff on all trust products. Whether or not this would be an effective remedy, we will not discuss, but simply call attention to the fact that Bryan

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RESTAURANT,

175 BROADWAY.

CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

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James Murphy, Manager, dispose of all refuse by incineration according to Board of Health regulations.  
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Names of Men Who Died in Philippines Reported—Also a List of Wounded.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The war department received the following list of casualties from General MacArthur at Manila:

Manila (no date.)

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Killed—Sept. 12, Baybay, Leyte, Company E, Forty-third infantry, Burt Field; Sept. 29, Palanas, MacBate, Company B, Thirty-ninth infantry, Ira N. Pencos; Oct. 3, Carmon, Bohol, Company C, Forty-fourth infantry, William C. Hollingsworth.

Wounded—Oct. 6, Bangued, Luzon, Company B, Thirty-third infantry, Corporal Orville H. Mills, wounded in leg above the knee, slight; date unknown, Pandan, Panay, Forty-fourth infantry, First Lieutenant Clyde B. Parker, four slight wounds. MacArthur.

General MacArthur sent a dispatch from Manila, containing the following: "Information from Marinduque just received that Captain Shields, 48 men, Company E, Twenty-ninth regiment

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THE BIG STORE

United States volunteer infantry, two corporals Company C, same regiment; one civilian American negro, prisoners in hands of insurgents, have been turned over to General Luther R. Hare. More particulars soon, giving names killed, wounded."

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Large and Buoyant Speculative Outburst. Confidence in the Street Has Increased.

New York, Oct. 16.—There was an outburst of large and buoyant speculation in the stock market Monday which lifted prices during the course of the day from 1 to over 3 points. There has been a steady growth of confidence in Wall street for some time past in the general outlook for business. It has been firmly held that as soon as election uncertainties were disposed of there would be a renewal of business activity up to the high level of the recent prosperous period. On the other hand, the growing restriction of the money supply left room for doubt whether the intervening period could be safely bridged without such a money stringency as would be disastrous to speculative commitments. Saturday's bank statement demonstrated that a very large contraction of loans had been effected without serious harm to the stock market, thus conserving the surplus reserve. The gold engaged in Europe last week is expected to arrive in time to show in next Saturday's bank statement. The Bank of France announces, through the Associated Press, of a determination to furnish export gold to avert a money stringency, and the expressed readiness of the secretary of the treasury to act toward the same end had a notable effect in strengthening confidence. The large additional engagements of gold announced yesterday morning promised further help to the local market, although the receipt is deferred for several weeks. This is due to the fact that the gold comes from South Africa. The hardening of sterling exchange was due simply to the purchase of bills against the gold imports. The striking exhibit of the foreign trade for September showed conclusively the continued command of the international exchanges. Not only was there an increase in exports of nearly \$6,000,000 compared with last year, but a decrease of over \$11,000,000 in imports went further to enhance the trade balance in our favor, so that the excess of exports over imports for the month has run up to over \$56,000,000. As the increase in cotton exports did not suffice to offset the decrease in bread stuffs the increase in the total exports shows the export trade in manufactures well maintained. The expected settlement of the coal strike was also a factor in the unvarying strength in the market and the special strength in the group of coals. Realizing in stocks which had had their extreme advance early in the day made the closing slightly irregular, but prices generally were well maintained at the top.

There was a decided growth of activity in bonds, and some notable advances in prices, but there were weak spots which made the market irregular. Total sales, par value, \$1,960,000. U. S. bonds unchanged on the last call.

### THE WEATHER.

Western Pennsylvania: Fair today, probably rain and cooler in western, fair in eastern portion tomorrow; fresh southwesterly winds, shifting to northerly by tomorrow.

Ohio: Generally fair today, except rain and cooler in northwest portion; tomorrow rain and cooler; fresh southwesterly winds, becoming northwesterly.

West Virginia: Fair today and tomorrow; cooler tomorrow; variable winds, becoming northerly.

Read the News Review.

### WHEN DOGS ARE SICK.

The Way to Give Medicine to These Highly Sensitive Patients.

In all treatment of a sick dog remember you are dealing with a highly sensitive and nervous patient. Be very gentle, avoid roughness or anything likely to alarm him. In giving him any liquid medicine do not open his mouth, but, placing him between your knees, with his face looking in the same direction as your own, gently raise his jaw and, pulling his lips away from his teeth on one side of his mouth, to form a cup or funnel, very slowly pour from bottle or spoon the quantity he is to have into it.

Keep his head raised for a minute or two and if he does not swallow the dose insert a spoon between his front teeth. This will have the effect of drawing off his attention from the medicine and he will usually swallow at once. If the dose is a pill, bolus or anything solid, hold his head the same way as before mentioned, but with the left hand under lower jaw, press firmly on each side with thumb and finger at the junction of upper and lower jaws.

This will usually cause him to open his mouth, when the dose should be put into the mouth as far back as possible over the tongue (or he will spit it out) and close the jaws somewhat sharply, and in most cases the deed is done. If any trouble arises with the action of his front paws this may be got over by wrapping him round with a shawl or coarse apron.

When once you have got into the way of it, you will be surprised how simple it is. I am quite sure a practiced owner or kennelsman would dose a dozen dogs while a novice was making a bungle over one.—"All About Dogs," by Charles Henry Lane.

### THE COLLAR BUTTON.

Its Blessings Realized Only by Those Who Have Lived Without It.

"In looking over a trunk full of old truck the other day," said the elderly man, "I came across a lot of old shirts with the buttons sewed on, and as I looked at them I realized anew what the collar button means to humanity. There have been greater inventions, surely, but not many that have conferred a more unmixed blessing on mankind.

"The younger person of today, accustomed to the collar button always, cannot realize what it was to be without it. He can never know what it was to have shirts with the buttons sewed on—or not, as the case might be. Not so very many years ago, when the collar button was yet comparatively new, before persons had come to keep, as everybody commonly does now, a lot of buttons on hand, the man who had lost his collar button thought himself entitled to the sympathy of his fellows, but wrung as he might be by that loss he could not even guess at the anguish that in the sewed on button days filled the heart of the man who, when he came to put on his last clean shirt, found that key button, the one on the collar band, most important one of all, gone entirely or only just hanging by a thread!

"I knew a man once who had this happen to him and didn't swear. That was the only great thing he ever did, but I have always thought that that alone was enough to stamp him as a most extraordinary man."—New York Sun.

### Ditched the Bishop.

"I remember once driving across the country with Bishop —," writes Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady of "A Missionary in the Great West" in the Ladies' Home Journal, "while discussing the nature of the soul. That is, the bishop

was discussing. I was only prompting by a question now and then. We were on the rear seat of a wagon, with the driver on the front seat. It was a very dark night. In the middle of the bishop's exposition the wagon took a wild plunge, there was a crash, and over we went into the muddy ditch.

"I beg your pardon, gents!" said the driver, who had retained control of the horses as we scrambled to our feet. "I was so interested in hearin' the man discussin my immortal soul, which I hardly ever knowed that I had one before, that I clean forgot where we was and drove you plump into the ditch."

### Nearing the End.

New York, Oct. 16. — At about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Miss Gast completed 1,950 miles. Her manager said she would finish the 2,000 miles about 7 o'clock. He also said she would rest and start on another trip of 1,000 miles today.

### Germany Secured a Coaling Station.

Aden, Oct. 16.—The sultan of Turkey has leased to Germany, for 30 years, the island of Uroan, in the Red sea, 40 miles north of Kamaran, for a coaling station.

### THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Oct. 15.

WHEAT—No. 2, red, 70¢/72¢.  
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 47¢/47½¢.  
OATS—No. 1 white, 27½¢/28¢; No. 2 white, 27¢/27½¢; extra No. 3 white, 26½¢/27¢; regular No. 3, 25¢/26¢.  
HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$14.75/15.25; No. 2 do., \$13.75/14.00; No. 1 clover mixed hay, \$13.50/14.00; No. 1 clover hay, \$13.50/14.00; No. 1 prairie hay, \$9.00/9.50.  
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23½¢/24¢; tubs, 22½¢/23¢; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 20¢/21¢; dairy butter, 15¢/16¢; country roll, 15¢/16¢; cooking butter, 14¢/15¢.  
EGGS—Fresh laid, 17½¢/18¢; candled, 18¢/19¢; storage candled, 16¢/17¢.  
CHEESE—Ohio, three-quarter cream, 10¢/10½¢; full cream, Ohio, September, 11¢/11½¢; New York state brand, 12¢/12½¢; Limburger, new, 12¢/12½¢; Wisconsin brick Swiss, 14¢/15¢; Wisconsin ring Swiss, 15¢/15½¢; brick, 5-pound average, 12¢/13¢.  
POULTRY—Live: Springers, 9¢/10¢; hens, 11¢; roosters, 6¢/7¢; turkeys, 9¢/10¢; ducks, 9¢/10¢; geese, 7¢/8¢/1.00 per pair. Dressed—Springers, 14¢/15¢; hens, 13¢/14¢; roosters, 9¢/10¢; turkeys, 14¢/15¢; ducks, 12¢/14¢; geese, 10¢/11¢ per pound.

Pittsburg, Oct. 15.

CATTLE—Receipts light, about 75 loads; market active, 10¢ higher on best grades. We quote the following market prices: Extra heavy, \$5.60/5.85; prime, \$5.25/5.50; good, \$4.90/5.20; tidy, \$4.60/4.85; good grass cattle, \$4.50/4.75; fair grass cattle, \$4.25/4.50; fair grass cattle, light, \$3.85/4.25; common, \$3.25/3.75; heifers, \$3.00/4.00; oxen, \$2.50/4.50; bulls and stags, \$2.50/4.00; common to good fat cows, \$2.25/4.00; good fresh cows, \$2.50/4.80.

HOGS—Receipts fair, about 35 cars; market fair; prices 10¢/15¢ lower than Saturday's close on mediums; other grades about steady. We quote following prices: Prime heavy hogs, \$5.35/5.40; mediums, \$5.30/5.35; heavy Yorkers, \$5.25/5.30; light Yorkers, \$5.15/5.20; pigs, \$4.90/5.10; roughs, \$3.50/5.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair, 18 loads on sale; market active, prices shade higher. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.15/4.25; good, \$4.00/4.10; fair mixed, \$3.25/3.75; common, \$1.50/2.50; choice lambs, \$5.75/6.00; common to good lambs, \$4.00/5.50; veal calves, \$7.00/7.50; heavy and thin, \$3.50/4.50.

Cincinnati, Oct. 15.  
HOGS—Quiet and lower at \$4.00/5.00.  
CATTLE—Strong at \$2.75/5.25.  
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep firm at \$2.00/3.90. Lambs firm at \$3.25/5.25.

New York, Oct. 15.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, 58½¢ f. o. b. afloat, 77½¢ in elevator; No. 1 hard Duluth, 86¢ f. o. b. afloat.  
CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 47½¢ in elevator, 47½¢ f. o. b. afloat.  
OATS—Spot market easier; No. 2, 25¢; No. 3, 24½¢; No. 2 white, 27¢; No. 3 white, 26½¢; track mixed western, 24½¢/26½¢; track white western and state, 26½¢/30¢.  
CATTLE—Dull and dragging; 10¢/15¢ lower.  
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"The younger person of today, accustomed to the collar button always, cannot realize what it was to be without it. He can never know what it was to have shirts with the buttons sewed on—or not, as the case might be. Not so very many years ago, when the collar button was yet comparatively new, before persons had come to keep, as everybody commonly does now, a lot of buttons on hand, the man who had lost his collar button thought himself entitled to the sympathy of his fellows, but wrung as he might be by that loss he could not even guess at the anguish that in the sewed on button days filled the heart of the man who, when he came to put on his last clean shirt, found that key button, the one on the collar band, most important one of all, gone entirely or only just hanging by a thread!

"I knew a man once who had this happen to him and didn't swear. That was the only great thing he ever did, but I have always thought that that alone was enough to stamp him as a most extraordinary man."—New York Sun.

### Ditched the Bishop.

"I remember once driving across the country with Bishop —," writes Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady of "A Missionary In the Great West" in the Ladies' Home Journal, "while discussing the nature of the soul. That is, the bishop

was discussing. I was only prompting by a question now and then. We were on the rear seat of a wagon, with the driver on the front seat. It was a very dark night. In the middle of the bishop's exposition the wagon took a wild plunge, there was a crash, and over we went into the muddy ditch.

"I beg your pardon, gents," said the driver, who had retained control of the horses as we scrambled to our feet. "I was so interested in hearing the man discuss my immortal soul, which I hardly ever knewed that I had one before, that I clean forgot where we was and drove you plump into the ditch."

### Nearing the End.

New York, Oct. 16. — At about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Miss Gast completed 1,950 miles. Her manager said she would finish the 2,000 miles about 7 o'clock. He also said she would rest and start on another trip of 1,000 miles today.

### Germany Secured a Coaling Station.

Aden, Oct. 16.—The sultan of Turkey has leased to Germany, for 30 years, the island of Uroan, in the Red sea, 40 miles north of Kamaran, for a coaling station.

### THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Oct. 15.  
WHEAT—No. 2, red, 70¢@72¢.  
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 47¢@47½¢; No. 2 yellow ear, 48¢@49¢.  
OATS—No. 1 white, 27½¢@28¢; No. 2 white, 27¢@27½¢; extra No. 3 white, 26½¢@27¢; regular No. 3, 25¢@26¢.  
HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$14.75@15.25; No. 2 do., \$13.75@14.00; No. 1 clover mixed hay, \$13.50@14.00; No. 1 clover hay, \$13.50@14.00; No. 1 prairie hay, \$9.00@9.50.  
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¼¢@24¢; tubs, 22¼¢@23¢; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 20¼¢@21¢; dairy butter, 15¢@16¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; cooking butter, 14¢@15¢.  
EGGS—Fresh laid, 17½¢@18¢; candled, 18¼¢@19¢; storage candled, 16¼¢@17¢.  
CHEESE—Ohio, three-quarter cream, 10¼¢@10½¢; full cream, Ohio, September, 11¼¢@11½¢; New York state brand, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, new, 12¢@12½¢; Wisconsin brick Swiss, 14¼¢@15¢; Wisconsin ring Swiss, 15¢@15½¢; brick, 5-pound average, 12¼¢@13¢.  
POULTRY—Live: Springers, 9¼¢@10¼¢; hens, 11¢; broilers, 6¢@7¢; turkeys, 9¼¢@10¢; ducks, 9¢@10¢; geese, 75¢@1.00 per pair. Dressed—Springers, 14¢@15¢; hens, 13¢@14¢; roosters, 9¢@10¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; ducks, 13¢@14¢; geese, 10¢@11¢ per pound.

Pittsburg, Oct. 15.  
CATTLE—Receipts light, about 75 loads; market active, 10¢ higher on best grades. We quote the following market prices: Extra heavy, \$5.60@5.85; prime, \$5.25@5.50; good, \$4.90@5.20; tidy, \$4.60@4.85; good grass cattle, \$4.50@4.75; fair grass cattle, \$4.25@4.50; fair grass cattle, light, \$3.85@4.25; common, \$3.25@3.75; heifers, \$3.00@4.00; oxen, \$2.50@4.50; bulls and stags, \$2.50@4.00; common to good fat cows, \$2.25@4.00; good fresh cows, \$2.50@4.00.  
HOGS—Receipts fair, about 35 cars; market fair; prices 10¢@15¢ lower than Saturday's close on mediums; other grades about steady. We quote following prices: Prime heavy hogs, \$5.35@5.40; mediums, \$5.30@5.35; heavy Yorkers, \$5.25@5.30; light Yorkers, \$5.15@5.20; pigs, \$4.90@5.10; roughs, \$3.50@5.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair, 18 loads on sale; market active, prices shade higher. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.15@4.25; good, \$4.00@4.10; fair mixed, \$3.25@3.75; common, \$1.50@2.50; choice lambs, \$5.75@6.00; common to good lambs, \$4.00@5.50; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, \$3.50@4.50.

Cincinnati, Oct. 15.  
HOGS—Quiet and lower at \$4.00@5.00.  
CATTLE—Strong at \$2.75@3.25.  
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep firm at \$2.00@3.90. Lambs firm at \$3.25@5.25.

New York, Oct. 15.  
WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, 58½¢ f. o. b. afloat, 77½¢ in elevator; No. 1 hard Duluth, 86½¢ f. o. b. afloat.  
CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 47½¢ in elevator, 47½¢ f. o. b. afloat.  
OATS—Spot market easier; No. 2, 25¢; No. 3, 24½¢; No. 2 white, 27¢; No. 3 white, 26½¢; track mixed western, 24½¢@26½¢; track white western and state, 26½¢@33¢.  
CATTLE—Dull and dragging; 10¢@15¢ lower.  
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good stock firm to a shade higher; medium and common grades steady.  
HOGS—Market depressed; prices nominal.



## We Wish to Call Your Attention

to our carefully selected line of Stationery, Box Paper and Writing Tablets.

Also to remind you that we are able to furnish you from a full line of artists' materials—whether for Oil Colors, Water Colors, Crayon or Pastel.

We also carry a full line of Decorator's Pencils.

**ALVIN H. BULGER,**  
Druggist.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

1900.

Victory in our grasp; it can be plainly felt. The electoral vote will surely win with Mac and Roosevelt.  
PEGEE COOLEY.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James Heckathorn, Seventh street, a son.

Rev. W. H. Gladden and family have moved from Sheridan avenue to 200 Walnut street.

The river has again commenced to fall, and since yesterday has gone down four inches.

The Knights of Pythias at their meeting tonight will confer the first degree on two candidates.

Some money has been wagered in this city on the result of the Brooklyn-Pittsburg series of ball games.

The Bryan & Stevenson club held a meeting last evening for the purpose of discussing plans in regard to the campaign.

J. W. Hunter and P. L. Craig, of the Ft. Pitt Gas company, are at Yellow Creek today looking over the lines of the company.

Workmen have commenced making the foundation for sidewalks in front of the Potters National bank building, corner of Fifth and Washington streets.

The Sebring base ball club has challenged the Alliance club for a game next Saturday for \$100 a side. Both teams are to play the same players they had last Saturday.

Joseph Golding left yesterday for Peoria, Ill., where he has taken a position as printer in the pottery at that place. Ed Kilmer has taken Mr. Golding's place at the Union.

Judge Hole today granted a divorce to Anna Hill, of Salem, from Edward Hill. They were married in 1891 in Salem, and the divorce was granted on grounds of wilful absence.

Edmund L. Graham and Miss Itha L. Stewart, of West Point, secured a marriage license this morning and will be married today by Rev. O. F. Laughbaum, of the Madison church.

William Ivers, of this city, and Verner Johnson, of Sebring, youngsters who beat their way from Pittsburg to Wellsville Saturday night, paid Squire Riley \$3 each for their sport.

The many friends of Mrs. Charles Surles will be pleased to learn that she is somewhat better today. Dr. Stewart, of the Mercy hospital, Pittsburg, was called in consultation yesterday.

James Ridgen, a railroad section hand, who resides in Wellsville, was stabbed in the wrist in a saloon in this city Saturday night. Ridgen was acting as peacemaker between two combatants.

Miss Lottie Hanshumaker, of New Matamoras, O., who has been the guest of Mrs. J. H. Woodburn, on Third street, left today for a visit with friends in Wheeling. From there she will return to her home in Ohio.

Miss Cora Collins, formerly of this city, was yesterday united in marriage to a Mr. Gunn, of Pittsburg. The happy couple returned to Pittsburg today, where they will make their future home. Rev. W. H. Gladden officiated.

## TROOPS WERE SENT.

Started to Panther Creek Valley by Special Train.

### GOBIN IN PERSONAL COMMAND.

The Governor's Troop Was Also to Go to the Region—Large Body of Marching Strikers Were En Route to That Section.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 16.—Advices reached General Gobin that a large body of marching strikers had left MacAdoo for the Panther Creek region. General Gobin ordered all the companies of the Fourth regiment except E and K to leave for that valley and on a special train. General Gobin went with the troops and assumed personal command. The Governor's troop, which was stationed at Oneida, also was to go to Panther Creek.

General Gobin, before leaving, said he was requested by Sheriff Toole to send soldiers to the Panther Creek valley.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 16.—Committees of United Mine Workers have been calling on miners all afternoon to warn them not to pay any attention to petitions being circulated by agents of several coal carrying companies, asking the miners to return to work pending a settlement between the operators, coal carrying companies and the miners. The committees are informing the men that the operators are trying to effect a stampede among the men in order to break up the strike and that it is probable the operators have decided not to comply with the demands of the Scranton convention.

Most of the miners in this portion of the Ninth district assert that they will not return to work until President Mitchell advises them to do so. Operators continue asserting that they will not sign an agreement to pay the men a 10 per cent increase to last until April. Everything continues quiet in this region.

### WILL STRIKE BE SETTLED.

Coal Carrying Roads Said to Be Willing. Report at Wilkesbarre.

New York, Oct. 16.—It was stated by an officer of one of the big coal companies that the coal carrying roads would in a few days agree to guarantee that the 10 per cent increase in wages should hold good until next April. This concession to the chief demand of the miners, it is believed, would end the strike.

It was said in Wall street that the Reading company would be the first to announce the acceptance of the miners' terms in this regard. This announcement, it was declared, would come on Wednesday.

The operators here say the sliding scale question is of little importance and can easily be settled. In fact, one operator declared the sliding scale was a nuisance and they would be glad to get rid of it.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 16.—On Wednesday morning of this week the strike will be settled, so all the miners in this region are asserting last night. Their belief cannot be traced to an authoritative foundation. They say they got it from their leaders. The leaders say it came from headquarters, although not as an official statement. They do not know more than this, they say.

### SOLDIERS KILLED.

Names of Men Who Died in Philippines Reported—Also a List of Wounded.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The war department received the following list of casualties from General MacArthur at Manila:

Manila (no date.)

Adjutant General Washington:

Killed—Oct. 8, Orion, Luzon, Company D, infantry, Charles P. Hoffman. Wounded—Frank G. Schmidt, wounded in leg above knee, slight; Frank Summers, wounded in arm, slight; Corporal Ernest W. Daniel, hip, slight; Ernest L. Hoeft, breast, severe.

Killed—Sept. 12, Baybay, Leyte, Company E, Forty-third infantry, Burt Field; Sept. 29, Palanan, MacBate, Company B, Thirty-ninth infantry, Ira N. Pencos; Oct. 3, Carmon, Bohol, Company C, Forty-fourth infantry, William C. Hollingsworth.

Wounded—Oct. 6, Bangued, Luzon, Company B, Thirty-third infantry, Corporal Orville H. Mills, wounded in leg above the knee, slight; date unknown, Pandan, Panay, Forty-fourth infantry, First Lieutenant Clyde B. Parker, four slight wounds. MacArthur.

General MacArthur sent a dispatch from Manila, containing the following: "Information from Marinduque just received that Captain Shields, 48 men, Company E, Twenty-ninth regiment.

This week we are showing a special line of

## Extra Heavy Matting

intended for winter use.

They are as warm as carpet much easier to sweep and only cost from 25c up.

Also

## Plain White Matting

for around Art Squares or Carpets which are too small for the room.

You'll be pleased with this showing.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

United States volunteer infantry, two corporals Company C, same regiment; one civilian American negro, prisoners in hands of insurgents, have been turned over to General Luther R. Hare. More particulars soon, giving names killed, wounded."

### A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Large and Buoyant Speculative Outburst. Confidence in the Street Has Increased.

New York, Oct. 16.—There was an outburst of large and buoyant speculation in the stock market Monday which lifted prices during the course of the day from 1 to over 3 points. There has been a steady growth of confidence in Wall street for some time past in the general outlook for business. It has been firmly held that as soon as election uncertainties were disposed of there would be a renewal of business activity up to the high level of the recent prosperous period. On the other hand, the growing constriction of the money supply left room for doubt whether the intervening period could be safely bridged without such a money stringency as would be disastrous to speculative commitments. Saturday's bank statement demonstrated that a very large contraction of loans had been effected without serious harm to the stock market, thus conserving the surplus reserve. The gold engaged in Europe last week is expected to arrive in time to show in next Saturday's bank statement. The Bank of France announces, through the Associated Press, of a determination to furnish export gold to avert a money stringency, and the expressed readiness of the secretary of the treasury to act toward the same end had a notable effect in strengthening confidence. The large additional engagements of gold announced yesterday morning promised further help to the local market, although the receipt is deferred for several weeks. This is due to the fact that the gold comes from South Africa. The hardening of sterling exchange was due simply to the purchase of bills against the gold imports. The striking exhibit of the foreign trade for September showed conclusively the continued command of the international exchanges. Not only was there an increase in exports of nearly \$6,000,000 compared with last year, but a decrease of over \$11,000,000 in imports went further to enhance the trade balance in our favor, so that the excess of exports over imports for the month has run up to over \$56,000,000. As the increase in cotton exports did not suffice to offset the decrease in bread stuffs the increase in the total exports shows the export trade in manufactures well maintained. The expected settlement of the coal strike was also a factor in the unvarying strength in the market and the special strength in the group of coalers. Realizing in stocks which had had their extreme advance early in the day made the closing slightly irregular, but prices generally were well maintained at the top.

There was a decided growth of activity in bonds, and some notable advances in prices, but there were weak spots which made the market irregular. Total sales, par value, \$1,960,000. U. S. bonds unchanged on the last call.

### THE WEATHER.

Western Pennsylvania: Fair today, probably rain and cooler in western, fair in eastern portion tomorrow; fresh southwesterly winds, shifting to northerly by tomorrow.

Ohio: Generally fair today, except rain and cooler in northwest portion; tomorrow rain and cooler; fresh southwesterly winds, becoming northwesterly.

West Virginia: Fair today and tomorrow; cooler tomorrow; variable winds, becoming northerly.

Read the News Review.

### WHEN DOGS ARE SICK.

The Way to Give Medicine to These Highly Sensitive Patients.

In all treatment of a sick dog remember you are dealing with a highly sensitive and nervous patient. Be very gentle, avoid roughness or anything likely to alarm him. In giving him any liquid medicine do not open his mouth, but, placing him between your knees, with his face looking in the same direction as your own, gently raise his jaw and, pulling his lips away from his teeth on one side of his mouth, to form a cup or funnel, very slowly pour from bottle or spoon the quantity he is to have into it.

Keep his head raised for a minute or two and if he does not swallow the dose insert a spoon between his front teeth. This will have the effect of drawing off his attention from the medicine and he will usually swallow at once. If the dose is a pill, bolus or anything solid, hold his head the same way as before mentioned, but with the left hand under lower jaw, press firmly on each side with thumb and finger at the junction of upper and lower jaws.

This will usually cause him to open his mouth, when the dose should be put into the mouth as far back as possible over the tongue (or he will spit it out) and close the jaws somewhat sharply, and in most cases the deed is done. If any trouble arises with the action of his front paws this may be got over by wrapping him round with a shawl or coarse apron.

When once you have got into the way of it, you will be surprised how simple it is. I am quite sure a practiced owner or kennelsman would dose a dozen dogs while a novice was making a bungle over one.—"All About Dogs," by Charles Henry Lane.

### THE COLLAR BUTTON.

Its Blessings Realized Only by Those Who Have Lived Without It.

"In looking over a trunk full of old truck the other day," said the elderly man, "I came across a lot of old shirts with the buttons sewed on, and as I looked at them I realized anew what the collar button means to humanity. There have been greater inventions, surely, but not many that have conferred a more unmixed blessing on mankind.

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POULTRY—Live: Springers, 9½¢/10½¢; hens, 11¢; roosters, 6¢/7¢; turkeys, 9¢/10¢; ducks, 9¢/10¢; geese, 7¢/8¢/10¢ per pair. Dressed—Springers, 14¢/15¢; hens, 13¢/14¢; roosters, 9¢/10¢; turkeys, 14¢/15¢; ducks, 13¢/14¢; geese, 10¢/11¢ per pound.

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SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good stock firm to a shade higher; medium and common grades steady.  
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# THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 109.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1900.

TWO CENTS

## THE LEITH CASE IS NOW ON TRIAL

The Domestic Troubles of a Wellsville Couple Are Being Aired In Court.

WERE MARRIED 30 YEARS AGO

Had No Differences Until After They Left the Methodist Church, of Wellsville.

THE CASE IS A PECULIAR ONE

Lisbon, Oct. 16.—(Special.)—The case of Thomas J. Leith, of Wellsville, against Mrs. Belle Leith, was called for trial yesterday afternoon. The case is conceded to be one of the most peculiar cases of the kind ever placed on record.

The parties were married about 30 years ago and are the parents of five children. The difficulties between them as shown are due to religion, as seven years ago the plaintiff and defendant left the Methodist church in Wellsville and joined the Evangelical association.

According to the doctrine of the association Mrs. Leith claimed that it was sinful to live with any man as a wife, and that if she would desist as such her body would be purified. Mrs. Leith did insist on an absolute separation, telling her husband that she no longer cared for him.

The husband was first called to the stand yesterday and stated that during the past 25 years of his life he and his wife had agreed in every respect until the subject of religion came between them.

When Judge Boone was called on the case a week ago, in which Mr. Leith charged that his wife was insane, the result was a finding in her favor, the court pronouncing her sane as to all subjects except religion and not a fit subject for an asylum.

Leith is a conductor on the C. & P. road, running between Wellsville and Bellaire, and five years ago he separated from his wife, living apart from her until May, 1899, at which time he refused to support her and notified the merchants of Wellsville that he would be no longer responsible for her debts.

When the case was called for trial Mrs. Leith was not in court and her counsel wanted the court to appoint a trustee for the suit under the statute providing for a trustee for an insane person. Mrs. Leith is not insane, according to Judge Boone's finding, and Judge Hole refused to find other than that she should come into court and defend her own case.

Leith on direct examination stated that he would be willing to take the defendant to his home and provide for her if she was willing to come. He commenced the action for divorce about six months ago, and on a cross-petition the court ordered him to pay his wife \$50 alimony and \$5 each week until the settlement of the case. He has already paid her \$95 aside from the first payment.

Mrs. Leith appeared in court this morning and when placed on the stand made a good witness in her own behalf. She stated that on one occasion her husband put her out of their home when she talked to him about his soul. She also testified to one oc-

casation when he pressed his arm to her mouth with violence. Mrs. Leith says in defense of her husband's allegation that she believes in perfect purity of body, according to her revelation.

She also testified that when her husband entered suit for divorce he wanted her to sign a paper agreeing to accept from him the house they lived in and all the household goods and release him of all obligation as her husband.

The arguments in the case were begun shortly before noon and the time is unlimited.

The probabilities are that when the case is submitted to Judge Hole he will take it under consideration.

## KELL JUMPED.

HE GOT OFF A MOVING TRAIN AT WELLSVILLE SHOPS.

He Went Head First Into the Platform And Lost a Piece of One Ear.

Charles Kell, a brick contractor from Steubenville, who is very well known in this city, came near ending his days in Wellsville yesterday afternoon.

Kell was en route from Steubenville to this city and decided he would get off at the Wellsville shops. The train don't stop there, but that didn't alarm Kell, and although the conductor tried to keep him from getting off he made a flying leap. He alighted on his feet, but didn't remain on them long, and then took a header into the platform.

When he was assisted to his feet it was found that a piece had been taken out of his ear, but he was otherwise uninjured beyond a few bruises.

## BOUGHT AND SOLD

The Old McKinley Furnace Farm at Lisbon in the Hands of the Lisbon Coal Company.

Lisbon, Oct. 16.—(Special.)—B. S. Ambler, of Salem, has purchased from the McClymond heirs, of New York, 220 acres of land north of here, which is known as the old McKinley Furnace farm, on which President McKinley's father lived. The land adjoins that on which is located the extensive coal works known as the Lisbon Coal company, operated by F. M. Osborne and others of Cleveland. Mr. Ambler has now disposed of the land to the Lisbon Coal company, consideration private.

The company will within 30 days begin the erection of 25 houses on the farm for the use of the men employed in the works.

The mines have been recently opened with latest improved machinery at a cost of about \$35,000. About 140 hands are now given employment.

## WOLF ESCAPED.

A Columbiana County Inmate at the State Hospital Took His Departure.

The only one of the numerous state hospital patients who have escaped from the institution during the past several weeks that has not yet been returned is an Italian named Wolf, who was sent to the asylum from Columbiana county.

Wolf worked on the grade, and he had the reputation of being the slowest and sleepest man in the gang. What induced him to leave, and how he could get started in the half hour that elapsed before the attendants noticed his absence is a mystery that interests every person on the hill.

## SCHOOL BOARD HAD A SESSION

Three of the Members Were Not Present but Some Business Was Transacted.

CONTRACT FOR COAL AWARDED

The Date Fixed For Opening School In the New Building at Helana.

A NUMBER OF BILLS PAID

The board of education held a short session last evening in the directors' room at the Central building, with Chairman Vodrey and Members Taggart, Hill and Smith present.

The meeting was called to order at 8:20, and after Dr. Taggart had read the scripture lesson, Mr. Vodrey led in prayer.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, and then occurred a discussion respecting the seats for the new Helana building. The firm from whom they were bought had not filled the order correctly, and as there were a few rear seats needed to complete the fitting up of some of the departments, the clerk will have the matter straightened out at once.

The following bills were O. K'd. by those members interested and on motion ordered paid:

Eagle Hardware, supplies.....	\$69 42
Western Union, telegraphing..	86
J. H. Simms, printing.....	19 50
Watson & Sloan, hardware....	1 40
Diamond Hardware .....	6 65
Ohio Valley Gas Co.....	6 40
American Book Co., books....	12 60
J. L. Engle .....	12 00
F. S. Albright .....	8 70

The clerk reported that four bids had been received from local dealers for supplying coal to the outlying buildings. Robert Moore's bid of 10½ cents per bushel was the lowest, and the contract was awarded to him.

In case of a shortage of gas or for other reasons, coal would be needed at any of the city buildings Mr. Moore will supply it at 2 cents less than the market price.

Work on the Helana building is almost completed, only a few finishing touches remain to be attended to by the contractors, and it was decided at last night's meeting that the new school should be opened on Monday morning, October 29.

Member Smith devoted a great deal of time to the construction of this building, and the result has been that the city has in the Helana school one of the most modern and best equipped buildings to be found anywhere.

## FOUND IT HERE.

A New Waterford Horseman Located His Horse And Buggy in This City.

On Friday morning of last week a stranger called at the Mitchell House, New Waterford, secured a horse and buggy, representing that he wished to drive a short distance south of town and that he would be back Saturday evening. Saturday evening came, but no return of rig or tidings. By Sunday morning it began to look as though something was wrong, and at once the telephone was put to use in

view of finding the horse and buggy. Late Sunday night it was located at a livery barn in this city.

Chief Thompson was notified, with instructions to secure the missing property and arrest the man if found. But the fellow must have got wind that he was being looked after, hence steered clear of any possibility of being taken in. Monday morning Mr. Mitchell, accompanied by Gene May, came to this city, found and satisfactorily identified the property and took it back home.

## OFF THE TRACK.

A STREET CAR LEFT THE TRACK NEAR THE BALL GROUND.

It Was Stopped Within Four Feet of the Bank, But the Passengers Were Frightened.

Street car No. 12, in charge of Motorman Gus Brandenburg, jumped the track yesterday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock near the West End ball park. Brandenburg was on his way to Wellsville, and according to people who saw the accident, was not running any faster than usual. A piece of barrel head was laying on the track, and when the car struck it, left the rails and ran the car's length before it could be brought to a standstill.

The car was within about four feet of going over the embankment into the ball park.

Passengers to the number of 10 were on the car, and although none were injured, they were badly frightened and well shaken up.

The accident caused a transfer for one hour. The motorman was in no way responsible for the accident.

## LOST FOUR.

The Population of the City Went the Wrong Way Yesterday.

The following movements were yesterday shipped from the freight depot: James Saxton, to Salineville; Mrs. H. Davis, to Sharpsburg; Mrs. Charles Frey, to Homestead. The household goods of Rev. B. M. Carson were today shipped to Urbana, O.

## Tearing Down the Building.

Work has been started tearing down the building on the Anderson property on Market street. The property was recently purchased by the Bell Telephone company.

## They Had a Fight.

A fight between a colored and a white man on Second street last night resulted in the colored man being badly done up. No arrests were made.

## Feather Factory.

W. E. Patton arrived in the city last night and will soon open a feather and hair mattress factory on Second street.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mrs. Robert Cox, of Steubenville, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and is the guest of her son, Geo. S. Cox, Robinson street.

—Mrs. Thomas Shaw returned to her home in New Brighton yesterday afternoon after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Moon, May street.

—H. Stack, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. Livingstone, left yesterday afternoon for a visit at Cleveland.

—Miss Josephine Rinehart, the music teacher, who has been spending several weeks' vacation at Uniontown and Waynesburg, Pa., has returned to her home with Rev. Gladden.

## GOVERNOR GEO. K. NASH

And Ex-Attorney General J. K. Richardson at Wellsville Saturday Night.

REPUBLICANS WIDE AWAKE

Rough Riders and Marching Clubs From All Adjacent Towns to Be Present.

EAST LIVERPOOL IS ON DECK

Wellsville Republicans met last night and organized with a large membership of enthusiastic workers. Governor Nash is to speak in our sister town on Saturday night next, October 20. Other prominent speakers will be in attendance. No trouble or expense will be spared in making the affair a complete success. The right kind of hustlers have charge of the matter.

Special trains have been provided for, and delegations are expected from Beaver, Rochester, Monaca, Freedom, New Brighton and all intermediate points, while Steubenville, Toronto and other points down the river will add their quota.

Salineville, on the main line, will also be well represented.

From the interior towns will come bands of Rough Riders. Arrangements will be made for brass bands, and patriotic selections will awake the echoes as Old Glory shall be proudly flung to the breeze.

A delegation will wait upon the Republican committee of East Liverpool on next Thursday night, and a special invitation will be extended to our residents and citizens to assist in the Wellsville jubilee.

Every Republican who can possibly do so should take in this meeting and give Governor Nash a royal send off. Don't forget to take your Democrat neighbor with you, as there are plenty of Democrats in this neck of woods who will not vote for William Jennings Bryan and his very dangerous silver policy.

Ex-Attorney General Richardson is an eloquent platform orator, and you will find it a genuine pleasure to listen to him.

Our local Republican executive committee should see to it that every effort shall be made to assist our Wellsville brethren in their reception of Governor Nash and Mr. Richardson. The time has arrived for a long pull and a strong pull and a pull altogether.

After the meeting the railroad men were requested to remain and a sound money league was organized by the employees of the Pennsylvania company.

## HE WAS FINED.

John Blackmore Exhibited a Revolver and Began Firing Promiscuously.

John Blackmore was fined \$1 and costs in the court of Squire McLane this morning on a charge preferred by Constable Miller.

On Oct. 8 Blackmore exhibited a revolver in Summit Lane and began firing promiscuously. This is what caused his arrest.



# OUR "DEAR BOY" LETTERS--NO 10

His Father Gives "Dear Boy Some Pointers In the Political Game.

## THE FARMER AND HIS CORN

The Old Gentleman Has a Little Story to Tell About Raising Corn

## AND SOMETHING ABOUT GOLD

My Dear Boy—I want you to do a little work in politics before election. I want you not only to vote right, but to get two or three others to vote right. I know that your friend Morgan says that politicians are all corrupt, and that, if a man wants to turn out a grand rascal, all he has to do is to mix into politics. But, my boy, there are two kinds of political workers. A little true story will show you what I mean:

In 1848, Martin Van Buren failed to get the Democratic nomination for the presidency. He and his friends bolted the ticket and he accepted the nomination of the Free Soil party. His brilliant son, John Van Buren, went up into Massachusetts to make some Free Soil speeches for his father. Now with Prince John, as he was called, politics was a game. He had no real, fixed, political principles. And it was a revelation to him when he got into Massachusetts and found men like Garrison, Higginson, John Brown and others, of pure character and lofty ideals, whose very lives were laid on the altar in the cause of freedom. When he came back from his trip he met a friend in New York and the following conversation took place:

"Hello, John; where have you been?"

"Up in Massachusetts making Free Soil speeches for father."

"Did you find many Free Soilers up there?"

"Yes, and, d—n it, they believe it, too."

My boy, this nation's safety depends largely upon the political work of men who work because in their very heart of hearts they believe that their political principles are founded in truth and righteousness. That is the kind of worker I want you to be. Don't get down to anything mean or tricky, but work because you believe that the Republican position is right, and that the election of McKinley and Roosevelt will be for the good of the nation and the good of the world.

Now I will tell you what I want you to do. I want you first to go down and see Barney Crogan. They have been stuffing him with the statement that the Republican party is the rich man's party and that the Democratic party is the poor man's party. He sees the rich men and great corporations growing richer and they have told him that whenever a rich man grows richer it is at some poor man's expense. They have told him that the Republican policy makes "the rich richer and the poor poorer."

I want you to go down and tell him that when a farmer raises a thousand bushels of corn, the farmer is richer and no man is the poorer, but some poor man will get the job of cutting that corn and be the better off. Tell him that when a man digs a thousand dollars' worth of gold out of the ground he is richer, but nobody is poorer. Show him that there is such a thing as a natural increase of the world's wealth which benefits all. Tell him that in this country, whenever the rich are doing the best the poor are doing the best; that when coal opera-

tors make money mines have more work and better pay; that when railroads and manufacturers are making money labor is most abundant and receives its highest reward. Tell him that the Republican party is the party of the whole people, rich and poor alike. Tell him that we do not believe in arraying one class against another, but that all classes should work together for the common weal. And then, point him to the results of McKinley's administration as proof of what you say. And keep poking the truth at him until he sees it and promises to vote for McKinley.

Then go and see Will Barton. A Democrat neighbor is trying to get him to trade on a part of the ticket. Tell Will that this is not the year for a Republican to monkey with his ticket. He will get it tangled up and twisted until his ballot will not be counted if he is not careful. There is too much at stake this year. Tell him to let his Democratic friend vote as he will, but that this is the year for straight Republican votes. Do this, my boy, and then vote right yourself, and when the news of victory comes you can cheer with a vim and rejoice that you have a share in the glory.  
YOUR FATHER.

"Mr. Bryan says the Republican party 'puts the dollar before the man,' and we take him to mean what he says. The Republican administration in the last four years has put more dollars before the man than he has ever saw before, and the best part of it is that when we put that dollar before the man there is 100 cents in the dollar. One-fifth of the world's gold today is in the United States."—Binger Hermann.

## NOT ALL PLEASURE.

Fred Headley Met With an Accident While in Pittsburg Last Saturday.

Fred Headley met with a painful accident while in Pittsburg on Saturday last.

He was riding on a street car and standing on the platform, when the car struck a curve and he was caught between the car and a wagon standing between the curb and the car track. His right leg was caught and crushed from the hip to the ankle.

He will be unable to work for several weeks.

## OVERLOADED WAGONS.

They Do Their Share Toward Keeping the City Streets from Being Kept Clean.

The practice of overloading wagons helps to keep the city streets dirty. Yesterday a wagon loaded with paste board boxes went out West Market and in less than a block three boxes fell on the street.

Wagons hauling waste paper are overloaded, and in the wake of almost every one of them is strewn paper. There ought to be some way to stop it.

## PIPE ORGAN.

The Interior of the One at the First Presbyterian Church Will be Rebuilt.

The pipe organ at the First Presbyterian church will be extensively repaired. The organ has not been working right for some time, and the interior of it will be thoroughly overhauled and rebuilt at once.

The work will be done by J. A. Dahlstedt, of Pittsburg, one of the best pipe organ workman in the country.

Excursion to Columbus via Pennsylvania Lines.

Tuesday, October 16, and Wednesday, October 17, for meeting of Grand Commandery, Knights Templar of Ohio, excursion tickets will be sold to Columbus via Pennsylvania lines, good returning until Friday, October 19.

## THE NEW SYSTEM.

YOU CAN BE CURED AND NOT USE MEDICINE.

This Will be Very Welcome Tidings to the Afflicted in This Section.

Doubters may assert that this news is too good to be true. But when indisputable evidence demonstrates the fact that this is a plain statement of truth, all doubt will cease and men, women and children of East Liverpool and the surrounding country will have cause for rejoicing.

Very many now delighted and cheerful patients of Dr. Larkins will testify that he cures pain and suffering almost instantly without the use of medicine.

One gentleman, suffering excruciating pain from an attack of cramps in the bowels, visited Dr. Larkins. The patient had been in this condition for several days. The physician placed his left hand over the splanchnic nerve in the back, and gave firm pressure upon that point for the period of about three minutes, at the expiration of which time the patient ceased to suffer and the pain did not return.

One of the most important features connected with neuropathy is the fact that it effects permanent cures. There are many citizens now residing in East Liverpool who years ago were patients of Dr. Larkins, and who will gladly testify that they were cured through the instrumentality of neuropathy, and that the cure was a lasting one. And this is true respecting almost all kinds of diseases. A number of tumors have been removed by the skillful hands of our townsman, without the use of knife or medicine, and the delighted patients, many of whom now reside in this city, will testify that the tumors never returned. The tumors are acted upon and commence to disappear as soon as pressure is made upon the tissues governing their growth.

Dr. Larkins has an extensive practice in East Liverpool and the surrounding country. Such is the power and efficacy of neuropathy that he does not find it necessary to administer medicine of any kind in one case out of every ten under his care.

Dr. Larkins' office is located on the second floor of the First National bank building, Washington street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

## ONE ARREST.

Henry DeTemple Used Profane Language And Chief Thompson Run Him In.

Henry DeTemple was brought to the mayor's office this morning and when he left he was just \$9 60 out, but then he had the experience of facing Bellaire, and five years he separated fane language.

Sunday evening DeTemple stood in front of the Standard livery on Seventh street and was very disorderly, while the language he used is not found in any dictionary.

Chief Thompson told DeTemple that he was wanted, and in order that he might find the place, the chief went with him to city hall, where Mayor Davidson dealt with him as stated above.

## Water Consumer's Notice.

All Water Rents are due and payable semi-annually, April and October of each year, at the Water Works office, 144 Fourth street. October rent is due. Ten per cent saved if paid during October.

J. W. GIPNER,  
Secretary.

Excursion to Louisville, Ky., via Pennsylvania Lines.

October 15th to 19th, inclusive, for the Horse Show, excursion tickets will be sold to Louisville, Ky., via Pennsylvania lines, good returning until Saturday, Oct. 20.

## A Unique Introduction.

One day when calling upon Gambetta I found him vastly amused over a visit which he had received a few minutes previously from the late General Meredith Read, who for a number of years was United States envoy at Athens.

Then general, who until that time had been a perfect stranger to the great French statesman, had entered the latter's presence, carrying in his hand a volume entitled "Men of the Time," or some work of the kind. This he opened, without saying a word, and laid on Gambetta's desk before attempting to greet him or to explain the purpose of his call.

Then, pointing to a column which contained a very eulogistic biographical notice of himself, he exclaimed, "Kindly read that," and when Gambetta, who read English with the utmost facility, had, in compliance with the request, cast his eye over the page in question, General Read rose from his chair, and with a bow to Gambetta pointed to himself, exclaiming in tones of pardonable pride, "C'est moi."

Then, and not until then, did he extend his hand to the great tribune, who, having meanwhile risen from his chair, expressed his pleasure at making the acquaintance of so distinguished an officer, who had rendered such valuable services to the United States.

Gambetta informed me that in the whole of his long experience of public life he had never known a man to introduce himself in so delightfully original a manner.—Critic.

## Leisure Class.

Lord Sayvan-De Livrus—Ah, but your leisure claws in this country have no titles.

Miss Sharpe—Nonsense! What's the matter with "hobo," "Weary Willie," "Dusty Roads," and so on?—Philadelphia Press.

## TWELFTH ANNUAL PITTSBURGH EXPOSITION

Opens Sept. 5, Closes Oct. 20.

MUSIC BY THE  
World's Greatest Bands.  
THE FAMOUS BANDA ROSSA,  
Italy's Greatest Musical Organization.  
Sept. 5th to 15th.

Emil Paur, with the New York  
Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra,  
Sept. 17th to 22d.

SOUSA BAND  
DIRECT FROM PARIS.  
Sept. 24th to 29th, and Oct. 15th to 20th.

Damrosch's New York  
Symphony Orchestra,  
Walter Damrosch, Conductor.  
50 pieces. Oct. 1st to 13th.

NEW ATTRACTIONS.  
JIM KEY, THE MARVELLOUS  
EDUCATED HORSE.

THE MEXICAN VILLAGE.  
A DAY IN THE ALPS.  
THE CRYSTAL MAZE.

Philadelphia Commercial Museum,  
Special Exhibit of the products of  
the entire World.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.  
One Fare for the Round Trip on  
all Railroads.

## Rupture or Hernia Cured

No operations or injections, no pain or discomfort in any way, no steel springs or iron frames, no wooden, ivory or hard rubber balls, cups, punches or plugs used. Not the least distress or annoyance.

Our Outfit for the CURE OF RUPTURE OR HERNIA is made of fine soft materials, such as felt, velvet, chamois skins and elastic webs. It fits like a glove and can harm you no more. IT HOLDS your intestine back in their natural position and the wound WILL HEAL like any other wound when it has a chance. THE ONLY WAY to CURE is to hold the intestines in or back all the time, until the wound becomes grown together. Your Rupture CAN NOT BE CURED in any other way. We have had 25 years constant and hard experience in treating RUPTURES and this OUTFIT is the RESULT. Men, women and children made COMFORTABLE by using this OUTFIT.

Prices reasonable and in accordance with the case. IF INTERESTED, please write for particulars, which we will mail you FREE.

Mohawk Remedy Co.  
Rome, N. Y.

## MOHAWK CATARRH CURE.

Cheapest and Best.  
Cures Catarrh in from 3 to 10 days.  
Cures Cold in the Head, 5 to 15 minutes.  
Cures Headache, 1 to 5 minutes.  
Securely packed with full instruction. By mail, POSTAGE PAID, 25c.

Try it and you will be more than pleased with the investment. Your money sent back if you are dissatisfied. "Stamps taken." Mohawk Remedy Co., Rome, N. Y.

## He Loves Me—?

The dainty flower oracle may tell her true or false, but some day the prince will come and she'll dream the dear dream of home life and motherhood. In that dream she will see herself always happy, always with a smile for the husband and a kiss for the baby.



What a pity to wake from such a dream,—to almost loathe her husband and hate her child, because cruel pain has blighted her body and warped her mind. How many a woman has had this sad awakening from her dreams of home and love! There's help and healing for every woman who suffers from womanly diseases, caused by girlish ignorance, wifely neglect or the strain of maternity. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It heals diseases of the delicate organs,

practically does away with the pains of maternity and gives the nursing mother vigor and vitality.

"Two years ago," writes Mrs. Kattie Auliker, of 754 Pat Street, Alliance, Ohio, "I used two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and in April a nice baby was born, before the doctor came. I was not very sick. Baby is now fourteen months old and weighs 30 pounds. Before commencing Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I had to vomit every day but after I got the medicine, from the first spoonful that I took, I stopped vomiting. It is a God-send for women."

When a laxative is needed, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets with "Favorite Prescription."

## These Cold Nights

You will sleep the sleep of the just and not wear that weary look in the morning if you take to bed with you one of our all rubber

## Hot Water Bottles

If you have a stiff neck, or pain in the back or side, lie on the bottle—if it bursts we will give you a new one. Goodyear Rubber company made them and we know they are right and well worth more than we ask for them. See one that we sell for \$1 00 at

## Bert Ansley's PHARMACY,

## Livery and Sales Stables

The finest rigs and best roadsters to be had in East Liverpool. Try our rubber tire rigs.

## H. S. Rinehart,

Cor. Seventh and Jackson Streets.

East Liverpool, O.

## RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the  
Celebrated Air Cushion  
Rubber Stamps.



# BILL BRYAN ATTACKS LABOR'S

Wages, and the Democratic Platform Threatens Wages In All American

## HOME PROTECTED INDUSTRIES

An Intimation That Bryan Is Following the Example of Satan Himself

IN HIS USE OF QUOTATIONS

who think that Bryan may capture the popular vote this year. This is because possibly there will be reduced majorities for McKinley in great states like New York and Pennsylvania, and some others where the majority is sure, but where the apathy of the campaign will not get out the full vote. This popular vote matter considered from a Democratic standpoint is rather peculiar. It might be well to remember that in 11 states the Republican vote is not allowed to be cast, and is not counted. For instance, they have already chalked up 250,000 in Texas, 100,000 in Georgia, 80,000 in Mississippi, and so on through the list of states where the colored man is not allowed to vote unless he votes the Democratic ticket. In cases of this kind it is pretty easy to work up a large popular vote for the Democratic candidate. WALLACE SEELEY."

## UNNATURALIZED.

One Poll Taken Had a Prominent Citizen Placed in This Column.

During the last state campaign in this city polls were taken of the city. One man hired a party to do the work for him, and when it was completed he began looking over the books. He found several mistakes, but to cap the climax he discovered the name of a prominent man who had been born and raised in this city, listed as "unnaturalized."

It is needless to say that poll was taken over.

## CIGARETTE CRUSADE

In Columbiana They Suspend School Boys Who Use the Deadly Things.

Superintendent Trescott, of the Columbiana schools, with the consent of the board of education in that place, has made a ruling that boys must not smoke cigarettes on their way to or from school, under penalty of suspension. Four boys have already been suspended and more suspensions will probably follow.

This is a good way to break up the practice and is meeting with the hearty approbation of the citizens of Columbiana.

## Y. M. C. A. Delegates Entertained.

Philadelphia, Oct. 16.—The 1,200 delegates to the railroad department of the Y. M. C. A. conference, the sessions of which closed Sunday, were the guests of the Pennsylvania railway on an excursion to Atlantic City.

## Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 16. — Lower cables, bearish news and statistics gave a weak wheat market Monday, December closing 1 1/4c under Saturday. Corn closed 1/4c lower and oats unchanged. Provisions at the close were practically unchanged.

## Brooklyn Won First Game.

Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—The first game for the world's championship and Chronicle-Telegraph trophy, Monday, resulted: Pittsburg, 2; Brooklyn, 5. Batteries, Waddell and Zimmer; McGinnity and McGuire. Umpires, Hurst and Swarwood.

## NOT THE ONLY ONE.

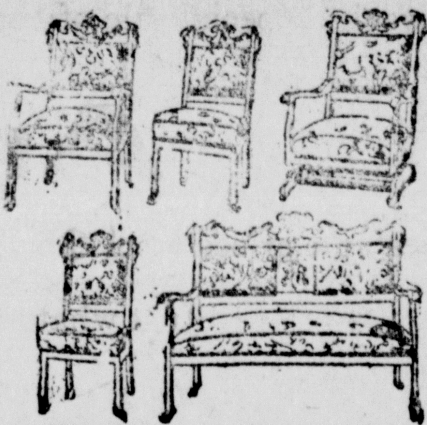
There Are Hundreds of East Liverpool People Similarly Situated.

Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of East Liverpool residents? After you have read the following quietly answer the question:

Mr. Geo. Mount, of 165 Fourth street, teamster and dealer in coal, says: "For three years I had attacks of kidney complaint, some of them laying me up for two or three weeks at a time. The symptoms were pain in the back, particularly severe when stooping or moving around. Physicians called it lumbago, and advised by friends to use Doan's Kidney Pills I procured two boxes at the W. & W. pharmacy. They cured me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents, Foster-Milburn & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.



The best way to fit up

# A PARLOR

is to have a Suit for a nucleus and fill out with odd pieces.

We're showing a nice suit in our large window.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE  
CASH OR CREDIT

## TAYLOR IS ACCUSED.

Arthur Goebel Said Youtsey Told Him the Governor.

## FINALLY DECIDED GOEBEL'S DOOM.

He Let the Howards and Combs Into Room, From Which Shooting Occurred, and Gave Them Cartridges—Sick Man's Bed Drawn to Court Room Door.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 16.—The trial of Henry E. Youtsey, charged with being a principal in the killing of Governor Goebel, was resumed, although Youtsey was reported in the same condition as last week. His room door was opened and his bed pulled up in plain view and hearing of the jury, and while the witnesses were being examined Youtsey could be heard calling his wife's name in a hollow moaning voice and could be seen to be sitting on his bed.

The feature of the day was the testimony of Arthur Goebel, brother of the dead governor. He told of going to the jail the day Youtsey was arrested, and then said:

"I put my left hand on Mr. Youtsey's right shoulder and said, 'Mr. Youtsey, Colonel Campbell has just returned and told me what you have said to him, and I have come over to have you tell me what you have told him, to tell me whether it is true, and to ask you a few other questions.' Mr. Youtsey said, 'Yes, Mr. Goebel, what I have told Colonel Campbell is true.'"

"I then said to Youtsey, 'Now, I would like to have you tell me about getting the key on Monday morning from Powers, and about Dick Combs, and about going to see Taylor on Tuesday morning and where you got the cartridges.' Youtsey proceeded and said, 'Just as I told Colonel Campbell, I had a talk with Dick Combs on Monday morning, and he told me that he was ready to do the shooting, and I went to Caleb Powers for the key to his office, and he told me to go to John Powers. I went to John Powers, and John Powers gave me the key. I went to Governor Taylor and told him that Dick Combs was ready to do the shooting. Governor Taylor said, 'You ought not to come to see me about this. I have been expecting this to be done for some time, but I object to having a negro to do it. It is too dangerous a piece of work. Combs may be a spy and he may betray us.' Youtsey hesitated and I said, 'Very well, what did you do next?' "Youtsey said, 'I left Governor Taylor and on Tuesday morning I went back to him and said, 'The man to do the shooting is now here.'"

"I interrupted Youtsey and said, 'You have told Colonel Campbell the name of that man and that is one reason why I came over here to see you. Now if you know that much you can also give me the name of the man, and Mr. Youtsey said, 'Well, I told him Jim Howard was here; that I thought he got here Monday night.'"

"I asked, 'What else did Taylor say?' Youtsey said, 'Governor Taylor walked up and down the floor and said, 'Youtsey, what do you think? If Goebel is killed, do you think I could hold my office?' He discussed that matter, talking to me back and forth, and I said to him I thought if Goebel was put out of the way that the contest would be settled, and that he could hold his office.' Finally I said to him, as Governor Taylor hesitated still, 'It is up to you to decide now finally whether it is to be done or not, and after some more hesitation, Youtsey stated that Taylor said finally, 'Well, tell them to go ahead. If it is necessary I can pardon him and he will be safe enough.' Youtsey then stopped and I asked, 'What did you do



Has an excellent corps of teachers, each a specialist in his line. Individual instruction in all branches. ACTUAL BUSINESS Bookkeeping, Banking, Corporation, etc.; Shorthand, Typewriting, (Touch System) Penmanship and Common Branches. Enter at the opening of the term, Sept. 4, 1900.

J. H. WEAVER, M. S., President.

F. T. WEAVER, B. C. S., Secretary and Business Manager.

## WANTED.

WANTED—An unfurnished room, centrally located. Address "W. H.," post-office.

WANTED—First-class plumbers. Geo. Sands, Builders Exchange, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; no washing; good wages. Mrs. E. H. Sebring, 276 Sixth street.

AGENTS WANTED—For "Galveston: The Horrors of a Stricken City," by Murat Halstead—a fearful tale of a beautiful city swept into the sea. Demand enormous. Splendid book. Only \$1.50. Agents selling from 10 to 100 daily, and clearing from \$6 to \$75 daily. A bonanza for agents. Only endorsed book. Freight paid. Credit given. Outfits free. Send six two-cent stamps for postage. Big commissions. Send for outfit and territory today. The Dominion Company, Department, A, Chicago.

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Four-room house with basement, situated on Calcutta road, near residence of J. T. Smith. Inquire at Anderson's dairy or P. O. box 371.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for rent. Inquire of 148 Third street.

TO LET—Six roomed house on Pennsylvania avenue; hot and cold water; bath, inside w. c., gas, electric light. Inquire at 189 Pennsylvania avenue.

## LOST.

LOST—A gentleman's heavy gold ring containing the monogram, "E. G." The ring was lost in the opera house on Monday night and finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at Larkins' drug store.

Homer Myler Grant Myler.

## MYLER BROS., COAL MERCHANTS

Reasonable Prices. All grades coal. Prompt delivery. Leave your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Office, Walnut street and Horn switch. Phone--37 Bell; 237 Columbiana County.

## BEST BLACK DIAMONDS.

The News Review for all the news.

## THE POPULAR VOTE

There Are Peculiar Ways And Means of Counting And Considering This Vote.

News Review readers, when your Democratic neighbor talks about the popular vote, quote the following to him and see him beat a retreat:

"I hear some Democrats talking about the great popular vote which Bryan is going to get. Although McKinley had nearly 600,000 more votes than Bryan last year, there are some



# THE NEWS REVIEW

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY

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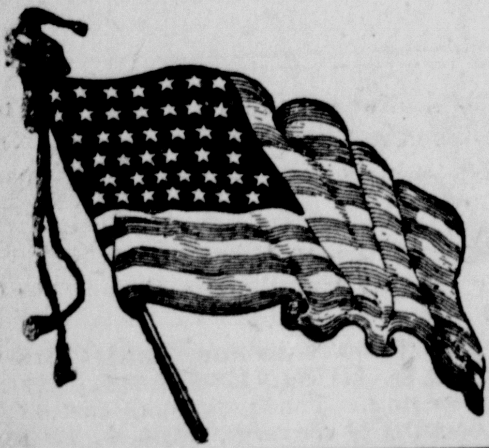
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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1900.



## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

### NATIONAL.

For President.

**WILLIAM M'KINLEY,**  
of Ohio.

For Vice President,

**THEODORE ROOSEVELT,**  
of New York

### STATE.

Secretary of State,

**L. C. LAYLIN,**  
of Huron.

Supreme Judge,

**JOHN A. SHAUCK,**  
of Montgomery.

Food Commissioner,

**JOE E. BLACKBURN,**  
of Belmont.

School Commissioner,

**L. D. BONEBRAKE,**  
of Knox.

Public Works Board,

**CHAS. A. GODDARD,**  
of Scioto.

### Congress.

**ROBERT W. TAYLER.**

### COUNTY.

Prosecuting Attorney,

**JASON H. BROOKES.**

Coroner,

**JOHN L. STRAUGHN.**

County Commissioner,

**W. K. GEORGE.**

Infirmary Director,

**T. O. KELLY.**

## BRYAN ON GOLD STANDARD.

"If there is any one who believes the gold standard is a good thing, or that it must be maintained, I warn him not to cast his vote for me, because I promise him it will not be maintained in this country longer than I am able to get rid of it."

This language was used by Hon. William Jennings Bryan in a speech at Knoxville, Tenn., on September 16, 1896.

### OLD GLORY.

McKinley is a flag flyer. Bryan is a flag furler. Take your choice.

### LABOR STRIKES.

Marcus A. Hanna endeavors to have them settled by arbitration. The Democracy encourages strikes.

### TOO TOUGH.

There are some good Democrats on earth, especially in Ohio. The Democratic committee at Zanesville cancelled an engagement with Anarchist Altgeld.

### BRYAN AS A FILIPINO.

William Jennings Bryan is absolutely and heartily despised by our gallant officers and men doing hard and stern duty under Old Glory in the Phil-

ippines. William Jennings Bryan is admired by Aguinaldo and his bushwhackers and bolo assassins. A nice figure as a presidential aspirant is Calamity Howler Bill.

### BIG DOLLARS.

Bryan, the Calamity Howler, crying out that the Republican leaders are now endeavoring to buy the coming election. Laughable, isn't it, when it is estimated that the Democracy of New York city will spend at least two million dollars in that city in the endeavor to buy the state of New York for Billy Silver Jennings Bryan.

### HE TRAVELS.

He wanted to place an order with a well known firm in East Liverpool. The local business man said: "You can place that order immediately after McKinley's election." The commercial traveler made answer: "Good. I like that. I'll be after you on that promise sure. Say, old man, let me whisper words of comfort to you. I'm traveling all over the states. Bryan isn't in it. He will get a worse lickin' than he did in 1896." And we believe that the traveler has the matter down pat.

### DEMOCRATIC TRUSTS.

Why? Because it is an undeniable fact, the solid truth, defying successful contradiction. Democratic votes made it impossible for the federal government of the United States to restrict or regulate trusts; and this was done in the month of June, 1900, and we defy any Democratic leader or member of the rank and file of that party of fossilized ideas to disprove this very plain and comprehensive statement. Bryan and his followers are the backers of trusts.

### TEDDY HITS STRAIGHT.

"None but a coward will interfere with free speech in this country." Teddy meant it, and said it, even down in the dark and bloody ground of Kentucky. And all truly brave men will admire our Teddy for his genuine pluck and sand. As long as a speaker keeps within right and legal bounds in his position as a public speaker, true and square and fair men will listen to him quietly and without interference, even though he hits hard and heavy in his presentation of his side of the question. Teddy has no use for cowards. He despised them in Cuba and he despises them now, and the masses of the people love him and admire him for his grit.

### DOLLAR BEFORE THE MAN.

Bryan says the Republican party leaders put the dollar before the man. The Republican leaders assert that this is just what they have done for the American workingman during the past four years—put more dollars before him, for his own private and individual use, than he ever before handled in the history of the nation in a given time. Neat answer, and the solemn truth and an undeniable fact. Democracy has never been accused of doing anything but make promises to the workingman, if we except the breaking of the said promises. And, by the way, William Jennings Bryan and his followers will, in the month of November, 1900, realize the fact that the toilers of the nation will trust McKinley and Roosevelt for another four years, satisfied with the dollars which are being put before them, worth 100 cents on the dollar.

### BRYAN'S BLUFFS.

We will call them bluffs for the sake of propriety, as the word bluff sounds better on paper than the plain and explicit English or Anglo-Saxon word lie. Bill Bryan tells an awful bluff when he accuses Teddy Roosevelt of doing nothing against the infamous Democrat ice trust of New York city, owned, operated and controlled, on the sly, by Boss Dick Croker, the father of the meanest trust in existence, robbing the poor of that great city with a high hand. Bryan has been called

This week a special sale of Ingrain

# Art Squares

all sizes and prices from \$1.50 each up.

Just what you need to make your floors warmer this winter.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

### PERSONAL NEWS

#### Paragraphs About People Coming and Going and Those Who Are Sick.

—T. B. Bahl spent the day in Salineville.

—J. H. Brown spent the day in Pittsburg.

—J. G. Lee left this morning for Cleveland.

—W. N. Huston left this morning for Sebring.

—N. A. Frederick left this morning for Cleveland.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Smith left today for Rochester.

—Miss Anna Thompson is visiting friends at Salineville.

—Mrs. Colonel John N. Taylor spent the day in Pittsburg.

—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fife left today for a week's visit at Beaver.

—Miss Sadie Grafton has returned after a week's visit in New York.

—James Earley returned yesterday afternoon from a visit at Tarentum, Pa.

—C. Livingstone left yesterday afternoon on a business trip to Cleveland.

—Mr. and Mrs. Noah returned yesterday afternoon after a visit at Pittsburg.

—Ticket Agent Adam Hill returned to duty today after a vacation of 10 days.

—Roy Anderson, who has been representing the Oriental Tea company in this city for some time, left today for his home at Salem.

—Rev. C. F. Swift, of Beaver Falls, formerly pastor of the M. P. church here, was in the city yesterday.

—Julius Reich, of New Martinsville, W. Va., has been in our city the past two days making purchases from our potteries.

—Miss Mary Lloyd, of East Liverpool, is a guest at the home of Rev. and Mrs. W. B. Mansell, High street. —Salem News.

#### To Visit Daughters and Make Speeches

Washington, Oct. 16.—Secretary Long has planned to make several speeches on political topics during his western trip, which begins next week. He is going to Colorado to visit his daughters, and besides talking in that state may make one or two addresses in Nebraska.

#### Kenney Threatened With Typhoid.

Dover, Del., Oct. 16.—United States Senator R. R. Kenney, of Delaware, is at his home here seriously ill, being threatened with typhoid fever. He contracted a severe cold while delivering addresses throughout the state last week.

All the news in the News Review.

### IN THE ORDINARY

heating stove most of the heat passes direct into the chimney without spreading its warmth. We overcome this waste in the

## Tremont Hot Blast

by converting the smoke, soot and gases into heat. Producing the greatest results for the fuel consumed.

### THE TREMONT HOT BLAST

will burn the poorest quality of slack or coal dust with the same successful results that it does the best quality of fuel.

The fire is at all times under perfect control, and can be increased or lessened to meet the requirements of the user. No trouble to keep a continuous fire throughout the winter.

If you want a stove that is unequalled for economy and good service buy the TREMONT.

ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.  
ALL THE BEST IDEAS.



For Sale by THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO. East Liverpool

## G. R. PATTISON, Jeweler and Optician.

Now is the time to select your Xmas presents. We have a full line of Holiday Goods on hand and ready for sale at the Lowest possible Prices for quality of goods.

Diamond, East Liverpool

The News Review for all the news

## Welsbach Light Only 35c

FOR COMPLETE OUTFIT.

You are interested in securing first class illumination, for reading, writing and like purposes. Think of the superb Welsbach Light, complete, at only 35c. Very handsome heating stoves. You should inspect them.

Fancy Glassware for Welsbach Lights. Very artistic. All kinds of mantles, from 10 to 50 cents. It will pay you to call at the office of the

OHIO VALLEY GAS CO.

No. 149 Sixth Street.



# SUBURBAN NEWS.

## EAST END.

### ONE SCHOOL BOY

Who Annoyed Other Pupils on Their Way to and from School Will Call on Mayor Davidson.

A small boy named Pinkerton has been annoying children on their way to and from school. He chases the little girls and makes himself offensive to the boys. Complaint has been filed with the mayor by Mr. Salyers and Officer Hamilton will attend to the case.

The Pinkerton boy does not attend school regularly and the East End authorities think the truant officer should also take a hand in the case.

### TIRED OF WAITING.

East End Residents Think That Station Should be Completed Soon.

The East End residents are growing very tired waiting for that new station and are now of the opinion that it will never be built.

The residents have used the store room of Ed McKinnon as a waiting room for more than 10 years, but now he has a sign up: "This is no depot."

The residents want that station and want it badly and propose to use every influence at their command to have it completed. Several years ago the company agreed to build and Frank Chambers secured two pieces of land for them, but they took neither.

### FOR FIGHTING.

Two East End Young Men Donated \$6 60 Each to the City Coffers.

The sequel to that East End quarrel Saturday night appeared last evening when Officer Hamilton arrested Jim Kelly, Reed McClure and Claude Hendricks. The trio were taken before Mayor Davidson and McClure and Kelly pleaded guilty to a charge of fighting and were assessed \$6 60 each.

Hendricks proved that he was simply acting as a peacemaker and he was discharged without a fine.

Potters' sponges. E. E. Pharmacy.

### Home from Kentucky.

Jeff Burchett returned yesterday from Kentucky, where he has been on business. Mrs. Burchett will remain in Kentucky for several weeks.

### Not So Well Today.

The little Lawson child that was struck by a street car Saturday is not so well today, although her condition is not considered serious.

### Made a Purchase.

M. O. Harrison has purchased the five and ten cent store on Mulberry street.

U-need-a chest protector these cold nights and mornings. We have 'em for 50c and 75c. E. E. Pharmacy.

### Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Alabaugh and daughter, Miss Alice, have returned from a trip to Pittsburg.

### The Too Liberal Use of Salt.

Salt draws the juices from beef in cooking, toughens the fiber, makes it very indigestible and less nutritious. On cucumbers it draws out the water, toughens the fiber and renders them very indigestible. Salt acts in exactly the same way on fish as on meat. There are two ways of considering these changes. I would hardly say that salt destroys the food value, although it robs the flesh of part of its food value by making it less digestible. —Mrs. S. T. Rorer in Ladies' Home Journal.

## SOUTH SIDE.

### ROMEO FREER.

The Talented And Eloquent Orator Will Address the Chester Citizens.

The Hon. Romeo Freer will speak at Rosk Springs park on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Mr. Freer is as popular with the West Virginia Republicans as Nathan Goff, and is the ideal of the party. He is a member of congress from the third West Virginia district, is an ex-judge and is at present a candidate for attorney general of the state.

### MANAGER TAYLOR

Says the Machinery at the Taylor, Lee & Smith Pottery is Perfectly Satisfactory.

Will L. Taylor, manager of the Taylor, Lee & Smith pottery, states that the machinery at the pottery is working perfectly satisfactory, and while changes have been made in the slip house, it was not due to the fault of the machinery.

### Saved a Whipping.

Two small boys indulged in a fight at the Chester school yesterday, and were promised a whipping this morning. The mother of one of the boys took her son out of school and the other was chastised.

### Population Increasing.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Garren, Chester, a son.

### Southside Notes.

Mrs. Nancy Pugh, an aged lady of Gas Valley, returned home yesterday after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Rose.

A heater will shortly be placed in the new Methodist Episcopal church. George Arner is in Pittsburg today on business.

### TURN ON YOUR BACK.

When Exhausted Swimming, Face Upward and You Will Drift Ashore.

A guest at my summer place a few miles from Pablo while bathing was carried out to sea, and when almost out of sight and all hope had fled, to our surprise, we suddenly saw his body impelled forcibly toward us. Then we saw it recede a few feet, and then again, as it were, shoot 20 feet toward the shore. This continued until my son and myself, at last able to reach him, bore him insensible to the beach.

After recovery his story was that after losing all hope, guided by some mysterious impulse, he had turned upon his back, when he felt himself carried rapidly forward. He had then turned over upon his face to get his bearings, when he was carried out farther from the land, and on again placing himself upon his back the surface waves brought him rapidly to the shore, a rescued man.

It is an error that the drowning man is attacked by cramp except in very cold weather. He drowns from heart failure, induced by the violent exertion and the upward pressure of the water upon the abdomen diminishing the space and impeding the action of the heart. By turning over on the back this pressure is removed, the back being almost entirely a strong wall of bone and muscle; also when on the back the entire body is nearer the surface, and the surface waves tend toward the shore, the undercurrent out to sea, even the legs when upon the back being less exposed to the current that tends toward the sea. By floating gently upon the back the heart, relieved of its pressure, becomes calm and quiet, and the swimmer can regain his strength and float for hours. The bather whose heart is weak should always present, when standing erect, the right side of the body to the waves and thus avoid the Sullivanlike blows of the incoming waves upon a crippled heart. In every bathhouse should be posted the injunction, "In case of exhaustion or accident turn upon the back." —Jacksonville Metropolis.

## CHINESE MECHANICAL SKILL

A Wonderful Example of Imitative Excellence.

Whatever may be his lack of moral perception and originality of idea, the heathen Chinese certainly excels in imitative power, and is often very much alive to the excellence of mechanical devices that he never saw before. In The American Machinist Oberlin Smith affords an illustration of this fact.

Some years ago Mr. Smith sent Henry A. Janvier to China to assist in the erection and operation of coining plants for brass and silver currency. One of the tools which Mr. Janvier took with him was a micrometer caliper, made by a well known firm in the United States, and capable of detecting differences of a thousandth of an inch in the thickness of a piece of metal. The superintendent of one of the shops which Mr. Janvier established was named Wal, and he proved a very intelligent fellow. During an interval of about six weeks he borrowed the caliper almost daily, and was rather tardy in returning it.

Finally he exhibited to the American a reproduction of the instrument which was perfect except in one respect. Certain tables of figures stamped into the steel by the Yankee maker of the original were omitted from the copy, and in their place were several Chinese characters. The imitation had been made with the rudest of tools, but was a marvel of accuracy. Mr. Wal proposed an exchange to Mr. Janvier, and the latter agreed to the proposition. —New York Tribune.

### "Ze Flavour De'cat."

At one of his famous little dinners a prominent professional man of Washington was greatly pleased with the salad, as were also his guests. Evidently it was partly meat and partly vegetable, but the flavor was new, distinct and undeterminable. This was so faint that one guest declared "It's not a taste at all, only a smell."

At length some one suggested that the chef be asked for the recipe, upon which the host remarked:

"My man greatly dislikes being asked for recipes. On this occasion, however, his vanity may overcome him if we tell how greatly we have enjoyed the dinner, and the salad in particular. At any rate, we'll see."

The Frenchman soon appeared, and was visibly affected, not to say elated, by the compliments.

"Eet gif me gret plaisir," he said. "To tell how I mak ze sal-lad. Eet ver' seemple. I haf ze laitue 'range ready; an I haf ze meat chop ver' fine an dry; ze celeri I haf chop ver' fine; an I haf ze pamme de terre, ze patate, an stan a leetle an dry; zen I mix zem up. Zen I mak' ze dresseeng mayonnaise; madame, she know, I haf all ver' col' ready as ze feesh ees serf. Zen as ze sal-lad ees to serf, I tak' une tase d'aill, pardonnez moi, one leetle cloaf of ze garleek an neeble him in ze mouth. so, an breathe gentle, ver' gentle, on ze sal-lad. Zat gif eet ze flaveur de'cat." —What to Eat.

### Absorbs All Knowledge.

Farming has this peculiarity, that it can absorb and supply all knowledge. Not one of the sciences but is related, or may be related, to agriculture. Botany, rightly understood, is the art of growing better potatoes, beans and corn. Entomology is that economic science that discusses what bugs are of use to man and what are injurious. Geology is an analysis of the soils and rocks that underlie the soils for the purpose of making them more available for human warfare. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### Didn't Need Credit.

"You've sent your boy to college, I hear," remarked the neighbor. "Well, I hope he will acquit himself with credit."

"He won't need to, begosh!" said Mr. Gaswell, somewhat irritated. "I'm able to supply him with the cash right straight along." —Chicago Tribune.

Not very many of the people from this city who attended the Alvin theater, Pittsburg, on Saturday night realized that the building in which the theater is located was on fire during the greater part of the performance.

LOST OR STOLEN—A lemon and white Pointer dog of medium size. A suitable reward will be given by returning same to I. N. Crable, 273 East Market street.

## ELIJAH W. HILL,

### Real Estate Dealer,

Second Floor Grand Building, Corner Sixth and Washington, EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

DO YOU WISH TO BUY OR SELL REAL ESTATE? If so, consult us.

We have the facilities for accommodating you. Having made real estate dealing a specialty for some time, we have become established in the business. Every day brings us new business and nearly every day sees a deal consummated. Our volume of business grows out of the reasonableness of our charges. We never speculate on other peoples' property. The price set by the owner is the price the purchaser pays. We do not conduct our business on the "get rich quick" plan. Our patrons appreciate this and show it by sending us other patrons. Owners of property who desire to sell the same will do well to place it on our sale list. Those intending to purchase property will do well to consult us before buying.

In all of our business we take care of the interests of both owner and purchaser. We are neither for the one or the other. Justice between both parties is what we seek.

Owners who want a quick sale and will offer a genuine bargain can be accommodated at all times by us. Purchasers, who want a bargain, can take advantage of these offers if they will let us know that they are in the market for such.

Those who have but little money, say from \$50 to \$100, can buy a home from us at any time, the balance being paid on installments at the rate of \$1 monthly to the \$100 of indebtedness, which pays both interest and principal, with privilege of paying faster. The large assortment of properties we have constantly on sale enables us to usually suit you.

DO YOU WISH FIRE INSURANCE? This is another branch of our business. We represent ten different companies, all of high standard. We insure dwellings, barns, mercantile buildings, factories, merchandise, household goods, etc. We write at regular rates. We think it unfair to give what is known as "cut rates." As a basis for dwelling rates, we would say that a frame, slate roof building which stands unexposed by other buildings for the space of 25 feet on all sides, will cost you 35 cents per \$100 insurance for one year; 70 cents per \$100 for three years; or, \$1 per \$100 for five years. This applies to household goods as well. Household goods are just as valuable, proportionately to you as the house is to its owner, and we often wonder why so many owners of household goods let themselves be exposed to loss, and often lose them when insurance rates are so reasonable.

BONDS, STOCKS AND INVESTMENTS we also handle. We can sell you local stocks, bonds and investments, and also corporation, bank and railroad stocks and bonds. Not much business in this line has developed here yet, but by your co-operation with us, either as a buyer or seller, will be all that is necessary to develop such.

HOUSE RENTING as a business is what East Liverpool has needed for some time. In our renting department, you find such and every day is adding to its utility. If you have any properties to rent place them with us and see if it does not profit you.

All kinds of notarial work executed, such as acknowledgements, writing of wills, deeds, mortgages, contracts and agreements. We also procure marriage licenses.

Loaning of money on real estate is another feature of our business. We negotiate loans for a reasonable charge, the rate of interest depending on the class of security and amount wanted. Those who have money to put out should avail themselves of our facilities for doing this kind of business. No charges to the lender.

To the public we extend free of charge our services in the way of supplying information of a general nature concerning our city and vicinity. We try to have at all times just what you want to know.

We open this week a free bureau for the accommodation of those who are seeking houses to rent and landlords who are seeking tenants. We are constantly besieged with applications for houses for rent. To this end we invite all owners of rentable houses in the city or vicinity to let us know when they want or will want a tenant. If they will do so we will refer inquirers to them, making no charge whatever, either to applicant or owner. Landlords by doing this need never have a house empty for more than a day.

In the above we have endeavored to give you the general nature of the business in which we engage. We ask but a continuance of the patronage of the past, and, as then, we will endeavor to render you honest, accurate and valuable service.

## Want Anything?

in mill or mining supplies? Get our prices— Then we'll get your order— Why? Well, simply that's the way of things—

Been so for years. It will pay you to get our prices.

No matter how much or how little you require.

FRIGK & LINDSAY CO.

202, 204 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

ALL THE NEWS in the NEWS REVIEW.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio. For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

### MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, Irregularity and omission, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "Life Savers" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1 per box by mail. Sold by druggists. MOTT CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

### BONDS! BONDS!

First-class coupon Bonds are better for investment than Real Estate Mortgages. They are safe, convenient and pay good interest. I offer at the present time Macbeth-Evans Glass Company 6% Bonds, Tri-State Gas Company 6% Bonds, National Glass Company 6% Bonds and Cleveland Water Company 6% Bonds at prices netting the investor from 8% to 8%. Write for particulars. ROBERT C. HALL, Member Pittsburg Stock Exchange, 231 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. Long Distance Telephone, 3114.



# ROOSEVELT IN OHIO.

He Will Proceed on His Tour Today.

## MANY KENTUCKIANS HEARD HIM.

Large Crowd Was Present at the Meeting in Covington—Rumored Threatened Interference Did Not Occur—Spoke Also in Other Blue Grass Places.

Covington, Ky., Oct. 16.—Addressing one of the largest crowds that has ever assembled in this city to listen to a candidate for public office, Governor Theodore Roosevelt closed his campaign in Kentucky, and today will proceed on his tour of Ohio. Long before the governor's arrival here Court House square, in which the speaker's stand had been erected and decorated, was congested with men and women anxious to hear him. The governor was given the most respectful attention during his speech, and he was interrupted frequently with applause or by persons who made friendly comments upon the various salient points of his address. Before reaching Covington Colonel Roosevelt spoke at Lexington, where Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge and Judge Durham, both ex-Confederate officers, put the crowd in the best of humor in jointly introducing the governor. Then at Winchester and next at Mt. Sterling other large crowds greeted the arrival of the train, providing parades. Morehead, Ashland, Greenup, South Portsmouth, Vanceburg and Maysville, in successive order, paid tribute to the governor's popularity in Kentucky, and the crowd which gathered at the depot here betrayed no diminution of desire to see him.

### Roosevelt Was Not Afraid.

Early in the day Leslie Combs, chairman of the Republican state committee, had received dispatches from Covington, informing him that leaders here were apprehensive that an organized effort would be made to break up last night's meeting. Mr. Combs hurriedly transmitted his information to the governor, whereat the latter smiled broadly and assured the chairman that there could be no possible danger of serious interruption of his tour in Kentucky. To insure absolute tranquility and to provide against any display of hostility, Chief of Police Pugh and the sheriff of this county doubled their forces. All such precautions, however, proved to be unnecessary.

The governor's speech was brief, and at its conclusion the audience was addressed by Colonel Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, who made an appeal for the exercise of the rights of civil liberty and the preservation of the sanctity of the ballot box.

After the speaking Governor Roosevelt was escorted by the First Voters' club, of Cincinnati, to the Grand hotel, in that city, where an informal reception was held, and where he will remain until this morning, when he will enter upon his itinerary in Ohio.

In his speech Governor Roosevelt said:

"I address you not as Republicans only, for I appeal to every Democrat who values the principles of Jefferson and of Andrew Jackson, just as I appeal to every Republican who is loyal to the principles of Lincoln to stand with us in a contest which is for the fundamental rights of American citizenship and for the interests and greatness of the country.

"I wish to appeal to you men of Kentucky in the name of civil liberty. I regard the currency as an important issue; I regard our prosperity as an important issue; but more important than anything else is the right of every man to cast his vote as he chooses and to have it counted as cast. We can afford to differ on questions of policy, but we cannot afford to differ on the fundamental rights of American citizenship. In the state of Kentucky every man is in honor bound to stand up and see that there is no condoning of the offenses of those who violate the will of the people. There should be favoritism for none and discrimination against none. I wish on this point to appeal not only to Republicans, not only to gold Democrats, not only to those silver Democrats who from high and conscientious motives are with us in this contest, but I want to appeal to the misguided men who have upheld the other side in the wrong that they have done, men who are misled by the shibboleth of a party name, who are told, as I heard a Democratic candidate for congress say the other day, 'I am for the Democracy; I will do anything that is right and I will do anything that is wrong to help the party!'"

### Democrats Now Explaining.

"We have reached a stage in the campaign when our opponents are en-

gaged in busily explaining either their actions or their words. Mr. Jones, the chairman of the Bryanite Democracy, has just been explaining that he is not connected with trusts, because the cotton bale trust is not a trust. Of course, using the word in its technical sense, here is no trust in the country. The sugar trust and the Standard Oil trust are not technically trusts at all, but simply great corporations. So the cotton bale trust is in the same sense of the word not a trust, but a corporation. But of course also this is all mere quibbling. Using the word in the popular sense, as we generally do use it, all these corporations are trusts. It is sheer hypocrisy to speak of the steel trust, the sugar trust and the Standard Oil trust, and then to deny that the cotton bale trust, the ice trust and the whisky trust combine in the same category.

"On Saturday last, in Ohio, Mr. Bryan tried to defend himself for what he had said about our army, answering my criticisms. He first of all stated that I had changed my position since my Detroit speech, which is simply not so. I stand precisely where I stood then, and Mr. Bryan either knows this or ought to know it. Our regular army is infinitesimal in size compared with the population, and even Mr. Bryan ought not to be afraid of the 86-100 of a regular soldier for every thousand of our people. In the next place, Mr. Bryan sought refuge

in saying that the army bill had been amended. It is of course idle to quibble about amendments. The present law is what he was speaking of and what I was speaking of. At present we have an army of 100,000 men, 65,000 of whom are regulars, and it was concerning this army that Mr. Bryan spoke when he stated that the object of getting it was to terrorize the laboring men when they make just demands, by placing it in forts in great cities. It is impossible to stigmatize too strongly such a statement. It does not contain a scintilla of truth; it has not a particle of foundation; it can only appeal to the thoroughly base and unworthy passions. The bill was voted for by the great majority of the patriotic Democrats of both houses. Does Mr. Bryan mean to imply that these Democrats, in so voting, headed by Senator Cockrell, were actuated by the purpose to put the army in forts near great cities in order to terrorize workingmen? What he says applies as much to the Democrats who voted for the bill as to the Republicans.

## CROWDS HEARD BRYAN.

Large Meetings Held at Cleveland, Youngstown and New Philadelphia.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 16.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, the Democratic presidential candidate, addressed two large audiences in this city, one at the Central armory and the other from the balcony of the Hollenden hotel. He was greeted upon his entrance into the city by the blowing of a whistle, and was met at the depot by a number of marching clubs and brass bands, which formed his escort to the Hollenden, where he took dinner. The streets of the city were brilliantly lighted, and they were lined with people.

### He Invaded the President's Country.

Before reaching Cleveland, Mr. Bryan invaded the heart of President McKinley's and Senator Hanna's country. Leaving Akron, his first stop was at Canton, the president's place of residence, and later he made a brief speech at Niles, the president's native city. The stops at Canton and Niles were incidental, and the crowds were small at both places.

The only important meetings outside of those at Cleveland were those at New Philadelphia and Youngstown. At New Philadelphia there was a large attendance, and the meeting was an enthusiastic one. There were two meetings at Youngstown, one in the public square and the other at the opera house.

A stop of 15 minutes was made at Niles, the birthplace of President McKinley. Mr. Bryan did not leave the train at that point, but reviewed the in the issues of this campaign. You manner to a comparatively small number of people who had congregated at the railroad station. Before entering upon his speech proper he referred to the fact that the place was intimately associated with the career of his distinguished rival for presidential honors, saying:

"I understand that this is the birthplace of the president of the United States. You have the honor now of being the birthplace of the president whether he holds one term or two. He cannot be born again and give you another chance. You have had all you can have out of it. You are interested in the issues of this campaign. You are citizens, and must share with other citizens in the determination of the questions which are now before the country. The parties stand for different policies. The parties nominate

their candidates and adopt their platform, but, after all, the question is left in the hands of the citizen. No candidate has any claim upon a voter unless the voter believes that that candidate is the best person to work out his ideas of government and to protect his interests, for everyone is apt to look at public questions from his own standpoint. We reason from ourselves out. It is much easier to believe that a thing good for us is good for others than to believe that a thing good for others must necessarily be good for us."

### Big Meetings at Youngstown.

Mr. Bryan spoke twice at Youngstown, first in the public square and then in the opera house. His experience at the open-air meeting strikingly illustrated the futility of getting together excessively large crowds for a political meeting. In the one important respect of attracting many people to see the national candidate, the meeting was an unsurpassed triumph; in the other respect of giving the people an opportunity to hear him it was a failure, and the success in the one way was the cause of the failure in the other.

People had been coming into the city from Ohio and Pennsylvania towns so that when Mr. Bryan arrived all the principal streets were crowded and the square around the speaker's stand was densely packed, possibly 400 feet on each side, with people struggling to get near the platform, to secure a glimpse of the lion of the occasion. There was no effort to create trouble, but the natural hum of the thousands of voices and the struggle for place was such as to almost destroy the effect of the speech. The stand, provided with accommodations to seat 60 persons, held 400 standing. The arms of newspaper men on the stand were pinioned so close that they could not raise them to write, and those who were 20 feet away could not hear the speech. Mr. Bryan himself had scarcely more room than was necessary for him to stand erect, and a squad of policemen was necessary to preserve this space for him. Those who were able to hear received the speech with frequent bursts of applause, and this was often taken up by others far away from the range of the speaker's voice, so that it may be said that the meeting was enthusiastic, even though most of those present failed to hear what was said.

After the outdoor meeting at Youngstown closed Mr. Bryan was escorted to the opera house, where he spoke to as many people, most of them ladies, as could find accommodation inside of that building. Both speeches were general reviews of the political situation. In the opera house speech he spoke of the importance of the campaign, saying that the contest was not more his than it was that of other people who were concerned about the welfare of the nation at large. He referred to the presence of so many ladies, and addressing himself to them, said:

Mr. Bryan left later for New York. His special car, the Rambler, was attached to a regular train on the Lake Shore road, due to arrive in New York at 2:35 this afternoon. The train will make only the regular stops on the way, and it is not Mr. Bryan's present purpose to make any speeches en route.

### LANE'S SLAYER ARRAIGNED.

Rosslyn Ferrell Ignores His Many Confessions and Pleads Not Guilty.

Columbus, O., Oct. 16.—The trial of Rosslyn H. Ferrell for the murder of Express Messenger Charles Lane, began at Marysville. Ferrell ignored his many confessions and pleaded not guilty.

Among the witnesses are Ferrell's mother, who lives at Steubenville; Miss Lillian Costlow, to whom Ferrell was engaged to be married, and Mrs. Lane, widow of the murdered man.

Judge Melhorn, of Kenton, is presiding at the trial, owing to the illness of Judge Duncan Dow, of Bellefontaine. Ferrell was brought into the courtroom by the sheriff and two guards. He has gained flesh during his stay in jail. His bearing showed nervousness.

### TOOK CHARGE OF P. & W.

B. & O. Assumed Control—Cowan Succeeds King.

Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—The executive officers of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad assumed formal control of the Pittsburg and Western railway system at the first annual meeting that has been convened in two years. President John K. Cowan, of the Baltimore and Ohio, was chosen president and appointed receiver, and the absolute absorption of the important property, free from the receivership, now only awaits the completion of the reorganization committee of the Baltimore and Ohio.

President Thomas M. King, one of the most prominent railroad officials and financiers of the country, retired as receiver.

## SUMMER OUTINGS.

Where to go and How to get There.

The seashore, mountain and lake resorts constitute the most attractive pleasure grounds for the summer idler. They are within easy reach via Pennsylvania lines, and agents of that railway system will furnish full information about rates, train service and through car comforts to any of the summer havens. They will assist in arranging details for vacation trips and give valuable information free of charge. Apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines passenger and ticket agents and be relieved of all bother in shaping preliminaries for your summer outing and vacation trip. Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Via Pennsylvania Lines, Account the Exposition.

The dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year, account the Exposition are as follows: Thursdays, September, 6, 13, 20 and 27, and October 4, 11 and 18. The rate will be single fare for round trip, plus 25 cents to cover admission coupon to the Exposition.

Excursion tickets will be sold at that rate from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa. and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system; and from Massillon, O.; Ash-tabula, O.; Erie, Pa.; Stoneboro, Pa.; New Philadelphia, O.; Powhatan, O., and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest system. Excursion tickets, including admission to the Exposition, will not be sold for less than 75 cents.

The return limit on all tickets will be three days, including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition will be greater and grander this season than ever before. The popular features of former years will be retained, and many new ones will be added, including A Day in the Alps; Jim Key, the marvelous Educated Horse; A Crystal Maze; A Mexican Village; special exhibits of the products of the entire world from the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. The famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, will appear at the Exposition Sept. 5 to 15; Emil Paur, with the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, will be here Sept. 17 to 22; Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra of 50 pieces will be the musical attraction Oct. 1 to Oct. 13; Sousa gaments at the Expo., the first from Sept. 24 to Sept. 29 and the second from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, closing the Exposition on the latter date.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Line ticket agents in territory mentioned.

\$1 55 Round Trip from East Liverpool Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg account the exposition will be sold via Pennsylvania lines on Thursday of each week until October 18, inclusive. The round trip from East Liverpool will be \$1 55, which covers the cost of a ticket entitling the holder to an opportunity to enjoy the exposition.

The high grade musical attractions include Emil Paur and the New York Metropolitan Opera House orchestra September 17 to 22; Sousa and his famous band, direct from Paris, September 24 to 29, and a second series of concerts by that superb organization October 15 to 20; Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra October 1 to 13th.

For further information apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, Pennsylvania lines.

The News Review for all the news.

## CLOSED TO MAKE REPAIRS.

President Gary Explains Shutting Down of Mill, at Lorain, O.

New York, Oct. 16.—President Gary, of the Federal Steel company, said that the closing of the company's mill at Lorain, O., is for the purpose of making much needed repairs. In regard to the proposed Union Steel company, which is said to be in process of formation, Mr. Gary said that he knew nothing.

Judge Gary was also quoted as professing utter ignorance of the Pittsburgh report to the effect that a rebate is being paid to railroad companies on all rails bought at \$26 per ton.

## FATAL TO THE TRUSTS.

Senator Hanna Declared the Sherman Act So to Be.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 16.—"There are no monopolies in this country except those which are protected by a patent right given by the government. The Sherman act, passed by a Republican congress, wiped out all the trusts that can be reached under the constitution."

Thus Senator M. A. Hanna, at Waukesha, spoke of trusts. Trust features of the Standard Oil company, the American Sugar Refining company, the Iron Pine company and the Trans-Missouri Traffic association, he said, had been wiped out by the Sherman act.

## Venezuela Will Not Make Exhibit.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 16. — (Via Haitian cable.) — The Venezuelan government announces that Venezuela will not make an exhibit at the pan-American exposition to be held in Buffalo in 1901.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	335	309	361	303	339	301
	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh.....lv	15	30	17	10	17	30
East Chester.....	6	20	8	10	8	10
Cadaver.....	6	25	8	16	8	16
Warren.....	6	30	8	21	8	21
Industry.....	6	40	8	31	8	31
Clinton Ferry.....	6	42	8	34	8	34
Clinton Ferry.....	6	53	8	41	8	41
East Liverpool.....	7	03	8	53	8	53
Allegheny.....	7	18	9	10	9	10
Allegheny.....	7	25			3	10
Allegheny Shop.....	7	30				12
Allegheny Creek.....	7	35				12
Allegheny Shop.....	7	42				12
Allegheny Shop.....	7	44				12
Allegheny Shop.....	8	03				12
Allegheny Shop.....	8	42				12
Allegheny Shop.....	9	10				12
Allegheny Shop.....	9	30				12
Allegheny Shop.....	10	00				12
Allegheny Shop.....	10	20				12
Allegheny Shop.....	11	15				12
Allegheny Shop.....	7	30	11	12	3	17
Allegheny Shop.....	7	35	11	15	3	17
Allegheny Shop.....	7	40	11	20	3	22
Allegheny Shop.....	7	50	11	28	3	31
Allegheny Shop.....	7	54	11	31	3	34
Allegheny Shop.....	8	02	11	38	3	41
Allegheny Shop.....	8	23	11	50	3	55
Allegheny Shop.....	8	28	11	55	3	60
Allegheny Shop.....	8	35	12	01	3	67
Allegheny Shop.....	8	38	12	04	3	70
Allegheny Shop.....	8	42	12	10	3	76
Allegheny Shop.....	8	47	12	15	3	81
Allegheny Shop.....	8	52	12	21	3	86
Allegheny Shop.....	8	57	12	26	3	91
Allegheny Shop.....	9	12	12	33	4	00
Allegheny Shop.....	9	25	12	40	4	13
Allegheny Shop.....	9	38	12	50	4	26
Allegheny Shop.....	9	52	12	58	4	40
Allegheny Shop.....	10	05	13	07	5	53
Allegheny Shop.....	10	18	13	16	5	66
Allegheny Shop.....	10	31	13	25	5	79
Allegheny Shop.....	10	44	13	34	5	92
Allegheny Shop.....	10	57	13	43	5	105
Allegheny Shop.....	11	10	13	52	5	118
Allegheny Shop.....	11	23	14	01	5	131
Allegheny Shop.....	11	36	14	10	5	144
Allegheny Shop.....	11	49	14	19	5	157
Allegheny Shop.....	12	02	14	28	5	170
Allegheny Shop.....	12	15	14	37	5	183
Allegheny Shop.....	12	28	14	46	5	196
Allegheny Shop.....	12	41	14	55	5	209
Allegheny Shop.....	12	54	14	04	5	222
Allegheny Shop.....	1	07	14	13	5	235
Allegheny Shop.....	1	20	14	22	5	248
Allegheny Shop.....	1	33	14	31	5	261
Allegheny Shop.....	1	46	14	40	5	274
Allegheny Shop.....	1	59	14	49	5	287
Allegheny Shop.....	2	12	14	58	5	300
Allegheny Shop.....	2	25	14	07	5	313
Allegheny Shop.....	2	38	14	16	5	326
Allegheny Shop.....	2	51	14	25	5	339
Allegheny Shop.....	3	04	14	34	5	352
Allegheny Shop.....	3	17	14	43	5	365
Allegheny Shop.....	3	30	14	52	5	378
Allegheny Shop.....	3	43	14	01	5	391
Allegheny Shop.....	3	56	14	10	5	404
Allegheny Shop.....	4	09	14	19	5	417
Allegheny Shop.....	4	22	14	28	5	430
Allegheny Shop.....	4	35	14	37	5	443
Allegheny Shop.....	4	48	14	46	5	456
Allegheny Shop.....	4	61	14	55	5	469
Allegheny Shop.....	4	74	14	04	5	482
Allegheny Shop.....	4	87	14	13	5	495
Allegheny Shop.....	4	00	14	22	5	508
Allegheny Shop.....	4	13	14	31	5	521
Allegheny Shop.....	4	26	14	40	5	534
Allegheny Shop.....	4	39	14	49	5	547
Allegheny Shop.....	4	52	14	58	5	560
Allegheny Shop.....	5	05	14	07	5	573
Allegheny Shop.....	5	18	14	16	5	586
Allegheny Shop.....	5	31	14	25	5	599
Allegheny Shop.....	5	44	14	34	5	612
Allegheny Shop.....	5	57	14	43	5	625
Allegheny Shop.....	6	10	14	52	5	638
Allegheny Shop.....	6	23	14	01	5	651
Allegheny Shop.....	6	36	14	10	5	664
Allegheny Shop.....	6	49	14	19	5	677
Allegheny Shop.....	6	62	14	28	5	690
Allegheny Shop.....	6	75	14	37	5	703
Allegheny Shop.....	6	88	14	46	5	716
Allegheny Shop.....	6	01	14	55	5	729
Allegheny Shop.....	6	14	14	04	5	742
Allegheny Shop.....	6	27	14	13	5	755
Allegheny Shop.....	6	40	14	22	5	768
Allegheny Shop.....	6	53	14	31	5	781
Allegheny Shop.....	6	06	14	40	5	794
Allegheny Shop.....	6	19	14	49	5	807
Allegheny Shop.....	6	32	14	58	5	820
Allegheny Shop.....	6	45	14	07	5	833
Allegheny Shop.....	6	58	14	16	5	846
Allegheny Shop.....	7	11	14	25	5	859
Allegheny Shop.....	7	24	14	34	5	872
Allegheny Shop.....	7	37	14	43	5	885
Allegheny Shop.....	7	50	14	52	5	898
Allegheny Shop.....	8	03	14	01	5	911
Allegheny Shop.....	8	16	14	10	5	924
Allegheny Shop.....	8	29	14	19	5	937
Allegheny Shop.....	8	42	14	28	5	950
Allegheny Shop.....	8	55	14	37	5	963
Allegheny Shop.....	9	08	14	46	5	976
Allegheny Shop.....	9	21	14	55	5	989
Allegheny Shop.....	9	34	14	04	5	1002
Allegheny Shop.....	9	47	14	13	5	1015
Allegheny Shop.....	9	60	14	22	5	1028
Allegheny Shop.....	9	73	14	31	5	1041
Allegheny Shop.....	9	86	14	40	5	1054
Allegheny Shop.....	10	00	14	49	5	1067
Allegheny Shop.....	10	13	14	58	5	1080
Allegheny Shop.....	10	26	14	07	5	1093
Allegheny Shop.....	10	39	14	16	5	1106
Allegheny Shop.....	10	52	14	25	5	1119
Allegheny Shop.....	10	65	14	34	5	1132
Allegheny Shop.....	10	78	14	43	5	1145
Allegheny Shop.....	10	91	14	52	5	1158
Allegheny Shop.....	11	04	14	01	5	1171
Allegheny Shop.....	11	17	14	10	5	1184
Allegheny Shop.....	11	30	14	19	5	1197
Allegheny Shop.....	11	43	14	28	5	1210
Allegheny Shop.....	11	56	14	37	5	1223
Allegheny Shop.....	12	09	14	46	5	1236
Allegheny Shop.....	12	22	14	55	5	1249
Allegheny Shop.....	12	35	14	04	5	1262
Allegheny Shop.....	12	48	14	13	5	1275
Allegheny Shop.....	12	61	14	22	5	1288
Allegheny Shop.....	12	74	14	31	5	1301
Allegheny Shop.....	12	87	14	40	5	1314
Allegheny Shop.....	12	00	14	49	5	1327
Allegheny Shop.....	12	13	14	58	5	1340
Allegheny Shop.....	12	26	14	07	5	1353
Allegheny Shop.....	12	39	14	16	5	1366
Allegheny Shop.....	12	52	14	25	5	1379
Allegheny Shop.....	1	05	14	34	5	1392
Allegheny Shop.....	1	18	14	43	5	1405
Allegheny Shop.....	1	31	14	52	5	1418
Allegheny Shop.....	1	44	14	01	5	1431
Allegheny Shop.....	1	57	14	10	5	1444
Allegheny Shop.....	2	10	14	19	5	1457
Allegheny Shop.....	2	23	14	28	5	1470
Allegheny Shop.....	2	36	14	37	5	1483
Allegheny Shop.....	2	49	14	46	5	1496
Allegheny Shop.....	2	62	14	55	5	1509
Allegheny Shop.....	2	75	14	04	5	1522
Allegheny Shop.....	2	88	14	13	5	1535
Allegheny Shop.....	2	01	14	22	5	1548
Allegheny Shop.....	2	14	14	31	5	1561
Allegheny Shop.....	2	27	14	40	5	1574
Allegheny Shop.....	2	40	14	49	5	1587
Allegheny Shop.....	2	53	14	58	5	1600
Allegheny Shop.....	2	66	14	07	5	1613
Allegheny Shop.....	2	79	14	16	5	1626
Allegheny Shop.....	2	92	14	25	5	1639
Allegheny Shop.....	3	05	14	34	5	1652
Allegheny Shop.....	3	18	14	43	5	1665
Allegheny Shop.....	3	31	14	52	5	1678
Allegheny Shop.....	3	44	14	01	5	1691
Allegheny Shop.....	3	57	14	10	5	1704
Allegheny Shop.....	3	70	14	19	5	1717
Allegheny Shop.....	3	83	14	28	5	1730
Allegheny Shop.....	3	96	14	37	5	1743
Allegheny Shop.....	4	09	14	46	5	1756
Allegheny Shop.....	4	22	14	55	5	1769
Allegheny Shop.....	4	35	14	04	5	1782
Allegheny Shop.....	4	48	14	13	5	1795
Allegheny Shop.....	4	61	14	22	5	1808
Allegheny Shop.....	4	74	14	31	5	1821
Allegheny Shop.....	4	87	14	40	5	1834
Allegheny Shop.....	4	00	14	49	5	1847
Allegheny Shop.....	4	13	14	58	5	1860
Allegheny Shop.....	4	26	14	07	5	1873
Allegheny Shop.....	4	39	14	16	5	1886
Allegheny Shop.....	4	52	14	25	5	1899
Allegheny Shop.....	4	65	14	34	5	1912
Allegheny Shop.....	4	78	14	43	5	1925
Allegheny Shop.....	4	91	14	52	5	1938
Allegheny Shop.....	5	04	14	01	5	1951
Allegheny Shop.....	5	17	14	10	5	1964
Allegheny Shop.....	5	30	14	19	5	1977
Allegheny Shop.....	5	43	14	28	5	1990
Allegheny Shop.....	5	56	14	37	5	2003
Allegheny Shop.....	5	69	14	46	5	2016
Allegheny Shop.....	5	82	14	55	5	2029
Allegheny Shop.....	5	95	14	04	5	2042
Allegheny Shop.....	6	08	14	13	5	2055
Allegheny Shop.....	6	21	14	22	5	2068
Allegheny Shop.....	6	34	14	31	5	2081
Allegheny Shop.....	6	47	14	40	5	2094
Allegheny Shop.....	6	60	14	49	5	2107
Allegheny Shop.....	6	73	14	58	5	2120
Allegheny Shop.....	6	86	14	07	5	2133
Allegheny Shop.....	6	99	14	16	5	2146
Allegheny Shop.....	7	12	14	25	5	2159
Allegheny Shop.....	7	25	14	34	5	2172
Allegheny Shop.....	7	38	14	43	5	2185
Allegheny Shop.....	7	51	14	52	5	2198
Allegheny Shop.....	7	64	14	01	5	2211
Allegheny Shop.....	7	77	14	10	5	2224
Allegheny Shop.....	7	90	14	19	5	2237
Allegheny Shop.....	8	03	14	28	5	2250
Allegheny Shop.....	8	16	14	37	5	2263
Allegheny Shop.....	8	29	14	46	5	2276
Allegheny Shop.....	8	42	14	55	5	2289
Allegheny Shop.....	8	55	14	04	5	2302
Allegheny Shop.....	8	68	14	13	5	2315
Allegheny Shop.....	8	81	14	22	5	2328
Allegheny Shop.....	8	94	14	31	5	2341
Allegheny Shop.....	9	07	14	40	5	2354
Allegheny Shop.....	9	20	14	49	5	2367
Allegheny Shop.....	9	33	14	58	5	2380
Allegheny Shop.....	9	46	14	07	5	2393
Allegheny Shop.....	9	59	14	16	5	2406
Allegheny Shop.....	10	12	14	25	5	2419
Allegheny Shop.....	10	25	14	34	5	2432
Allegheny Shop.....	10					



## "PARAMOUNT" ISSUES.

Your Vote Is For Hard Times or For Prosperity.

### CHAPTER OF POLITICAL HISTORY.

The Leading Question In This Campaign Is the Prosperity of the Individual and of the Nation—Votes For Bryan Are Votes For Business Disaster.

Self-preservation may be, as Bryan has lately called it, the lowest motive in the present campaign, but mankind has commonly considered it "the first law of nature." Certainly, it is the "immediate" issue before the voters on November 6. Four years ago Bryan made no appeal except to this very element in every man's breast of wanting to better his condition, and told glowing tales of the great things that free silver would do for every one, as his one argument for votes for himself. If that argument to the full stomach, as he now contemptuously calls it, was good then in his behalf, why does it not apply equally at this time when the facts happen to be against him?

Every prediction of evil that he made if McKinley should be elected and the Republicans succeeded, was one as to physical conditions. Now that all Bryan's predictions have been falsified by actual results of prosperity that he can not deny, and so acknowledges by his studied silence on the subject, why is it the lowest motive to appeal today to the same emotions that Mr. Bryan himself invoked? Why is it not entirely legitimate and in fact the just due of every man whose interests are imperilled, to warn him of his danger, to invite him by all that is dear to him to take care of himself and of his own?

After all is said and done, after every "paramount issue" invented for the purpose of the present campaign, and every side-line is considered and talked about, every man at the last comes down in making up his mind about his vote, to the thing that will concern his own interests most directly. He would be untrue to himself and false to the trust imposed upon him if he should do otherwise. There is more than mere selfishness in this. In the welfare and prosperity of its people rests the welfare and prosperity of the republic, and unless they are happy and contented there can be no safety for the system of government that depends entirely upon its citizenship and their condition for its existence.

This is, then, not the lowest motive, as Mr. Bryan says, but in some respects among the highest that can be brought before the American people in the solemn hour of a presidential election that may decide great policies not for four years alone, but for generations to come. It is not merely Mr. McKinley or Mr. Bryan and the personal fortune of either of them, but matters that will concern Americans yet unborn that are involved in the pending election. No citizen of this republic can neglect the welfare of our own citizenship in his vote and political action, without sharing in their suffering and without thrusting the evils thus brought about upon those that may come after for time beyond measure.

It is a solemn responsibility; it means more than can be stated in these words; and for that reason every voter should carefully consider, irrespective of all party affiliations, just what he shall do in this decisive crisis. It is no threat of capital, no idle dream of political schemers, but a plain business proposition, born in the very circumstances of the case, imbedded in the very human nature of our people, that Mr. Bryan's election, upon the Kansas City platform, reiterating and reaffirming, in even stronger terms, the Chicago platform threats against the industrial and commercial interests of the country, will precipitate a panic, as sure as the sun rises upon the day of the announcement of his election.

Eight years ago, this warning was given from fear of the free trade threats of the Democracy in their campaign of that year. The people were persuaded that it made no dif-

ference which party was in power; that the one party was just about the same as another; and this foolish falsehood was dinned into them so persistently that it became a common saying, even among those who had education enough to know better.

Then the people were persuaded that we ought to have a change, just for the sake of a change, just to get new people into power. They tried the change, and all the warnings of the dangers of free trade were of no avail, and the prosperity under President Harrison was thrown down. The very day after that election the trouble began. Who can have failed to remember in his own sad experience how great that trouble was, how persistent its pressure, how widespread its disaster?

Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor, and a Democrat, was not talking politics, but common sense, when he said: "That terrible period for the wage earners of the country, which began in 1893, and which left behind it such a record of horror, hunger and misery, practically ended with the dawn of the year 1897."

Those troubles, which began with Cleveland's election, for fear of Democratic free trade, and were aggravated by the Democratic persistence in pushing the Wilson free trade bill upon the country in the very midst of the panic of 1893, Mr. Gompers says were ended when 1897 came in,—that is to say, when William McKinley came in to be the president. Now, we have not only the threat of free trade, for Bryan was in the very congress and on the very committee responsible for that Wilson law, with all its evils and its added disaster to the industries of the country, and holds still to that same dangerous doctrine; but we also have in full vigor the danger of free silver just as strong, just as imminent, as it was when the people voted against it four years ago.

The same man, supported by the same aggregation of parties, upon the same platform fully reaffirmed, with double emphasis as to silver, can not but bring identically the same results that were then feared by the people and averted by their wisdom. For Democratic distress and adversity, we now have Republican prosperity and thrift. For Republican policies of protection fully fixed in the statutes, and honest money enacted into law, and doing just the things that were promised for them, we are asked to substitute free silver, free trade and their general disturbance to our entire industrial system.

That is the "immediate," irrepressible, insistent issue that must be met on the 6th of November. Bryan's election means, at the very least, the continued, persistent, unceasing agitation of every issue involved in his Chicago and Kansas City platforms. It can not be otherwise, without impugning the good faith of himself and his party. They believe these things, we have a right to presume, or they would not ask the people to approve them, and if the people approve them, the Democratic and Populist and Silver parties would be false to themselves and the people if they failed to strive to undo all the things in the statutes that they oppose and to substitute therefor the policies that they profess to support.

That very agitation must inevitably disturb every business condition. Every industry must suffer; every man earning wages must feel it; every producer must pay his part of the penalty. Thus it is just as certain as the daylight, whether any one wants it or not, whether any one means it or not, that Bryan's election involves agitation, disturbance, apprehension, panic—in a word, just the same sort of hard times that came with the last Democratic election. Will your vote be for hard times and Bryan, or against hard times and for McKinley?

### SUGAR SCHEDULE STEAL.

The \$40,000,000 that the Democratic Wilson tariff voted into the pocket of the sugar trust, carried with it a full dose of Bryan free trade that closed the factories and mills of the country, threw hundreds of thousands of laboring men out of employment and inaugurated the souphouse in all our large cities for the starving poor. That is Democratic trust fighting for you. Is it not true, then, that a vote for Bryan is a vote for hard times?

## BRYAN AND TRUSTS.

Demagogic Attitude of the Democratic Candidate.

### CALM DISCUSSION OF THE FACTS.

Col. Markbreit, of the Cincinnati Volksblatt, Discusses the Question From a Honest Standpoint—Facts Worth Considering.

Cincinnati Volksblatt:—In his letter of acceptance, Bryan makes the trusts the main point of attack. He expects that the position taken by him will bring him many votes. We find consequently that he is very liberal in his promises to effect a dissolution of all trusts. The fact of the matter is that he promises every imaginable means of ending the existence of trusts. But, as always, he makes very ambiguous promises, and leaves for himself a loophole to escape the enforcement of a law which he promises the public to enforce. He says that he will recommend all laws which are necessary for effecting the dissolution of every private monopoly, doing business outside of or beyond the state limits. The trick is in using the words "private monopoly."

Bryan is a lawyer and he knows very well that the trusts do not correspond to the legal status of a private monopoly. A private monopoly is an exclusive concession for the manufacture of a certain product. Only the possessor of a certain patent has such a monopoly, but a manufacturing corporation never. The laws governing the organization of corporations are of a general nature. Under the conditions prescribed by law, innumerable corporations can be organized. There may be a thousand or even ten thousand corporations organized for producing sugar, and as a matter of fact there are several dozen such corporations in the United States. There may be a thousand or ten thousand corporations organized for manufacturing steel or iron products, or in fact any other product.

No state grants a monopoly, in the legal sense of the word. Only congress grants a certain kind of monopoly, and with the permission of the constitution, viz: patents to inventors and copyrights to authors. If Bryan, therefore, says that he will destroy all private monopolies, he is simply trying to fool the people; for we have no private monopolies in this country.

Perhaps some will excuse Bryan's position by explaining that he does not take the term "monopoly" in its legal aspect, but rather in the commonly accepted aspect of trusts. Well, let that be granted. How will he fight them? He explains that he will appoint an attorney-general who will enforce all laws now in force with regard to trusts; and he also indorses the plank in the Democratic platform, that all corporations should be forced to furnish a statement of their business. However, to attain this end, it is not at all necessary to elect Bryan. Presidents Cleveland and McKinley appointed very able attorney-generals, and instituted a number of suits against trusts. They had the satisfaction of knowing that the courts ordered the dissolution of a number of trusts they attacked.

We call attention, for example, to the Addyston iron pipe trust and the railroad trust. If, in spite of this, great corporations still exist, then this is due to the decision of the courts that, under the constitution, a manufacturing concern cannot be prevented from sending its products beyond the borders of its home state. The very able attorney general whom Bryan expects to appoint can therefore do no more than the former attorney generals did, unless the constitution is changed.

But as far as this change is concerned, McKinley and Bryan both propose the same remedy, viz: the publication of a business statement of these corporations. The Democratic platform goes even beyond this. It demands the abolition of the protective tariff on all trust products. Whether or not this would be an effective remedy, we will not discuss, but simply call attention to the fact that Bryan

mentions every possible law for destroying trusts, but does not declare that he will insist upon the passage of such a tariff law.

Our readers can see from the above that Bryan's howl against trusts is simply a case of grand-stand play. He howls, he rages, he foams, but a close examination will show that his remedies against trusts are only such as have already been tried, or such as are recommended also by the Republican party.

Through his proposed remedies against trusts, Bryan simply shows himself a demagogue without conscience, who will promise anything for the sake of getting office.

### POSTAL PROSPERITY.

For the First Time the Postoffice Department Pays Its Way.

For the first time since 1883, when 2-cent postage was adopted, the government postoffice is paying its own way. The receipts for the quarter ending Sept. 30 exceeded the expenditures by several thousand dollars.

For the first time in the history of the nation the postal receipts exceed \$100,000,000 a year. For the fiscal year ending June 30 they were \$102,300,000, an increase of \$20,000,000 over the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896.

Postal receipts always fluctuate with business conditions; declining in "hard times" and increasing in "good times." This record is another unimpeachable evidence of the era of prosperity on which we have entered. Let us not break this self-sustaining record by voting for a "change."

"What I denounce is a protective tariff. It is a false economy and the most vicious political principle that has ever cursed this country."

—William Jennings Bryan in a speech in the house of representatives, 1894, advocating the passage of the Wilson free trade tariff law.

### THE AFRICAN VOTERS.

One of the sporadic Afro-Americans supporting the Democracy, that disfranchises his people in every state that it can, in appealing to George W. Jones of Littlefield, Ill., to vote for Bryan, assured him that the Afro-American would be "properly cared for" by the Democratic party. To this Mr. Jones very happily replied: "Well, they seem to be 'properly cared for' in North Carolina and some of the other southern states by illegally depriving them of the right to vote," and that "the Afro-American would be cared for in the same manner in Illinois if the Democratic party had the power, as it now has the will to do so."

### WORK FOR VICTORY.

Success in this campaign will depend, as it did in 1896, upon the individual worker—the man in the ordinary walks of business and industrial life. He is the great majority. He it was who gave McKinley the 7,104,779 votes that elected him four years ago. He must do it again this year. His activity, his enthusiasm and his ballot, will decide this contest on Nov. 6. The lesson is plain. Be active, be vigilant, in the cause of peace, prosperity and progress, from now until the polls close.

### THE NEGRO VOTERS.

Bryan at St. Paul said the negroes had long ago paid their debt to the Republican party. Supposing that to be so, what then is their debt to the Democratic party, and under what obligations are they to the Democracy for their systematic disfranchisement in every state where the Democratic power is sufficient to keep the black man from the polls, by threat, or force, or the form of law?

"McKinley a king? McKinley an enemy of free institutions? The republic in danger in his hands? How roilingly ridiculous this wholesale nonsense will appear to everybody in a very short time!"—Washington Star (Independent).

Colonel Roosevelt was assaulted by a mob of Bryan hoodlums for the fourth time, at Fort Wayne. "Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

## The First National Bank

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A modern dwelling on Sixth street, lot 30 by 130. This is one of the most desirable dwellings on Sixth street, and any one that is desirous of owning a home without having the trouble of building should look at this. Price \$5,500.

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	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Gallies.
No. 6.....	2 35 p. m.	3 40 p. m.
No. 40.....	2 50 a. m.	7 25 a. m.
No. 36.....	12 00 a. m.	2 20 p. m.

	Lv. N. Gallies.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 9.....	8 25 a. m.	9 30 a. m.
No. 45.....	5 10 p. m.	6 08 p. m.
No. 35.....	5 00 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

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Druggist.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

1900.

Victory in our grasp; it can be plainly felt, The electoral vote will surely win with Mac and Roosevelt.

PEGEE COOLEY.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James Heckathorn, Seventh street, a son.

Rev. W. H. Gladden and family have moved from Sheridan avenue to 200 Walnut street.

The river has again commenced to fall, and since yesterday has gone down four inches.

The Knights of Pythias at their meeting tonight will confer the first degree on two candidates.

Some money has been wagered in this city on the result of the Brooklyn-Pittsburg series of ball games.

The Bryan & Stevenson club held a meeting last evening for the purpose of discussing plans in regard to the campaign.

J. W. Hunter and P. L. Craig, of the Ft. Pitt Gas company, are at Yellow Creek today looking over the lines of the company.

Workmen have commenced making the foundation for sidewalks in front of the Potters National bank building, corner of Fifth and Washington streets.

The Sebring base ball club has challenged the Alliance club for a game next Saturday for \$100 a side. Both teams are to play the same players they had last Saturday.

Joseph Golding left yesterday for Peoria, Ill., where he has taken a position as printer in the pottery at that place. Ed Kilmer has taken Mr. Golding's place at the Union.

Judge Hole today granted a divorce to Anna Hill, of Salem, from Edward Hill. They were married in 1891 in Salem, and the divorce was granted on grounds of wilful absence.

Edmund L. Graham and Miss Itha L. Stewart, of West Point, secured a marriage license this morning and will be married today by Rev. O. F. Laughbaum, of the Madison church.

William Ivers, of this city, and Verner Johnson, of Sebring, youngsters who beat their way from Pittsburg to Wellsville Saturday night, paid Squire Riley \$3 each for their sport.

The many friends of Mrs. Charles Surles will be pleased to learn that she is somewhat better today. Dr. Stewart, of the Mercy hospital, Pittsburg, was called in consultation yesterday.

James Ridgen, a railroad section hand, who resides in Wellsville, was stabbed in the wrist in a saloon in this city Saturday night. Ridgen was acting as peacemaker between two combatants.

Miss Lottie Hanshumaker, of New Matamoras, O., who has been the guest of Mrs. J. H. Woodburn, on Third street, left today for a visit with friends in Wheeling. From there she will return to her home in Ohio.

Miss Cora Collins, formerly of this city, was yesterday united in marriage to a Mr. Gunn, of Pittsburg. The happy couple returned to Pittsburg today, where they will make their future home. Rev. W. H. Gladden officiated.

# TROOPS WERE SENT.

Started to Panther Creek Valley by Special Train.

## GOBIN IN PERSONAL COMMAND.

The Governor's Troop Was Also to Go to the Region—Large Body of Marching Strikers Were En Route to That Section.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 16.—Advices reached General Gobin that a large body of marching strikers had left MacAdoo for the Panther Creek region. General Gobin ordered all the companies of the Fourth regiment except E and K to leave for that valley and on a special train. General Gobin went with the troops and assumed personal command. The Governor's troop, which was stationed at Oneida, also was to go to Panther Creek.

General Gobin, before leaving, said he was requested by Sheriff Toole to send soldiers to the Panther Creek valley.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 16.—Committees of United Mine Workers have been calling on miners all afternoon to warn them not to pay any attention to petitions being circulated by agents of several coal carrying companies, asking the miners to return to work pending a settlement between the operators, coal carrying companies and the miners. The committees are informing the men that the operators are trying to effect a stampede among the men in order to break up the strike and that it is probable the operators have decided not to comply with the demands of the Scranton convention.

Most of the miners in this portion of the Ninth district assert that they will not return to work until President Mitchell advises them to do so. Operators continue asserting that they will not sign an agreement to pay the men a 10 per cent increase to last until April. Everything continues quiet in this region.

## WILL STRIKE BE SETTLED.

Coal Carrying Roads Said to Be Willing. Report at Wilkesbarre.

New York, Oct. 16.—It was stated by an officer of one of the big coal companies that the coal carrying roads would in a few days agree to guarantee that the 10 per cent increase in wages should hold good until next April. This concession to the chief demand of the miners, it is believed, would end the strike.

It was said in Wall street that the Reading company would be the first to announce the acceptance of the miners' terms in this regard. This announcement, it was declared, would come on Wednesday.

The operators here say the sliding scale question is of little importance and can easily be settled. In fact, one operator declared the sliding scale was a nuisance and they would be glad to get rid of it.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 16.—On Wednesday morning of this week the strike will be settled, so all the miners in this region are asserting last night. Their belief cannot be traced to an authoritative foundation. They say they got it from their leaders. The leaders say it came from headquarters, although not as an official statement. They do not know more than this, they say.

## SOLDIERS KILLED.

Names of Men Who Died in Philippines Reported—Also a List of Wounded.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The war department received the following list of casualties from General MacArthur at Manila:

Manila (no date.)

Adjutant General Washington:

Killed—Oct. 8, Orion, Luzon, Company D, infantry, Charles P. Hoffman.

Wounded—Frank G. Schmidt, wounded in leg above knee, slight; Frank Summers, wounded in arm, slight; Corporal Ernest W. Daniel, hip, slight; Ernest L. Hoeft, breast, severe.

Killed—Sept. 12, Baybay, Leyte, Company E, Forty-third infantry, Burt Field; Sept. 29, Palanas, MacBate, Company B, Thirty-ninth infantry, Ira N. Pencos; Oct. 3, Carmon, Bohol, Company C, Forty-fourth infantry, William C. Hollingsworth.

Wounded—Oct. 6, Bangued, Luzon, Company B, Thirty-third infantry, Corporal Orville H. Mills, wounded in leg above the knee, slight; date unknown, Pandan, Panay, Forty-fourth infantry, First Lieutenant Clyde B. Parker, four slight wounds. MacArthur.

General MacArthur sent a dispatch from Manila, containing the following: "Information from Marinduque just received that Captain Shields, 48 men, Company E, Twenty-ninth regiment

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intended for winter use.

They are as warm as carpet much easier to sweep and only cost from 25c up.

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# THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

United States volunteer infantry, two corporals Company C, same regiment; one civilian American negro, prisoners in hands of insurgents, have been turned over to General Luther R. Hare. More particulars soon, giving names killed, wounded."

## A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Large and Buoyant Speculative Outburst. Confidence in the Street Has Increased.

New York, Oct. 16.—There was an outburst of large and buoyant speculation in the stock market Monday which lifted prices during the course of the day from 1 to over 3 points. There has been a steady growth of confidence in Wall street for some time past in the general outlook for business. It has been firmly held that as soon as election uncertainties were disposed of there would be a renewal of business activity up to the high level of the recent prosperous period. On the other hand, the growing restriction of the money supply left room for doubt whether the intervening period could be safely bridged without such a money stringency as would be disastrous to speculative commitments. Saturday's bank statement demonstrated that a very large contraction of loans had been effected without serious harm to the stock market, thus conserving the surplus reserve. The gold engaged in Europe last week is expected to arrive in time to show in next Saturday's bank statement. The Bank of France announces, through the Associated Press, of a determination to furnish export gold to avert a money stringency, and the expressed readiness of the secretary of the treasury to act toward the same end had a notable effect in strengthening confidence. The large additional engagements of gold announced yesterday morning promised further help to the local market, although the receipt is deferred for several weeks. This is due to the fact that the gold comes from South Africa. The hardening of sterling exchange was due simply to the purchase of bills against the gold imports. The striking exhibit of the foreign trade for September showed conclusively the continued command of the international exchanges. Not only was there an increase in exports of nearly \$6,000,000 compared with last year, but a decrease of over \$11,000,000 in imports went further to enhance the trade balance in our favor, so that the excess of exports over imports for the month has run up to over \$56,000,000. As the increase in cotton exports did not suffice to offset the decrease in bread stuffs the increase in the total exports shows the export trade in manufactures well maintained. The expected settlement of the coal strike was also a factor in the unvarying strength in the market and the special strength in the group of coalers. Realizing in stocks which had had their extreme advance early in the day made the closing slightly irregular, but prices generally were well maintained at the top.

There was a decided growth of activity in bonds, and some notable advances in prices, but there were weak spots which made the market irregular. Total sales, par value, \$1,960,000. U. S. bonds unchanged on the last call.

## THE COLLAR BUTTON.

Its Blessings Realized Only by Those Who Have Lived Without It.

"In looking over a trunk full of old truck the other day," said the elderly man, "I came across a lot of old shirts with the buttons sewed on, and as I looked at them I realized anew what the collar button means to humanity. There have been greater inventions, surely, but not many that have conferred a more unmixed blessing on mankind.

"The younger person of today, accustomed to the collar button always, cannot realize what it was to be without it. He can never know what it was to have shirts with the buttons sewed on—or not, as the case might be. Not so very many years ago, when the collar button was yet comparatively new, before persons had come to keep, as everybody commonly does now, a lot of buttons on hand, the man who had lost his collar button thought himself entitled to the sympathy of his fellows, but wrong as he might be by that loss he could not even guess at the anguish that in the sewed on button days filled the heart of the man who, when he came to put on his last clean shirt, found that key button, the one on the collar band, most important one of all, gone entirely or only just hanging by a thread!

"I knew a man once who had this happen to him and didn't swear. That was the only great thing he ever did, but I have always thought that that alone was enough to stamp him as a most extraordinary man."—New York Sun.

## Ditched the Bishop.

"I remember once driving across the country with Bishop —," writes Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady of "A Missionary in the Great West" in the Ladies' Home Journal, "while discussing the nature of the soul. That is, the bishop

was discussing. I was only prompting by a question now and then. We were on the rear seat of a wagon, with the driver on the front seat. It was a very dark night. In the middle of the bishop's exposition the wagon took a wild plunge, there was a crash, and over we went into the muddy ditch.

"I beg your pardon, gents!" said the driver, who had retained control of the horses as we scrambled to our feet. "I was so interested in hearing the man discuss my immortal soul, which I hardly ever knowed that I had one before, that I clean forgot where we was and drove you plump into the ditch."

## Nearing the End.

New York, Oct. 16. — At about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Miss Gast completed 1,950 miles. Her manager said she would finish the 2,000 miles about 7 o'clock. He also said she would rest and start on another trip of 1,000 miles today.

## Germany Secured a Coaling Station.

Aden, Oct. 16.—The sultan of Turkey has leased to Germany, for 30 years, the island of Uroan, in the Red sea, 40 miles north of Kamaran, for a coaling station.

## THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Oct. 15.  
WHEAT—No. 2, red, 70¢@72¢.  
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 47¢@47½¢; No. 2 yellow ear, 48¼¢@49¢.  
OATS—No. 1 white, 27¼¢@28¢; No. 2 white, 27¢@27½¢; extra No. 3 white, 26½¢@26¾¢; regular No. 3, 25¢@26¢.  
HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$14.75@15.25; No. 2 do., \$13.75@14.00; No. 1 clover mixed hay, \$13.50@14.00; No. 1 clover hay, \$13.50@14.00; No. 1 prairie hay, \$9.00@9.50.  
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¼¢@24¢; tubs, 22¼¢@23¢; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 20¼¢@21¢; dairy butter, 15¢@16¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; cooking butter, 14¢@15¢.  
EGGS—Fresh laid, 17¼¢@18¢; candled, 18¼¢@19¢; storage candled, 16¼¢@17¢.  
CHEESE—Ohio, three-quarter cream, 10¼¢@10½¢; full cream, Ohio, September, 11¼¢@11½¢; New York state brand, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, new, 12¢@12½¢; Wisconsin brick Swiss, 14¼¢@15¼¢; Wisconsin ring Swiss, 15¢@15½¢; brick, 5-pound average, 12¼¢@13¢.  
POULTRY—Live: Springers, 9¼¢@10¼¢; hens, 11¢; roosters, 6¢@7¢; turkeys, 9¼¢@10¢; ducks, 9¢@10¢; geese, 75¢@81.00 per pair. Dressed—Springers, 14¢@15¢; hens, 13¢@14¢; roosters, 9¢@10¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; ducks, 13¢@14¢; geese, 10¢@11¢ per pound.

Pittsburg, Oct. 15.  
CATTLE—Receipts light, about 75 loads; market active, 10¢ higher on best grades. We quote the following market prices: Extra heavy, \$5.60@5.85; prime, \$5.25@5.50; good, \$4.90@5.20; tidy, \$4.60@4.85; good grass cattle, \$4.50@4.75; fair grass cattle, \$4.25@4.50; fair grass cattle, light, \$3.85@4.25; common, \$3.25@3.75; heifers, \$3.00@4.00; oxen, \$2.50@4.50; bulls and stags, \$2.50@4.00; common to good fat cows, \$2.25@4.00; good fresh cows, \$25.00@48.00.  
HOGS—Receipts fair, about 35 cars; market fair; prices 10¢@15¢ lower than Saturday's close on mediums; other grades about steady. We quote following prices: Prime heavy hogs, \$5.35@5.40; mediums, \$5.30@5.35; heavy Yorkers, \$5.25@5.30; light Yorkers, \$5.15@5.20; pigs, \$4.90@5.10; roughs, \$3.50@5.00.  
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair, 18 loads on sale; market active, prices shade higher. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.15@4.25; good, \$4.00@4.10; fair mixed, \$3.25@3.75; common, \$1.50@2.50; choice lambs, \$5.75@6.00; common to good lambs, \$4.00@5.50; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, \$3.50@4.50.

Cincinnati, Oct. 15.  
HOGS—Quiet and lower at \$4.00@5.00.  
CATTLE—Strong at \$2.75@5.25.  
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep firm at \$2.00@3.90. Lambs firm at \$3.25@5.25.

New York, Oct. 15.  
WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2, red, 58¾¢ f. o. b. afloat, 77½¢ in elevator; No. 1 hard Duluth, 86¼¢ f. o. b. afloat.  
CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 47½¢ in elevator, 47¾¢ f. o. b. afloat.  
OATS—Spot market easier; No. 2, 25¢; No. 3, 24½¢; No. 2 white, 27¢; No. 3 white, 26½¢; track mixed western, 24¼¢@26½¢; track white western and state, 26¼¢@33¢.  
CATTLE—Dull and dragging; 10¢@15¢ lower.  
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good stock firm to a shade higher; medium and common grades steady.  
HOGS—Market depressed; prices nominal.

Read the News Review.